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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVI NO. 218 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS Air Surcharge 6 Pies

THE BEST IN BOMBAY
DUKE & SONS SODA
PURITY

U. N. FORCES 10 MILES FROM SEOUL

Bold Bid To End War

MIGHTY STRIKE AT RED LIFE-LINE

TOKYO, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).

UNITED NATIONS forces have landed [illegible] the heart of Communist-held South Korea, and [illegible] driving for Seoul, the capital, spearheaded by para troops.

Kimppo Town and airfield, only ten miles from Seoul, was in United Nations hands, after a spectacular airborne assault.

American Marines stormed ashore at Inchon, west coast port 18 miles from Seoul, to open the new United Nations offensive 120 miles behind the main battlefront.

Front-line despatches said the move was a surprise bid to end the war speedily by striking at the Communist internal supply lifelines.

Late today, the Marines, weary but elated at this first United Nations counter-invasion since the war began 12 weeks ago, were three miles beyond Inchon, seized after brushing aside persistance from Communist garrison forces.

SOUTH KOREAN ADVANCE

At the same time, South Korean troops occupied Kunsan 100 miles south of Inchon, and were reported to have seized the ports of Pohang and Yongdok, behind the Communist lines on the east coast.

Guns of a great armada of 260 British and American ships covered the Marines, armed with scaling ladders, as they put two forces ashore at Inchon.

The landing craft plunged across the mine-studded mudflats, while the two navies pounded the coast.

General Douglas MacArthur, Supreme United Nations Commander, stood on the deck of his command ship as wave after wave of the First Marine Division rushed into Inchon in the face of treacherous currents.

It was one of most hazardous landings ever undertaken by the "Leathernecks".

General MacArthur signalled: "Navy and Marines never shone more brightly than this morning."

Eleven hours earlier, the Marines had captured Wolmi, an island 1,000 yards from Inchon, after British and American ships had kept up an intensive three-day bombardment of the coast.

Recapture of Seoul—won by the North Koreans within three days of the war's outbreak—would give the United Nations the key to all South Korea.

General MacArthur said the landing was achieved "with clockwork-like regularity".

NORTHERN ATTACK

Though there were indications that the Communists were pulling back from the Naktong front in the south to meet the new threat to their lines, late reports tonight said they had launched a fullscale attack along the southern defence box.

North of Taegu, the hub of the United Nations campaign in the south, the battle swayed grimly backwards and forwards along the hills.

A SCAPE-GOAT

BARIPADA, Sept. 15 (PTI).

Superstitious villagers, angered by successive misfortunes, recently pierced to death an Adibasi couple, suspected of practising sorcery, with poison arrows in a remote village of Jastipur police station some distance from Baripada, according to a report received here.

When challenged by an infuriated crowd, the couple took refuge in a straw house. The crowd smashed the door, but still afraid to touch them aimed arrows from a distance. Their only child was later picked up from a pool of blood.

Money For Repairing Damaged House

RAJKOT, Sept. 15, (PTI): The Saurashtra Government has decided to give free aid of Rs. 125 and Rs. 500 for repairing damaged houses and rebuilding demolished houses respectively in the recent floods.

The estimated loss and damage to property amounts to Rs. one crore

Collectors have also orders to remit assessment in respect of lands washed off.

BY THE BECINNING OF NOVEMBER

Petrol Off The Ration Throughout India

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI).

PETROL will be off the ration throughout India by the beginning of November if not earlier, thus ending the nine-year-old state regulation regarding distribution of motor spirit in the country, it is reliably learnt.

It will mark the third and final stage of the implementation of the Government policy of progressive de-rationing of petrol. In the major part of India, petrol has already been derationed, and if no untoward development takes place in the international situation in the meantime, derationing will be extended to the rest of the country by the beginning of November.

NO INCREASE

The abolition of rationing of petrol, it is stated, has not appreciably increased the consumption so far. The average consumption is expected to be 20 million gallons a month.

Shaw's Condition Gets Worse?

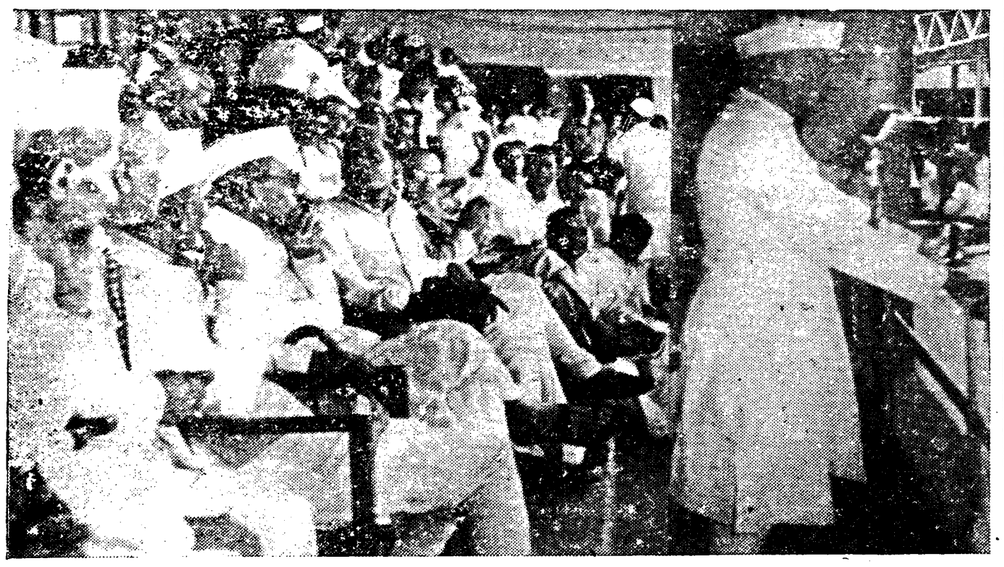
LUTON Bedfordshire, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Doctors said today that the condition of George Bernard Shaf, recovering in hospital here from a fractured thigh, was "rather less satisfactory".

A eurologist (specialist in diseases of kidney and bladder) will see Mr. Shaw today.

A London consultant physician saw Mr. Shaw today in addition to his usual doctors.

Later, the following bulletin was issued: "Mr. Shaw is comfortable. His general condition is rather less satisfactory".

Nehru Addressing Students' Convention



Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing the first Convention of the National Union of Students at Barbourne Stadium on Friday evening.

'MENTAL GROWTH MOST ESSENTIAL'

Nehru Sets Standard For Students

BOMBAY, Friday.

ADDRESSING an enthusiastic gathering of more than forty thousand students at the Brabourne Stadium this evening, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, said that while there could be no objection to students evincing both theoretical and practical interest in the politics of the country purely in their individual capacities, it would be improper for student organisations to do so, for the primary purpose of such bodies was the welfare of the cultural and other interests of the student world only.

The Prime Minister warned the students never to forget that the first and foremost object of their academic days was the building of their minds, bodies and character. Every other consideration was subordinate to this. There seemed to be a general impression among students that while every other profession in life required knowledge, training and experience, the profession of politics could very well do with just a smattering of everything and nothing more was needed. This was wrong.

The Prime Minister deplored the utter lack of discipline which he noticed in the country and even in the ranks of the students for on such foundations, no great nation could ever be built. India had the tremendous job of reconstructing herself in order that she could be among the first-rate nations of the world. There was much that had to be built in the physical sense, but the greatest of all these was the building of its human material, for a nation rose or sank according to the standard of its people.

The Prime Minister regretted that in many cases the mental growth of a student in India stopped. The moment he left a college and experts and specialists were so often ignorant of so much that did not pertain to their subject, sometimes being even ignorant of average standards of good citizenship.

The Prime Minister expressed his distress at the fact that side by side with the tremendous extension of human knowledge, the neurosis of the world was also increasing and wisdom, as was known to the ancient world, was fast disappearing from present day life in India as elsewhere. The disappearance of poise and wisdom had resulted in the lowering of all values and an all-round and general degradation of humanity.

These remarks were made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru this afternoon while inaugurating the first National Convention of the National Union of Students.

When Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan the Socialist leader, followed Pandit Nehru and addressed the crowd in Hindi, some members of the audience objected and demanded in English speech. Mr. Jayaprakash addressed the gathering in both Hindi and English.

(Details on page 7)

Stalin Won't Take That Risk!

BOMBAY, Friday.

Prime Minister Nehru today told students here an anecodote about Stalin and his "preference to experience".

Stalin, Pandit Nehru said, once faced a situation of deciding between German and American quotations for building a mighty dam in the Soviet Union.

The Germans had the lower rate but they had not executed jobs of that type. The high-price American engineers explained to Stalin some of the biggest river projects in the United States, on which their design for the Russian Dnieper Dam was based.

"Though he liked the German method better, Stalin was not prepared to take the risk of entrusting the job to those without actual experience. The contract hence went to Americans whose estimates were nearly twice as high as the German quotations."

DANGE ARRESTED AND BAILED OUT

Alleged Defiance Of Ban

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. S. A. Dange, the Indian Communist leader, General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress and Vice-President of the World Federation of Trade Unions and Mrs. Dange were arrested by the city police this evening for an alleged attempt to hold a public meeting at Kalewadi, Parel Tank Road in defiance of the ban.

They were later released on bail later on a personal surety of Rs. 500 each. Three others, who included Mr. Bhagwan Thorat, General Secretary of the Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag), were also arrested along with Mr. Dange and later released.

It was stated that a meeting was organised under the auspices of the Communist Party of India without informing the Police Commissioner this evening at Parel Tank Road. The police however got wind of the attempt and rushed to the scene, where they put Mr. Dange and others under arrest.

A police guard was stationed in the area as a precautionary measure Some persons, however, began pelting stones at the police guard, as a result four constables were injured, one o fthem seriously. He has been detained in hospital.

POLICE INJURED

The Director of Publicity in a press note said: "Four constables received injuries as a result of stone throwing on the police guard by some persons at Kalwadi, Parel Tank Road, after the Police had foiled an attempt of the Communist Party to hold a meeting in defiance of the ban. Five persons were arrested".

The Girni Kamgar Union, in a statement tonight said that Mr. Dange and Mrs. Dange were actually visiting some chawls enquiring after the conditions of the families of the workers affected by the textile strike. At one of the chawls, a crowd collected around him "Immediately armed police entered the chawl and surrounded Mr. Dange. In spite of Mr. Dange's protest that it was not an unlawful meeting he was arrested and taken to the police station".

GANDHINAGAR GETTING READY FOR CONGRESS

NASIK, Sept. 15 (PTI).

GANDHINAGAR in neon signs with the Congress flag crowning it, shone forth tonight from the 75-foot tower of the main entrance to the sattelite town on the highway from Nasik Road station to Nasik, where the 56th session of the Indian National Congress will be held on September 20.

Thousands of workers, carpenters, artists, masons and electricians were busy tonight giving final touches to the main pandal where the open session will be held.

PRISTINE GLORY

At the main entrance, which is designed after the historic Fort of Sinhagad, scores of skilled artisans were busy with the brush to give the imposing structure a realistic touch consistent with the pristine glory of the days of Shivaji and the grandeur of Maharatha culture.

Elaborate police precautions and security measures have been taken by the authorities, and the entire five-mile road from Nasik Road station to the city and the main thoroughfares were lined with lathi policemen and home guards. Nearly 500 police officers from the districts have been put on duty.

Mobile patrols, equipped with wireless apparatus, were speeding the main road from railway station to Nasik City, maintaining contact with the police headquarters. A contingent of special traffic police have arrived here from Bombay, to regulate traffic on the main thoroughfares, while inside Gandhinagar, hundreds of Congress volunteers are guiding the movement of pedestrians and traffic.

TEMPORARY HOSPITAL

The Reception Committee of the Congress has opened a temporary hospital with 25 beds in the delegates' camp. About 30 doctors and vaids have been placed on duty. In addition, a special ward of ten beds has been reserved in the local civil hospital to meet any emergency. Four ambulance cars have also been kept in readiness.

People from the villages in the interior of Nasik District have already started trekking to Nasik City by bullock-cars, and more than two thousand visited Gandhinagar in the course of the day today.

The Prime Minister of Kashmir, Sheikh Mohammad Abdulla is not attending the Congress session, according to a communication received by the Chairman of the Reception Committee.

Sheikh Abdullah in his letter wishing success to the session "which is being held at a critical time in the history of our country", said: "May it succeed in providing the necessary guidance and lead to our people and lal Nehru are arriving here tomorrow, awaken them to the stuyendous tasks that face our country at present".

The President-elect, Babu Purshottam Das Tandon and Pandit Jawahar-

Commemorating our 1st Anniversary

The NSCI completes one successful year which began with the launching out of the unprecedented offer of a multiple Life-membership for Rs. 1,000/- only payable in full or in four convenient instalments.

Encouraging responses and requests from all over the country necessitated the formulation of special Life-membership schemes for the benefit of (a) our Youth, (b) our Armed Forces, and very recently (c) our Boys and Girls.

During the year and well ahead of schedule, the foundation stones of the National Stadium, New Delhi, and then the Vallabhbhai Patel Stadium, Bombay, were well and truly laid.

In commemoration of its first Anniversary, the NSCI have specially extended the unique instalment concession (four easy payments of Rs. 250/-) to 31st December 1950, open to all Life-membership subscribers who pay the first instalment before 31st December 1950. Act NOW.

From 1st January 1951, the Life-membership fee is likely to be increased — payable in full.

Once again the NSCI make a countywide appeal to all sportsmen, men, women and children to join early and help your children and future generations.

Your Stadiums and Residential Club Houses; in New Delhi will be ready by the end of 1950 in Bombay will be ready by October, 1951.

Another National Achievement
MORE GOOD NEWS
Announcing the EXTENSION OF Life-Membership TO THE YOUTH OF INDIA
LIFE MEMBERSHIP AT 18 YEARS
17 YEARS 1953 - Rs. 250/-
16 YEARS 1952 - Rs. 250/-
A TRIBUTE TO THE ARMED FORCES OF INDIA
Boys & Girls!
Write to: Hony. Secretary, National Sports Club of India Brabourne Stadium, Churchgate, Bombay.
NATIONAL SPORTS CLUB OF INDIA

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8707

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Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Specialised Diploma Courses, such as Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Chartered or International Accountants, General Commerce, Gregg Shorthand, etc. Morning and evening classes. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

(2096)

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Bonus Unit Scheme: Is one of the many schemes of Investors' Cartel Ltd.—the leading financial House Investment of every Rs. 5,000, will bring you guaranteed monthly income of Rs. 60 regularly. Principal withdrawable on 3 months' notice. Only limited applications will be accepted from selected parties. Write for descriptive literatures, with appreciation booklet etc. Investors' Cartel Ltd., 198/1, Rash Behari Avenue, Calcutta 29. (Chairman—Rt. Hon. Lord Sinha).

(8658)

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(8657)

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(8052)

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MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Offers with highest rate (per lb.) are invited for purchase of Plastic Waste (acrylic scrap) of about 2,000 lbs. Available for immediate disposal the Mysore plexiglass Plastic Co., Manufacturers of Plastic Automobile parts, etc. 81, Mill Cross Road (Cottonpet), Bangalore, 2 8719

PUBLIC NOTICES

WASTE FOR SALE

AT SHREE RAM MILLS LTD.,

WASTE TENDER Forms will be available from the Office at nominal fee of Re. 1|- each. Tenders will be accepted upto 4 P.M. on 30-9-1950.

(8720)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

SEALED TENDERS are invited upto 3 p.m. on 3-10-'50 for the work of "Providing Electrical Installation including supplying and installing transformers and switch-gears etc. for the Pilot Fisheries Project at Sassoon Dock in Bombay" for an estimated cost of Rs. 86,130/-. The tender forms with schedule of work and specifications can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 10/4/0 which is not refundable.

P. K. BANERJEE
Electrical Engineer,
Central Electrical Division,
C.P.W.D., 'E' Road,
Churchgate, Bombay—1.

(8712)

PUBLIC NOTICES

UNION PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Advertisement No. 38.

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from citizens of India. Persons who have migrated from Pakistan with the intention of permanently settling in India or subjects of Nepal or of Sikkim or of a Portuguese or French possession in India are also eligible but in their case a certificate of eligibility from the Government of India will be necessary for appointment. Such candidates should apply to the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs, for the necessary certificate and furnish satisfactory proof of having so applied. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Castes, tribal and aboriginal communities candidates and displaced persons. In the case of Indian employees of the Government of Burma discharged owing to constitutional changes in that country, the conditions regarding upper age limit may not be enforced in respect of temporary appointments while they may be relaxed upto 45 years where necessary in respect of permanent and quasi-permanent appointments. For others, age limits will be strictly adhered to save in exceptional circumstances and in no case beyond a limit of three years. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Union Public Service Commission Parliament House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Re. 1/14/- for Scheduled Castes, tribal and aboriginal communities candidates) 14TH OCTOBER, 1950. The Crossed Postal Order should be marked payable to Secretary, Union Public Service Commission at New Delhi Post Office to whom also the applications should be addressed. The Commission may, at their discretion, remit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a 'bona fide' displaced person and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. SEPARATE APPLICATION WITH SEPARATE FEE REQUIRED FOR EACH POST. Candidates from outside India may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. Such candidates should deposit their fees at the Office of the High Commissioner for India or of the Indian Ambassador or of the Government of India's Representative as the case may be and attach the receipts to their applications. Two weeks' extension allowed to candidates residing abroad. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. TWO PLANT PATHOLOGISTS IN THE DIRECTORATE OF PLANT PROTECTION QUARANTINE AND STORAGE UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, Central Service Class II. Posts temporary for the present but likely to become permanent. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. PAY:—Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800. AGE: Between 25 and 35 years. Relaxable for Permanent Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL:—(i) 3 years' Honours or Master's degree in Botany or Agriculture of a recognised University with Mycology as special subject. (ii) General knowledge of diseases of cultivated plants and training in their identifications and methods of their disinfestation. (iii) About 2 years' practical experience in the subject.

2. ONE CATTLE SUPERINTENDENT IN THE INDIAN AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE UNDER THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE. Central Service—Class II. Post permanent but the appointment will be made on a temporary basis for about 3 years. Other things being equal, preference will be given to a Scheduled Caste candidate. Candidates who have applied for the permanent post of Cattle Superintendent included in the Commission's advertisement No. 6 will also be considered for this post. PAY:—Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800. AGE:—Below 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:—(1) A degree in pure science or Veterinary Science or a diploma in Veterinary Science (ii) Post-graduate training in animal science or in a branch thereof preferably with specialisation in animal genetics. (iii) About 5 years' experience in the breeding and management of Cattle preferably pedigree herd, with evidence of capacity to work out research programme on the subject. DESIRABLE;—(i) Additional degree in pure Science. (ii) Experience in teaching general principles of Cattle breeding and management and their diseases and treatment.

3. THREE LICENSED ENGINEERS, CIVIL AVIATION TRAINING CENTRE, ALLAHABAD UNDER THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS. Central Service—Class II (Gazetted). Posts temporary for the present but likely to become permanent. PAY:—Rs. 440-30-650. AGE:—Between 25 and 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:—(i) Must have passed at least the Matriculation Examination of a recognised University or equivalent qualification. (ii) Should have served as an Apprentice in either an approved aviation training organisation or in an airline operating company. (iii) At least 3 years' experience as a Licensed Engineer with substantial experience of maintenance of airframes and engines. (iv) Must hold a current Indian Ground Engineer's Licence in Categories A & C on the following types of airframes and engines:—CATEGORY 'A':—Medium transport types of aircraft of all metal or composite construction. CATEGORY 'C':—Supercharged engines fitted with Variable Pitch Propellers. DESIRABLE:—A current Ground Engineer's Licence in Category 'X'.

4. ONE DEPUTY CHIEF ENGINEER, CIVIL AVIATION TRAINING CENTRE, ALLAHABAD UNDER THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS. Central Service—Class I. Post temporary for the present but likely to become permanent. PAY:—Rs. 600-40-1000-50/2-1150. Higher initial pay may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. AGE:—Between 28 and 35 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:— (i) At least Matriculation of a recognised University or equivalent. (ii) Apprenticeship in either an approved aviation training organisation or an airline operating company or in an aircraft manufacturing concern or factory. (iii) At least 5 years' experience as a Licensed Engineer with experience in an Engine Overhaul Shop. (iv) A current Indian Ground Engineer's Licence in Categories C & D valid for one or more supercharged radial engines. DESIRABLE:—A Current Ground Engineer's Licence valid in Category 'A'.

5. ONE LECTURER IN PERSIAN, JOINT SERVICES WING, NATIONAL DEFENCE ACADEMY, DEHRA DUN, UNDER THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE. Unclassified, but presumptive classification—Central Service Class I. Post temporary for the present but likely to become permanent. Appointment will be made on a 5 years' renewable contract. Candidates who applied in response to the Commission's advertisement No. 16 need not apply again. PAY:—Rs. 500-30-800. AGE:—Between 25 and 35 years. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:— (i) 3 years' Honours or Master's Degree in Persian. (ii) At least 3 years' teaching experience in Persian in a recognised School/College. (iii) Proficiency in major games like Hockey, Football Cricket, etc. (iv) Capacity and quality of mixing freely with young people of the ages of from 15 to 20 both in school and at Sports etc. DESIRABLE:—Experience in Military training/U.T.C./Scouting and in organising Societies and Clubs and other Cultural activities.

6. ONE ACCOUNTS OFFICER (M.I.O.) (GAZETTED) CALCUTTA UNDER THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY. Post unclassified and temporary for an indefinite period. PAY:—(i) FOR DIRECT RECRUITS:—Rs. 500-30-650-E. B-30-800. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 650/- may be granted to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. (ii) FOR PERSONS WHO HAVE BEEN IN CONTINUOUS EMPLOY SINCE 15TH JULY, 1931:—Rs. 550-30-610-30-850. AGE:—Between 30 and 40 years. Relaxable for Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL:—(i) Graduate of a recognised university in Arts, Commerce or Science OR Recognised Degree, Diploma or Certificate in one or more of the following:—Accountancy, Cost Accounting, Actuarial Science. (ii) At least 3 years' practical experience as an Accounts Officer or in independent charge of Accounts and Costing, in a Government factory or organisation or private factory or organisation. DESIRABLE:—(i) Practical training in any recognised firm of auditors or actuaries or membership of a recognised institution in these subjects. (ii) Knowledge of general financial rules and procedure of the Government of India.

7. TWO CONCILIATION OFFICERS (CENTRAL), CENTRAL SERVICE CLASS II, MINISTRY OF LABOUR. POSTS TEMPORARY AT PRESENT BUT LIKELY TO BECOME PERMANENT EVENTUALLY. PAY:—Rs. 500-30-590-E.B.-770-40-850. AGE:—Between 25 and 40 years. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:—(i) Degree of a recognised University, preferably in Economics or Social Science. (ii) Three years' experience in labour matters in a Government establishment or in Industry or in a trade union organisation. DESIRABLE:—(i) Experience of handling a labour force of 5,000 or more. (ii) Successful training in Social Work in an institution like the Calcutta University or the Tata Institute of Social Science or Kashi Vidyapith, Benares.

8. THREE ASSISTANT INSPECTORS OF EXPLOSIVES IN THE DEPARTMENT OF EXPLOSIVES, MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER. Central Service—Class II. Posts temporary upto May, 1953 for the present but likely to be extended. One post reserved for a Scheduled Caste candidate but will be treated as 'unreserved' if no such suitable candidate is forthcoming. PAY:—Rs. 250-10-300-20-500. AGE:—Between 26 and 32 years. Relaxable for permanent Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS:—ESSENTIAL:—(i) A Masters (or 3 years Honours) Degree in Chemistry, or Industrial and Applied Chemistry or Chemical Engineering of a recognised University or the Associateship or Fellowship of Institute of Chemistry OR A degree in Engineering of a recognised University or A.M.I.E. (India) or equivalent qualifications with at least 2 years' experience in a Petroleum Installation. (ii) At least one year's practical experience in Chemical Works. DESIRABLE:—Experience in the manufacture or/and handling of explosives, petroleum or other dangerous commodities.

CORRIGENDUM

1. ONE ASSISTANT SOLICITOR TO THE HIGH COMMISSIONER, FOR INDIA IN LONDON UNDER THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS. In partial modification of item 1 of Part 'A' of the Commission's advertisement No. 35 which appeared on the 26th August, 1950, it is notified for general information that attorneys of the High Court at Madras are also eligible. Closing date is extended from 9TH SEPTEMBER, 1950 TO 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1950.

2. ONE INFORMATION OFFICER (URDU) IN THE PRESS INFORMATION BUREAU, UNDER THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION & BROADCASTING. In partial modification of item 8 of Part 'B' of the Commission's advertisement No. 35 which appeared on the 26th August, 1950, it is notified for general information that there is no provision for the grant of higher initial pay to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. Closing date (23rd September, 1950) remains unaltered.

PUBLIC NOTICES

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

SEALED TENDERS are invited from Registered C.P.W.D. Electrical contractors for the work of "Providing E. I. and fans for the 2nd and 3rd floors (only) as also additions and alterations to the E. I. in the Ground Floor of the Administrative Building at St. Thomas Mount Airport, Madras" at an approximate cost of Rs. 10,355/-.

Tender forms can be had from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5-4-0 (not refundable) in cash or by M. O., on any working day between 11 A. M. and 5 P. M. The tenders will be received up to 3 P. M. on 4th October, 1950 and opened on the same day at 3-30 P. M.

S. RAYCHAUDHURI,
Electrical Engineer,
Aviation Electrical Division.
R. A. F. Barracks,
Nehru Road,
Vile Parle P. O.,
Bombay 24.

(8729)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the work of extending and enclosing the existing Shed at No. 19 Berth, Alexandra Dock.

Instructions to tenderers, Specifications, Schedule of Quantities and Rates, Form of tender and Drawings can be obtained at the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 10/-.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 400/- as earnest money. The earnest money will be returned to unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders which are to remain open until disposed of by the Trustees will be received upto 12-00 Noon (S.T.) on Monday the 25th September, 1950.

CHIEF ENGINEER,
Bombay Port Trust.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

(8727)

THE SIRDAR CARBONIC GAS COMPANY, LIMITED

THE DIRECTORS of the above Company have decided to capitalise a part of the Reserve Fund of the Company and to recommend the issue of one fully paid Ordinary share of Rs. 100/- each as a Bonus share for each of the shares held by the holders of the Ordinary shares in the Capital of the Company.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of The Sirdar Carbonic Gas Company, Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Sir Vithaldas Chambers, 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay on WEDNESDAY, the 18th October, 1950, at 5 p. m. (S.T.) for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, to pass the Resolutions providing for an increase of Capital and for necessary alterations in the Memorandum of Association of the Company. Notice convening the Extraordinary General Meeting and a circular letter relating thereto will be posted to the shareholders in due course.

The Share TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from the 9th October, 1950 to 18th October, 1950, both days inclusive.

By the order of the
Board of Directors
V. D. THACKERSEY & CO.
Agents.

Bombay, 13th September, 1950.

(8725)

NOTICE.

THE FOLLOWING MEDICINES are available For Sale. The quotations and enquiries be sent to the undersigned at an early date.

1	Vitamin A	50 grams.
2	Vitamin B1	7000 grams.
3	Vitamin B2	1550 grams.
4	Vitamin C	62 K grams.
5	Vitamin Nacian	13000 grams.
6	Potasium Glyphasphate	6 lbs
7	Calcium "	6 lbs.
8	Sodium "	12 lbs
9	Iron "	1 lbs.
10	Manganese "	1 lbs.
11	Glucroph acid	6 lbs.
12	Medicinal yeast powder	200 lbs.
13	Yohimbine hydrochl	1200 gr.
14	Calcium Gloconote	32 lbs.
15	Calcium Phosphate	15 lbs
16	Milk Sugar	19 lbs.
17	Sodium Phosphate	12 packts
18	Iron Percholoratle	1 lbs
19	Copper Sulphate	1 oz.

KESHO RAM,
Manager, The Kapurthala State Central Co-operative Bank, Ltd.
Kapurthala (PEPSU).

(8688)

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30, A. M. Property of European gentleman and others at Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty Sea Face of complete Household and Office Furniture, Milners and other Safe, Steel Almirah, Typewriter, Rd. Bobbin Foot Machine, Radio, Wall Clock, Elec. Fan, Zoola Sofa, Cabinet, Gramophone, etc. T. 40213. EASTERN AUCTION CO.

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY EXCHANGE BANKS' ASSOCIATION

CHANGE OF BUSINESS HOURS.

FROM 20th September, 1950, until further notice the Members of the above Association will be open for business as follows:—

MONDAYS to FRIDAYS
10-45 A. M. to 2-15 P. M.

SATURDAYS
10-45 A. M. to 11-45 A. M.

(8724)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT GHOGARI MOHOLLA NEAR PINJRAPOLE STREET.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will under instructions from The Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay, as the Receiver in suit No. 601 of 1945 (Haji Umar Haji Cassum V|s Abubakar Haji Cassum and another) pursuant to directions contained in Decree, dated 25-1-49 sell by public Auction undermentioned immovable property on MONDAY, 18th Inst. at 3-30 P.M. on premises.

FIRSTLY:— All that piece of land of quit and ground rent tenure with the tin shed at Pinjrapole admeasuring 205.5 square yards or thereabouts (and according to Collector's Records 188 square yards) and bearing New No. 9514, New Survey No. 1015 and cadastral Survey No. 3372 of Bhuleshwar Division and C Ward No. 6321 street Nos. 60-62 and bounded on North by sweepers passage on East by property of Suleman Doodhwalla on South by said Pinjrapole Street and on West by property secondly described.

SECONDLY:— All that piece of quit and ground rent land (cess redeemed) with dwelling house at Ghogari Moholla Pinjrapole Street admeasuring 194.25 square yards or thereabouts (and according to Collector's Records 186 square yards) and bearing New No. 7388, New Survey No. 1014 and cadastral Survey No. 3371 of Bhuleshwar Division and C Ward No. 6205 and 6206 Street Nos. 71-75-79 and 66 and bounded on East partly by sweepers passage and beyond that by property firstly described and partly by property of Mahomed Adam on West by said Ghogari Moholla on North by property of Haji Jusab Arbani and on South by said Pinjrapole Street.

For particulars apply to Messrs. Raghavayya Nagindas & Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay, 94, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay or to us.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT BHANDARI STREET

M|s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Nandlal and Co. Attorneys for the Vendors (Mortgagees) Messrs Purshotam Chatrabhuj and Others and on account and at risk of Trimbak Dagdoo Gate and others the Mortgagors in pursuance of the Power of Sale reserved to the Vendors under Indenture of Mortgage dated 11-6-26 and Transfer of Mortgage and further charge dated 4-3-42 sell by Public Auction undermentioned very valuable immovable property on TUESDAY, 3-10-50 at 4 P.M. on the premises.

All that piece of Government land or ground (of Quit and Ground Rent Tenure) together with dwelling house being at the Eastern side of Bhandari Street bearing Municipal 5 (C) Ward No. 7467, New Street Nos. 115-117-119-121 admeasuring 225 6|9 square yards or thereabouts according to old deeds but 217 square yards according to recent survey and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 8946 and New Survey No. 4879 and cadastral Survey No. 3046 Bhuleshwar Division and bounded as follows that is to say on East by sweepers passage on West by Bhandari Street aforesaid on North by house of Dhunji Anandji and on South by house of Vishwanath Succaram

For further particulars apply to M|s Nandlal & Co., Solicitors, 23, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay or to us.

GANDHI & CO.

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of 5 Tons of Waste Cotton Superior will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, up to noon on 21st September, 1950.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1.

(8726)

BOMBAY ROAD STATE TRANSPORT CORPORATION.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

PROVIDING 4" CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT TO NADIAD-DAKOR ROAD.

SEALED ITEM rate tenders will be received by the undersigned in B-2 forms along with earnest money of Rs. 18,000/- upto 2 P.M. on 10-10-1950, for modernising Nadiad-Dakor Road with 12'—0" wide c. c. pavement 1:2:4 length 21 miles.

Estimated cost... Rs. 18,10,900

Tender copy, giving details about the works to be carried out will be issued from 21st September, 1950 to 9th October, 1950, on payment of Rs. 20/- per set only.

Tenders will be opened by the undersigned in his Office on 10-10-1950 at 4 P. M.

The Corporation reserves the right to reject any or all tenders without assigning any reasons for the same.

N. D. DAFTARY.
Superintending Engineer.
State Transport, Bombay.
Worli—Bombay
15-9-1950.

(8730)

HERNIA

Wonderful remedy by outward application. Thousands benefited without operation. Apply for testimonials and direction. H. C. Roy, Specialist in Hernia, DIVINE TREATMENT HALL, 118, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta—9

Our customers are offered big advantages friendly co-operation but little formalities

PAID-UP CAPITAL : Rs. 2 CRORES
RESERVE FUND : Rs. 52½ LACS

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2, ROYAL EXCHANGE PLACE, CALCUTTA
Chairman G. D. BIRLA | General Manager B. T. THAKUR

FRESH STOCKS OF

BENCARDS
LINCTUS ANTI-ASTHMATIC
HAVE ARRIVED

CAMA NORTON & CO.,
23, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DPs SATYAGRAHA IN KALYAN

Demand Free Rations

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Sept. 14.

Failing in their efforts to get free rations about 4 to 5 thousand widows and disabled women of Kalyan Refugee Camps started Satyagraha before the Administrator's office from day before yesterday. It is understood that all widows and disabled females of the Kalyan camps demand free rations which Government has turned down. They took a procession with black flags and squatted before the Administrator's office. Some representatives were called by the officer and were told that the matter would be informed to Government. The officer asked the Satyagrahis to disperse, but they refused until an assurance from the Administrator that from certain date those female would get free rations was given.

FORMATION OF GRAM SEVAK DALS

Shri Patil's Announcement

BOMBAY, Friday.

The formation of the first unit of the Gram Sevak Dal to be organised throughout the Bombay State for the purposes of village improvement work was announced by the Minister for Agriculture and Forests, Shri M. P. Patil at a public meeting held at Nhavi Khurd, a tiny village in the interior of the North Satara district, on September 14. Social workers from all the talukas of the district attended the function.

According to the scheme chalked out by the Government, the organisation is being formed to utilise the ability of the persons willing to do voluntary work to the best possible advantage of the rural areas.

The organisation will be a strictly non-political and non-communal body. Any person irrespective of age, sex or political affiliation can become a 'Gram Sevak' provided he undertakes to devote his full time for the work of the dal, involving manual labour for atleast 15 days each year.

W.I.A.A.'S Service At Gandhinagar

BOMBAY, Thursday:

The Committee of the Western India Automobile Association has made special arrangements to assist W. I. A. A. members visiting Nasik on the occasion of the Congress Session states a press note issued by the Association.

A special staff from Bombay is being sent to Nasik and they will sit in the special booth of the Regional Transport Officer in Gandhi Nagar and assist members in obtaining petrol coupons etc.

Members of the W. I. A. A. visiting Nasik for the Congress are requested to contact the W.I.A.A. staff at the above-referred-to place if they wish to have any service or assistance in the matter of getting petrol coupons, etc.

Action Against Foot-Board Travellers

BOMBAY, Friday.

During the period of ten days from 1/9/50 to 10/9/50 the number of prosecutions launched against the foot-board travellers on the Bombay Local Section of the B.B. and C.I. Railway was 11. The prosecution resulted in the conviction of 6 persons. Cases against 5 persons are still pending.

During the same period on the G. I. P. Railway, the number of prosecutions launched against footboard travellers was 45. The prosecution resulted in the conviction of all 45 persons, who were fined Rs. 15/- each or in default one week's simple imprisonment.

G I P Railways Earnings For August '50

BOMBAY, Friday.

The approximate earnings of the G.I.P. Railway for the month and to the end of the month of August 1950 amounted to Rs. 3,74,11,000 and Rs. 18,59,35,000 against the actuals of Rs. 3,68,74,000 and Rs. 18,14,81,000 respectively in the corresponding month of the last year.

Social Education Week In City

BOMBAY, Friday:

The Bombay City Social Education Committee has decided to celebrate the 2nd Social Education Week in next December as usual. The Week will have two objects, viz. making the people conscious of the urgent need of Social Education amongst the illiterate masses of the city and of collecting necessary funds for the purpose.

Armed Gang Raid A Village In Hyderabad

KURNOOL, Sept. 15 (PTI): An armed gang of 50 persons raided Amidalapa village in Hyderabad state on the night of September 14 and decamped with booty worth over a lakh of rupees, it was officially learnt here today.

It is stated that the armed gangsters belonged to a hill tribe in Kurnool and crossed the Tungabadra in boats.

They raided the house of a rich landlord P. Siva Reddi and severely belaboured him before looting his house. Mr. Reddi has been admitted in Kurnool Government Hospital with multiple bleeding injuries.

Police claim to have arrested two persons of the gang with part of the booty.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Jawahar In Bombay

BOMBAY, Friday.

Prime Minister Pandit Nehru arrived in Bombay from the capital by an Air-India plane at noon today en route to Nasik to attend the Congress session.

He was received at the Santa Cruz Aerodrome by Chief Minister Kher, Mr. Morarji Desai, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Dr. Jivraj Mehta and other members of the Bombay Cabinet who are now in the city, Mayor S. K. Patil, Mr. M. D. Bhat (Chief Secretary), Mr. Fasul Rahimtoola (Sheriff), Major General D. S. Brar, (Area Commander), and other officials and non-officials.

As the Prime Minister emerged from the plane, which touched ground at 12-10 p.m., a fairly big crowd that had gathered at the aerodrome greeted him with shouts of "Pandit Nehru Ki Jai." Mr. Kher was the first to receive the Prime Minister.

On behalf of the National Union of Students (India), the Prime Minister was garlanded.

About 500 textile workers, who assembled outside the aerodrome to welcome Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, shouted Socialist slogans as the Prime Minister's car passed out of the main gate. A strong posse of police prevented the demonstrators from entering the premises, till the Prime Minister's car had left the airport.

Mr. Raja Kulkarni, Mr. Shanti Patel and other office-bearers of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha, who are organising the textile strike in the city, presented a 6-page typed memorandum to Pandit Nehru in connection with the strike.

The Prime Minister drove to the Government House where he will be staying during his one-day halt in the city. He is expected to leave Bombay for Nasik by car tomorrow morning.

Ministers N. V. Gagdil and K. M. Munshi arrived by the same plane.

INDIAN CULTURE

The Prime Minister was tonight the guest of honour at an 'at home' held by the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, at the Bhavan's premises at Chowpatty. An impressive gathering which included Mr. Hare Krushna Mahatab, Minister for Industry and Supply, Members of the Bombay Cabinet, the Chief Justice Mr. M. C. Chagla, Judges of the High Court and members of the diplomatic and consular corps, was present on the occasion.

Welcoming the Prime Minister, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Minister for Food and President of the Bhavan, outlined the activities of the Bhavan. The Bhavan was interested in the varied aspects of true Indian culture and it had its object in reintegrating the Indian culture to modern needs.

In a brief reply, Pandit Nehru said that he was very impressed, "almost overwhelmed" by the variety of activities in which the Bhavan was interested in.

Such a variety of activities were not unfortunately encouraged in India and there were places in which no attention was being paid to the cultural aspects of life he said.

The Prime Minister later witnessed a dance programme arranged by the Bhavan's Kala Kendra, and evinced keen interest in the two Bharat Natyam pieces staged by Miss Anjali Hora.

Jayaprakash Arrives

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan arrived in Bombay today by a plane from Calcutta, in the afternoon. He was given a reception at the Santa Cruz Airport by about 500 textile workers and leaders of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha.

Coroner Still Waiting For A Telephone

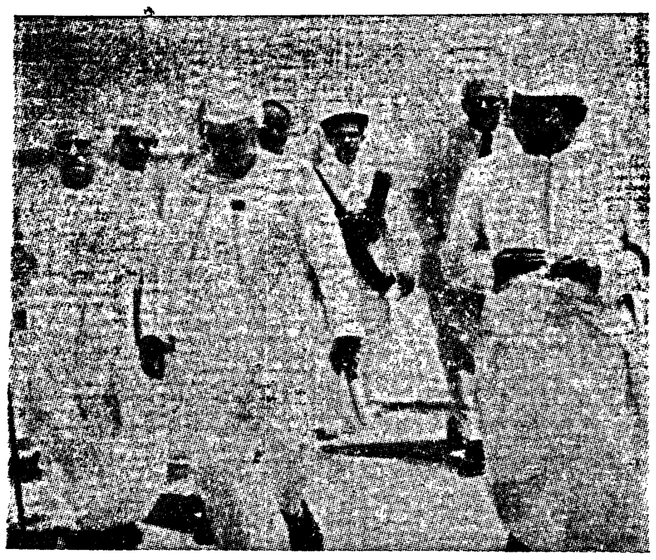
BOMBAY, Friday.

Great inconvenience, it is learnt, is caused to the public as a result of the Coroner of Bombay, Mr. M. R. Malkani, not having a telephone at his residence.

Complaints have been pouring in at the Coroner's Court from the public that it was difficult to contact the Coroner.

It appears that the Coroner had made an application for the installation of a telephone at his residence some months ago, but till now no telephone has been installed at his place. He is still waiting for one.

Nehru In City



Pandit Nehru arrived in Bombay on Friday morning along with N.V. Gadgil. They were received at the airport by B.G. Kher, Chief Minister of Bombay.

'MESSIAH' OF INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS

Visvesvaraya Felicitated On His 90th Birthday

BOMBAY, Friday.

"I AM today entering my 90th year in fair health and strength. My infirmities are few I can read without glasses, walk two or three miles regularly every day without effort, and I am not overtaken by senility," observed M. Visvesvaraya, the industrial 'messiah' of India speaking at a reception given in his honour on his 90th birthday by the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation at the Taj this evening.

Shri Hare Krushna Mahatab, Minister for Commerce, Government of India, who came to the gathering almost straight from the air-port was in the chair.

Glowing tributes were paid to the unique services rendered by him in the cause of industrialisation of the country and the lead and guidance given to the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation in particular.

Leading citizens of Bombay, including Shri Jivraj Mehta, Minister for Public Works, Government of Bombay, Sir Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoolla, the Sherriff of Bombay, Shri Nagindas Master, Shri C. B. Mehta, and Shri M. G. Mekhri, Deputy Governor of Reserve Bank of India, were present.

RARE RECORD

Dr. L. C. Jariwala, Vice-President of the Organisation, in his welcome speech, said that Sir Visvesvaraya's "sixty-eight years of crowded public life crowned with many achievements is a rare record for anybody in any country." Referring to his motto of 'Prosperity through Industry', Dr. Jariwala said that his "zeal for the rapid industrialisation of the country is comparable only to the zeal of our revered Mahatmaji for the spread of khadi."

However, Dr. Visvesvaraya's message of industrialisation had yet to get greater grip over the mind of the people and the Government, he added. He gave an assurance that "All-India Manufacturers' Organisation under his guidance would strive in its own way to quicken the pace of industrialisation".

A pledge to "work devotedly and earnestly in the cause of industrialisation" and contribute their mite towards this cause was given by the members of the Organisation in the form of a commemorative volume presented to Dr. Visvesvaraya.

Sri Hare Krushna Mahatab paying a tribute to the enthusiasm and energy still displayed by Dr. Visvesvaraya even in his 90th year said that next to Mahatmaji, he had never come across any individual who had been so heartily felicitated on his attaining a ripe old age as this grand old man of industry.

Referring to the demands of industry, the Minister said that "we expect too many things and too suddenly." "Our trouble", he added, "was that we cannot think collectively." He appealed to them to think, not in narrow and petty self-interests but work for the cause of the country. He hoped that the spirit kindled by Dr. Visvesvaraya would be a guiding light to the future generation.

In his reply, Dr. Visvesvaraya, giving his philosophy of life, said, "We must take life as it is, as it always has been and always will be, more or less of a struggle. No man should fool himself in this matter."

Answering the eternal question of whether life was worth living, he said in the words of Mons. Renan the French philosopher "The existence which was given without my having asked for it has been a beneficent one for me Were it to be offered to me. I would gladly accept it again."

Dr. Visvesvaraya was profusely garlanded by the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation and other trading and commercial associations.

Technical Men Needed

"The business of the Industries' Ministry is not controlled by a sufficient number of technical experts of adequate capacity. If there is difficulty in finding requisite technical men, retired personnel from engineering and other departments may be temporarily employed", observed Sir M. Visvesvaraya in his presidential address at the second quartely meeting of the Central Committee of the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation today.

He said that at present they did not know where they stood in industries. "We have no idea of what we are going to achieve in the near future. There is no programme to serve as a target to the industrial population of the country". He charged the Central Government with an increasing tendency towards controls and an unjust distribution of industries by the States.

FAIR PRICE SHOPS IN CITY

Minister Assures

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Government of Bombay will help Co-operative Societies to open Fair Price shops in the city to combat the evils of profiteering and blackmarketing in essential commodities. This assurance was given by the Civil Supplies Minister Mr. Dinkerrao Desai to a deputation of all parties of Mahim citizens at the Secretariat today.

The suggestions made by the citizens committee were:—

(1) Deterrent punishment and confiscation of the properties of hoarders.
(2) Prohibition of luxury article imports.
(3) Sale of daily necessities through ration shops at subsidised rates.
(4) Establishment of Fair Price shops
(5) Freezing of stocks of wholesalers.
(6) Compelling shopkeepers to display price lists.

The Minister also assured the deputationists that suitable action would be taken to compel the shopkeepers to display price lists for controlled articles.

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(Incorporated in the United Kingdom)

Bankers to the Government in Kenya Colony, Uganda, Zanzibar and Aden

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £4,562,500
PAID UP CAPITAL £2,281,250
RESERVE FUND..... £3,500,000

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The Bank transacts General Banking and Exchange Business of every description with the principal commercial cities of the world.

Bombay Office: MAHATMA GANDHI ROAD.

W. HARRIS. Manager.

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 5, 2006
Muslim: Zilhep 3, 1369
Parsi: Fervardin 14, 1320
Sunrise 6-26 a.m.
Sunset 6-41 p.m.
Hightide 02-28 14-22
Lowtide 08-18, 20-32

Engagements

BALKAN-JI-BARI Silver Jubilee Celebration Committee meeting, Committee Room, Civil Secretariat 5-45 p.m.

MYSORE ASSOCIATION, Celebration of ninetieth Birthday of Sir M. Visvesvaraya, Association Hall Matunga, 5 p.m.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION Acharya Kaka Kalelkar will speak on 'Phase of Hindu Culture, People's Hall Congress House, 6-30 p.m.

"BOMBAY ASTROLOGICAL SOCIETY, 33-35 Harvey Road, Chowpatty, Bombay—Mr. L. K. Tambe, the well known writer of 'BRAMHALIKHIT' from Poona, will deliver a pecture on Palmistry on Sunday the 17th September, at Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 33-35, Harvey Road, Chowpatty, Bombay at 5 p.m.

"MOGAVEERA VYAVASTHAPAKA MANDALI: Special General Body meeting of the members on Sunday 17/9/1950 at 2-30 p.m. at the Mandali's Office."

N.U.S. 'Culture Festival'

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Committee on Art and Culture of the first National Convention of the National Union of Students tonight announced a series of programmes in connection with their "Culture Festival".

The festival consists of dances, music programmes, dramas and an Indian Students' Art Exhibition.

The Committee has been able to obtain the services of well-known play back singers like Talat Mahomood, Geeta Roy, Mohammed Rafi, Surendra, Neena Kapoor, Shanker Das Gupta and otners for their musical programmes.

The music programme which will be directed by Van Shipley will be presented at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan on September 16, at 9-30 a.m.

The dance programme which is to come off on September 17 at the same place and time, will feature Damayanti Joshi, Anjali Hora, Bipin Shah, Gopal Shetty and others. The Committee will present Galsworthy's "First and Last" in English on September 18.

TODAY'S RADIO

SATURDAY September 16.

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Bengali 7-30 a.m. 2-50 p.m., 7-30 English 8-0 a.m. 1-30 p.m., 6-0 Gujarati 8-45 a.m. 1-0 p.m. 6-10, 9-15, Kannada 7-45 a.m. 7-45, 3-15, Hindi 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m., Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m. Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m. 8-0 Oriya 7-15 a.m. 1-10 p.m. 7-15 8-15 p.m., Tamil 7-15 a.m. 2 p.m. 7-15, Telugu 7-0 a.m. 1-50 p.m 7-0, Urdu 8-0 a.m. 8-0 p.m.

BOMBAY

244 m., 7-30 Mangal prabhat, 7-45 G geets, 8-15 R V Jadhav, todi, 12-0 p.m. G Joshi, violin, 12-30 R Ramnathkar kh. lakshmi todi, 12-50 B Mulji G geets, 1-10 Nalini Mulgaonkar kh. vilambit, 1-40 Listeners' postbag, 5-0 R V Jadhav, phimpalas, 5-30 For children, G, 6-10 G Joshi, violin, 6-40 M Gadre puria dhanashree, 7-0 B Mulji G geets, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 R V Jadhav, shudh kalyan, 7-45 For industriral workers, 8-30 G geets, 8-45 S K Abhyankar, bhoop, 9-15 B Malji, G geets, 9-30 P Ghosh, sangeet sadhana.

VARIATIONS

353 m 7-40 a.m. Prog., 8-0 S V Patwardhan Pakhwaj, 8-45 Nalini Mulgaonkar, M songs 11-0 Songs, 1-0 p.m. Air Bhajan Mandali, compositions of St. Eknath, 1-30 Nalini Mulgaonkar, shudh sarang, 1-50 God gani, 5-30 Mandakini Gadre, M songs, 5-45 Air artist, baswashwar 6-0 Mandakini Gadre, M pad, 6-20 Villagers' prog, in M and 6-40 in K, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 Nalini Mulgaonkar, M pad, 8-30 Listeners' letters, M, 8-45 Mama Varerkar story reading, 9-0 S talk on style of Mahakavi Magh, 10-0 G Joshi, violin, 10-30 Master Krishnarao, vocal.

BARODA

250 m., 7-30 a.m. G geets, 7-45 Praogs., 7-50 J Pandit, G geets, 7-15 B B Luktuke, jaltarang 8-30 P N Mistry, kh., 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 545 B B K Luktuke jaltarang, 6-10 P N Mistry, kh, vilambit and drut 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 Manoranjani, 7-15 T R Hussain, G geets, 7-30 B B Luktuke, jaltaran, 7-45 P N. Mistry, kh. 8-0 J Pandit, G geets, 8-0 Locals, 8-30 Film songs, 9-30 P N Mistry, kh. v.d.

AHMEDABAD

326 1 m.—7-30 a.m. R Bhagat, geet, ghazal, 7-40 Prog., 7-45 Dhanush, 8-15 As in Baroda, 5-30 p.m. G V Joshi, folksongs 5-45 and 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 News songs, 6-45 G V Joshi, folksongs, 6-55 R Qutubali, sarangi, 7-5 R Bhagat, ghazals, 7-15 Listeners' letters, 7-25 Surprise 7-30 For industrial workers 8-0 Locals, 8-5 M Chand, 8-30 G V Joshi, folksongs, 8-40 Air artist, sarangi, 8-50 R V Bhagat, G geets, 9-30 As in Baroda.

GOA

31-22 m.—7-00 a.m. Bill Bailey's musical clock, 9-00 Famous ensembles, 9-15 Radio Goa Glee Club. 9-30 Movie tunes 9-45 Curtain Call. 10-0 Meet the band, 10-30 Tropicana. 10-45 Tune time, 11-00 Concert hall of air, 12-00 p.m. Dance music, 12-15 Organ interlude, 12-30 Hit parade, 1-00 Request prog. 2-0 Concert hall of air, 3-00 Hindi film music, 5-00 Urdu prog. 6-00 Divertimento, 6-30 Airlane melodies, 6-45 Keynotes by Carle, 7-00 Hit parade, 7-30 Saturday serenade.

Appeal Against 'Cross Roads' Judgment

SUPREME COURT REJECTS BOMBAY STATE'S PLEA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15, (PTI).

THE Supreme Court rejected today the Government of Bombay's application for special leave to appeal against the Bombay High Court's judgment in respect of a restrictive order on Mr. Romesh Thapar, Editor and publisher of "Cross Roads", a Bombay weekly.

Mr. Thapar was served with an order on July 23 last year prohibiting him from publishing the weekly upto October 22, 1949. He filed a petition praying for a Writ of Certiorari which was, however, dismissed by Mr. Justice Coyajee of the Bombay High Court. On appeal, the Appellate Bench of the High Court allowed Mr. Thapar's petition, with the order that it should go back to Mr. Justice Coyajee for determination on merits and disposal according to law.

The Government of Bombay's application for leave to appeal which was dismissed today, was against this judgment.

TRADING IN INDIAN COINS

Flourishing Business In Lahore

LAHORE, Sept. 15 (PTI): Trade in Indian coins demonetised on September 1, 1950, is thriving in Lahore. Nearly 300 persons are reported to be buying Indian coins at a discount rate and then depositing them in the State Bank at par value with the Pakistan coins.

The two-anna Indian coins are being exchanged for one and a half annas (Pakistan) and one anna Indian coins for three pice (Pakistan).

An official of the State Bank of Pakistan told PTI that Government were contemplating to enact a law prohibiting such transactions. He said full facilities existed for members of the public to exchange Indian coins in the State Bank up to Rs. 5 a day.

NEW APPROACH NEEDED

Kamath On Problem Of Displaced Persons

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI): Mr. H.V. Kamath, M.P., in a statement today said that the Nasik Congress should give "fresh guidance" to Government on the problem of rehabilitation of displaced persons.

Mr. Kamath said that while refugees from East Bengal had not been able to return to their homes and live there in security and with honour India had not merely resettled returning refugees but had "even asked the Pakistan Government to send more and yet more of them back".

"If this be the fruit of a secular state" Mr. Kamath added, "the sooner we change the complexion of the state the better. We desire the India to be a strong democratic state but we should not sacrifice our economy and security at the altar of a pseudo -secular state."

Government, Mr. Kamath went on, should realise the "sinister implications" of the reported statement of the Punjab (Pakistan) Governor that a military strong (Pakistan) is not only essential for the existence of Pakistan as a state but necessary for the safety of millions of Muslims in India."

"Our policy towards Pakistan," he said, "has a vital bearing on the solution of the refugee problem."

PUNJAB JOURNALISTS GIVE NOTICE

Salary Demands Not Accepted

LAHORE, Sept. 15 (PTI): The Working Committee of the Punjab Union of Journalists decided on Thursday to give notice of strike to Lahore newspaper proprietors who havefailed to accept the Union's demands about salary and security of service.

The committee, however, expressed its warm appreciation of the "ready and encouraging" response made by a big section the proprietors by accepting these demands.

Assam Population Figures

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI): The Registrar-General & Census Commissioner of the Government of India has estimated the population of the autonomous districts of Assam State to be 11.18 lakhs as on March 1, 1950.

Harijan Conference Reception Committee

BOMBAY, Friday.

An urgent meeting of the members of the Reception Committee of Bombay Provincial Harijan Conference, which is to be held at Nasik will be held on Sunday at 9-30 a.m. at Dr. Shirodkar High School Parel near Nare Parkn, announces Mr. N.S. Kajrolkar, General Secretary.

The Government of Uttar Pradesh has decided to renovate 10,000 derelict wells during the current year to make them serviceable for irrigation.

Air Transport Inquiry

COMMITTEE SIGNS REPORT

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Air Transport Inquiry Committee signed its report this morning at its office in the Council Hall here. The report was signed by the Chairman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice G. S. Rajadhyaksha, and the two members Dr. H. L. Dey and Mr. Narayanaswami, and is unanimous.

The Committee was constituted by the Government of India, Ministry of Communications, in February 1950 to inquire into the present state of air transport in this country and to recommend to Government the best lines on which future development might be organised.

The Committee issued a comprehensive questionnaire in April 1950, copies of which were forwarded to all bodies, Members of Parliament and State Governments. The replies to the questionnaire were examined by the Committee from May onwards.

The Committee also collected and analysed a large mass of operational and financial statistics. From about June 20, the Committee took oral evidence from the representatives of air transport companies, trade associations, oil companies, airline employees associations, the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs and the Director-General of Civil Aviation.

The Committee also visited the administrative offices and workshops of the various airlines at Bombay, Delhi, Calcutta, Nagpur, Hyderabad and Bangalore.

The Committee's report is now being submitted to Government who will decide on the action to be taken on it.

MORE SHOWERS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Occasional showers are expected in the city and suburbs today. These may increase tomorrow, becoming heavy at times and accompanied by strong winds.

The total rainfall recorded at Colaba to date is 57.6 inches, which leaves a deficit of 5.5 inches in the normal rainfall of the city.

Duty On Sago Globules

NEW DELHI Sept. 15 (PTI)

The Government of India have accepted the Tariff Board's recommendations that a protective duty of 35 per cent ad valarem on the basis of the current tariff valu of Rs. 30 per cwt. should be imposed on the imports of sago globules and tapioca pearls from the British colonies and the duty should remain in force up to December 31, 1950.

MONSOON STRONG IN MADHYAPRADESH

All-India Weather

POONA, Sept. 15 (PTI): The following is the daily all-India weather summary for Friday, September, 15, 1950:

The deep depression over Orissa has moved westnorth-westwards and lies this morning over north Madhya Pradesh centred about 50 miles southeast of Jubbulpore. It is likely to move in a northwesterly direction and may slightly weaken. Under its influence, the monsoon has been vigorous in Madhya Pradesh and Chota Nagpur. There has also been widespread rain in Uttar Pradesh, Vindhya Pradesh, Orissa, Bihar and along the west coast, and local rain in West Bengal, Madhya Bharat, Gujarat, Deccan (Desh) and Hyderabad.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL SATURDAY EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread along the west coast and over the region extending from north Madhya Pradesh and Gujarat to the Punjab (India). There will be local rainfall in northeast India, Deccan (Desh), south Madhya Pradesh and the adjoining districts, north Hyderabad and Saurashtra. Scattered showers are likely over the rest of the country. Rainfall will decrease in east Madhya Pradesh and Chota Nagpur.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in Madhya Bharat, east Rajasthan nd the southern districts of west Uttar Pradesh during the next 48 hours.

The following is the daily weather chart: Ahmedabad 92 78 0 28.3 plus 1.6, Ahmednagar 83 68 0.4 18.6 plus 3.1, Allahabad 87 78 0.1 35.5 plus 3.5, Bangalore 77 66 0 10.0 minus 5.1, Baroda 91 75 0.1 41.4 plus 8.9, Belgaum 73 66 0.1 51.6 plus 14.5 BOMBAY 87 79 T 57.6 minus 5.5, Calcutta 78 76 0.8 42.0 minus 0.4, Delhi 95 75 0.9 28.3 plus 8.2, Hyderabad (Dn.) 82 71 0.2 31.2 plus 11.8, Lucknow 87 76 0.7 25.4 minus 7.2, Madras 95 79 0 16.0 plus 3.8, Mahabaleshwar 65 60 2.3 191.4 minus 49.1, Mysore 77 65 0.1 9.2 minus 1.7, Nagpur 87 75 0.8 25.1 minus 14.4, Patna 86 77 0.2 35.5 minus 0.6, Poona 81 71 0.2 15.4 minus 1.6, Shillong 75 61 0.3 68.9 plus 19.6, Sholapur 86 71 1.7 17.1 minus 0.2, Simla 66 59 H 59.3 plus 15.9 Surat 91 79 0 27.5 minus 9.5

N.Y. PHILHARMONIC ON CINE STAGE

The New York Philharmonic- Symphony Orchestra under its regular conductor Dimitri Mitropoulos has just completed a highly successful engagement at a motion picture theatre in New York City. The 104-member orchestra, the oldest in the United States, presented a 45-minute symphony programme four times a day for two weeks at the Roxy Theatre beginning September 1.

The engagement it is believed, marked the first time that a major symphonic organization appeared in a motion picture theatre as a feature of the regular programme. The primary purpose of the appearance was to bring "good" music to the people at low admission prices. Works by Richard Wagner, Sergei Prokofieff, Giacomo Puccini, Friedrich von Flotow, Felix Mendelssohn, and Manuel de Falla were among those played.

The American soprano Eileen Farrell appeared with the orchestra. During the orchestra series, "The Black Rose," a film based on a historical novel by Thomas Costain, was shown at the theatre.—USIS

CUTTACK: The United Flood Relief Committee, formed under the auspices of the Orissa United Council for Relief and Welfare, has sent a contribution of Rs. 10,000 to the Chief Minister of Assam as a token donation.

THE TIE THAT IS DIFFERENT

ANTICREASE
NON FADING
In Mysore Silk ties there are shades and patterns to suit every individual taste. Every tie is well cut and gives a good length. And a Mysore Silk tie always makes a good knot, and never creases.

Mysore

SILK FABRICS

THE LUXURY SILK OF FASHION

Government Silk Weaving Factory Mysore.

Requisition Order On City Flat

BOMBAY STATE'S APPEAL ALLOWED

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI).

THE Supreme Court today by majority judgment allowed the appeal of the Government of Bombay against the judgment of the Bombay High Court quashing a requisition order in respect of a flat in Malabar Hill, Bombay.

The concurring judgments were delivered by the Chief Justice Mr. Harilal Kania, Mr. Justice Fazl-Ali and Mr. Justice Das with Mr. Patanjli Shastri agreeing with the Chief Justice. The dissenting judgments were delivered by Mr. Justice Mukherjee and Mr. Justice Mahajan.

The case arose out of an order passed by the Government of Bombay on February 26, 1948 requisitioning a flat in building known as "Paradise", Malabar Hill, Bombay. It was under the occupation of Mr Khushal Das Advani. The Government later allotted the flat to Mrs. G. Dayaram, a Sindhi refugee. Mr. Advani filed a petition to the High Court for a writ of certiorari and a writ of prohibition against the order. Mr. Justice Bhagwati sitting on the original side granted the petition.

In an appeal by the Government of Bombay Chief Justice Mr. Chagla of the Bombay High Court and Mr. Justice Tendolkar upheld the order of Mr. Justice Bhagwati with modification that writs were to be issued against the Government only.

The Government of Bombay then preferred an appeal to the Supreme Court allowed the petition by majority of four to two.

The principal questions that were under dispute in this case were: first, whether the Government of Bombay's order requisitioning the flat was a quasi-judicial act or administrative act; secondly, whether a Writ of Certiorari lay against the Government of Bombay: and thirdly, whether the High Court had jurisdiction to issue a Writ of Certiorari against the Government of Bombay.

The Attorney-General of India, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, who appeared for the State of Bombay contended that the requisition order was an administrative order and hence no Writ of Certiorari could be issued against it. He also said that determination of a public purpose was a matter which rooted in the opinion of Government alone, and that the decision of the facts mentioned in Section Three of the Bombay Land Requisition Ordinance under the order was made, also depended on that opinion.

DEFENCE PLEA

Mr. H. M. Seervai, who appeared for the original occupant of the flat in question, Mr. Khusaldas Advani, argued that the requisition order was a quasi-judicial order and hence a Writ of Certiorari was available. He said the determination whether the requisition of the flat and allotment to another refugee was a public purpose was an objective one.

The Chief Justice, Mr. Harilal Kania, referring to this contention, said in his judgment: "Section 3 of the Ordinance permits the Provincial Government, if in its opinion, it is necessary or expedient to do so, to make an order in writing to requisition any land for any public purpose. Keeping aside for the moment the proviso to the Section, it is not seriously disputed that the subjective opinion of the principal government in respect of the order of requisition is not open to challenge by a Writ of Certiorari.

THE TWO FACTORS

Provincial Government's Stand

"The Ordinance has left that decision to the discretion of the Provincial Government and that opinion cannot be revised by another authority. It appears, therefore, that except when 'mala tides' are clearly proved, that opinion cannot be questioned. The next question is whether the requirement for any public purpose stands on the same footing. On behalf of the appellants, it was argued that the opinion of the Government that it is necessary or expedient to pass an order of requisition stands on the same footing as its decision on the public purpose. In the alternative, it was argued that the two factors, namely, necessity to requisition and decision about the public purpose, form one composite opinion and the composite decision is the subjective opinion of the Provincial Government."

The Chief Justice said that the third alternative contention was that the decision of the Government about a public purpose was a fact which it had to ascertain or decide and, therefore, the order of requisition had to follow. The decision of the Provincial Government as to the public purpose contained no judicial element in it. Just as the Government had to see that their order of requisition was not made in respect of land which was used for public religious worship or one in respect of land used for a purpose specified by the Provincial Government in the official Gazette or that the premises were vacant on the date when the notification was issued, Government had to decide whether a particular object for which it was suggested that land should be requisitioned was a public purpose.

ORDER OF COSTS

This contention was "clearly correct", the Chief Justice said and, therefore, it was unnecessary to deal with the first two arguments. There appeared nothing in the Ordinance to show that in arriving at its decision on this point the Provincial Government had to act judicially. Sections 10 and 12, which were relied upon to show that the decision was quasi-judicial, did not support the plea. So there was no scope for an application of Writ of Certiorari and hence the Government of Bombay's appeal was allowed.

In conclusion, the Chief Justice said that the order of costs made by the Lower Court in favour of the respondent was cancelled. The respondent would pay the costs throughout.

Mr. Justice Fazl Ali, who agreed with the Chief Justice's conclusions, said that the existence of a public purpose was the foundation of the power of the Provincial Government to requisition premises under Section 3. He said that the framers of the Ordinance never intended to impose any duty on the Provincial Government to determine judicially whether a certain purpose was a public purpose or not. He observed: "The remedy of the respondent is clearly by action and not by asking for a Writ of Certiorari."

IMMUNITY QUESTION

Two Branches Of Contention

Mr. Justice B. K. Mukherjee who, along with Mr. Justice Mahajan, upheld the Bombay High Court's decision in the case, referred in his judgment at length to the contention of Mr. M. C. Setalvad that the provincial Governor was immune from any proceedings in a court of law. He said that two branches of the contentions of the Attorney-General were: first, the expression "Provincial Government" occurring in Section 3 of the Ordinance meant the same thing as the Governor of the Province. So immunity was enjoyed by the Provincial Government in respect of all judicial processes under Section 106 (1) of the Government of India Act, 1935.

Secondly, under Section 176 of the Act, no action of this character could be brought against the Province of Bombay and in any view the expressions "sue or sued" as used in Section 176 did not include an application for a Writ of Certiorari.

As regards the first branch of the contention, Mr. Justice Mukherjee said that no definition of the term "provincial government" had been given in the 1935 Act. So, Governor was the executive head of a province and all executive acts were done in his name. That did not mean that the Government of a province was vested solely in the Governor, or that expression "Governor" or "provincial government" had the same meaning and connotation in the act. "It is only a form adopted for the purpose of convenience that in a Governor's province all acts of the provincial Government would be done in the name of the Governor, no matter wherever under the Constitution the responsibility might actually lie."

DIFFERENT PRINCIPLES

Referring to Section 306 (1) of the Act, Mr. Justice Mukherjee said: "It is based on absolutely different principles, and it is not concerned with the acts of any provincial Government no matter in whose name the acts are expected to be taken." Its whole object was to grant personal immunity to the Governor-General, the Secretary of State or Governor of a province from all proceedings in, or processes from, any court in India.

Mr. Mukherjee said that the second branch of the Attorney-General's contention hinged on the true construction of Section 176 of the 1935 Act. The right and liability of the Secretary of State for India to sue, or to be sued, were created for the first time by Section 65 of Act 21 and 22 Victoria Chapter 106, which was passed in 1858 on the transfer of the Government of India from the East India Company to the Crown.

The object of this Act, Mr. Justice Mukherjee continued, was to transfer to Her Majesty the possessions and government of British territories in India, which were then vested in the East India Company in trust for the Crown. But as the Queen could not be sued in her own court, it was provided that the Secretary of State-in-Council as a body corporate would have the same rights of suit as the East India Company had and would be subject to the same liability of being sued as was previously attached to the East India Company. This provision was reproduced in Section 32 of the Government of India Act of 1915.

The question, therefore, was whether an action that could have been brought against the East India Company prior to 1858 could be brought against the provincial Government today. Mr. Justice Mukherjee said it could. He, therefore, agreed with the judgment of the Bombay High Court and dismissed the Government of Bombay's appeal.

KASHMIR SITUATION EXPLOSIVE

Zafrullah Addresses U. K. Pressmen

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, Sept. 15.

SIR M. ZAFRULLAH KHAN, the Foreign Minister of Pakistan, spent four days in London before leaving on Sunday for Lake Success to attend the United Nations Assembly.

He saw Mr. Attlee and held a press conference on the question of Kashmir. He warned both the Government and the press that the situation in Kashmir was explosive. With Tibet to the east and Sinkiang to the north, he suggested that Kashmir concerned everybody. But he refused to answer the question whether he expected any Power to get involved.

Sir Muhammad wants Britain to give a lead in the Security Council and in the behind-the-scene negotiations.

OLD SCOTTISH LADY

The "fastest English speaking Minister", as the Liverpool Post described Sir M. Zafrullah, of course, blamed the Government of India for the Kashmir dispute. At every stage India had blocked the way to agreement, Pandit Nehru's attitude, he said, reminded him of the old Scottish story of the mother watching the troops marching through the village. She said, "everybody oot o' step but oor Jock". On Kashmir everybody seems to be out of step but Pandit Nehru, said Sir Muhammad.

The Manchester Guardian, the only journal to comment on the observations made by Sir Muhammad, drew contrast between Pandit Nehru and Sir Muhammad when speaking of Kashmir. "The Indian Prime Minister," said the journal, is easily fired to flashing anger. Sir Muhammad makes his attacks with patient irony."

COMPLEX ISSUE

While admiring the tone and temper of Foreign Minister of Pakistan, the journal felt necessary to observe that in the Kashmir problem the question of right and wrong was complex and that the Security Council was working for a solution by the reconciliation of the disputants.

"It may be that the Pakistan Government will become embarrassed by the swelling popular feeling in Pakistan; while it is possible to meet Indians, especially from the South, who are indifferent to the fate of Kashmir, very few Pakistanis are uninterested.

"An election campaign, added the journal, is now taking place in the Punjab. The Communists, a very small party but active, are using the public feeling over Kashmir to attack Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan. So are the Nawab of Mamdot, Mr. Suhrawardy and the Awami Moslem League. There are also rumours of restiveness of among the Pathan tribes. No doubt the Pakistan Government wants outside world to think that may be an inconvenient drift towards extremism of Pakistan's demands are not met. It may therefore be exaggerating its difficulties. But the sharpening of feeling in Pakistan side, combined with the growing communalism in India shown in the recent Congress presidential election suggest unpleasant times ahead."

THE BLACK PROBLEM IN SOUTH AFRICA

NEW YORK Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The mass circulation magazine "Life", in a 16 Hpage photographic study of "South Africa and its problems" this week said the "black problem" threatened the peace and security of the Union.

The photographs, many in colour, were the work of Miss Margaret Bourke-white, who, "Life" claimed, had "explored South Africa's great issue and Dilemma,-the black problem.

Through centuries of white control, the magazine said, the problem has grown steadily graver until today it threatens the peace and security of the Union and has aroused grave international concern over South Africa's stewardship of human liberties.

Mr. C. H. Timberlake

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (UPI): Mr. Clare Hayes Timberlake who has been American Consul-General in Bombay for the last two years has been appointed Counsellor and Chief Public Affairs Officer of the American Embassy in New Delhi.

Syria has announced she will not accept any financial aid made conditional on her agreement to the status quo in Palestine. A Government statement denied reports that Syria had asked for a loan from the United States Import-Export Bank on this condition.

PREVENTING TRAIN BURGLARIES

Indian Invents New Device

CALCUTTA Sept. 15 (PTI) The East Indian Railway authorities are now experimenting on an electromechanical looking device, invented by Mr. Provash Chandra Mukherjee, a Calcutta electrician, which, according to the inventor, will prevent burglary, theft and other cognate crimes in trains as well as counteract such evils as misuse of alarm chain.

According to the direction of the Railway Board, one full rake has been fitted with the device to Mr. Mukerjee's specification at the E.I. Railway workshop at Lillocah. As an experimental measure, this rake will run on Benares Express for three months, after which a final decision on the adoption of the device on other trains will be taken.

The main feature of the device, according to its inventor, is that as the train moves, all its doors get lock automatically and remain so as long as the train is in motion. If any door is left open, a bell sounds in the sompartment with the train's motion and as soon as the door is shut, the bell stops and the door get locked. When the train stops at a station, the doors on the platform side get unlocked while the offside dors remain locked authomatically.

But if a train stops midway between station, the doors remain locked and can be opened on one side only at the guard's discretion. Any attempt to tamper with a window bar or to force open a door of a compartment in the moving train will authomatically work alarm bells inside the compartment as well as in the engine

CONSCRIPTION EXTENDED

Bill In British Parliament

LONDON, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): The House of Commons today gave a second reading to a bill authorising extension of conscription for the British forces from 18 months to two years.

The opposition had already announced its support for the bill.

Only objection came from a small group of Labour Pacifists.

17 SPIES ARRESTED IN W. GERMANY

Eight Convicted

HEIDELBERG, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): United States Army Intelligence agents rounded up 17 alleged Russian and Czech spies shortly before the start of Exercise Rainbow, the American Army's big autumn manoeuvres in the United States zone of Germany, American sources said today.

All but three were picked up in the Nuremberg area, where American troop strength was concentrated.

A high American Intelligence officer said that the Russian and the Soviet associated countries were "capturing" Western Germany with spies, many of them posing as refugees. Eight of these seized had already been triad and given prison terms from five to eight years.

Four of the spies were girls, two of whom were convicted of having recruited an American Army deserter as an agent for the Czech intelligence service.

More Offers Of Help To U. N. In Korea

LAKE SUCCESS, Sept. 14 (PTI-Reuter): It was announced that the United Nations Command had accepted offers of help from Pakistan, the Philippines, Denmark and the International Refugee Organisation.

Pakistan had offered 5,000 tons of wheat and medical supplies.

A United Nations spokesman said six of an expected 15 representatives from the World Health and International Refugee Organisations would leave soon for Korea to help administer civilian relief activities there.

Uruguay today offered the United Nations Korean Command 2,000,000 dollars (about ₹14,000) to buy "purchases which may be deemed necessary" for the Korean campaign.

Venezuela announced that she was willing to contribute medical supplies valued at 100,000 dollars (about £357,000) to the Unified Command.

Air Agreement Between Burma And Sweden

RANGOON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Sweden and Burma have concluded a reciprocal air transport agreement, it was reported here today.

The pact, which was signed by Burmese Foreign Minister and Swedish Consul General here, is patterned on the Bermuda Air Agreement between Britain and the United States and is the third bilateral air agreement concluded by Burma.

Seeking Support For Inter-Racial Marriage

SINGAPORE, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): A Singapore youth leader left here by air today for six-months tour of the Middle-East to enlist Muslim moral support in a fight to uphold the marriage of thirteen-year-old Dutch jungle girl, Bertha de Hartogh, to young Malay teacher, Mansoor Adibi.

The leader, Mohamed Khan, President of the Singapore Young Men's Muslim Association, declared that the case had become a national issue. An application by the Dutch Consul-General for annulment of Bertha's marriage is due to be heard in the High Court on October 16

REFORMS IN U. P. POLICE

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 15. (PTI): The police force of Uttar Pradesh is being reorganised to make it more efficient in dealing with the increased work in accordance with the recommendation of the Police Reorganisation Committee appointed by the State Government a few years ago.

According to the reorganisation scheme, traffic constables in the State are now being drawn from the armed police and not from civil as before. Special training in arms and traffic duties is being given to constables selected for traffic duties at training centres.

Unarmed traffic police, a spokesman of the Police Department said, were found incapable of dealing with the heavy traffic.

Another important change implemented recently is the separation of crime investigation work from the watch and ward work.

INDO-PAK BANKING AGREEMENT

Cordial Talks

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 15 (PTI) An official announcement released at the end of Thursday's sitting of the Indo-Pakistan Conference on the implementation of the Inter-Domination Banking Agreement stated that discussion on the Punjab (Pakistan) agenda was continued and finished in a very cordial atmosphere. All the decisions arrived at were unanimous. Substantial progress was made in regard to the vecation of unverified claims by the Punjab (Pakistan) authorities.

The conference decided that the claims of Muslim evacuee depositors in the co-operative institutions in P.E.P.S.U. including Kapurthala and Patiala should be paid at an early date after verification. It was agreed that the claims of non-evacuee depositors in both the Punjabs against societies whose records and surplus funds were to be transferred to the other Dominion should be invited and arrangements made to make payment after verification.

The representatives of the two Punjabs undertook to reconstrust the records of the societies which have been lost or destroyed.

Another Dispute Settled

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 15 (PTI): One of the main disputable items on the agenda of the Indo-Pakistan Conference on co-operative banks accounts was settled at Thursday's sitting of the conference.

It is understood that Pakistan delegates handed to Indian delegates the books and records of Madar (India) Village Co-operative Union in which Hindus' deposits amounted to rupees fourteen lakhs and Muslims' deposits amounted to rupees six lakhs.

As the result of production of these books all the accounts in these banks of Hindus and Muslims would be amicably settled, it was stated.

Acquittals In Gwalior

GWALIOR, Sept. 15 (PTI): The City Magistrate of Gwalior yesterday acquitted three persons, who were being prosecuted for defying the ban imposed by the District Magistrate on meetings and processions.

The Magistrate held that the prosecution had failed to prove that the Government validly delegated the powers to the District Magistrate

Tara Singh Cheerful

KARNAL, Sept. 15 (PTI): Mr. Ram Kishen, Secretary of the Punjab State Congress Committee, interviewed Master Tara Singh in the Karnal Sub-Jail yesterday. The interview lasted about an hour.

Mr. Ram Kishen later told the press that he found the Akali leader "quite cheerful."

Ayurvedic Education

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15 (PTI): The President of the All-India Vaidya Pratinidhi Mandal, Kaviraj Ram Chandra Mullick of Calcutta, has suggested the setting up of a committee of leading ayurvedic practitioners of the country to prescribe the mode of ayurvedic education and to fix the minimum standard of eligibility for such education", instead of acting on the impracticable recommendations of the Chopra Committee."

Plague In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, Sept. 15 (PTI): Eight out of Hyderabad's 16 districts, including the district of Hyderabad, reported cases of plague in August, according to a press note issued yesterday.

The disease claimed a total of 61 deaths out of 198 attacks in the State last month.

Cholera accounted for 461 deaths in Hyderabad State last month, while smallpox killed 46 persons during the same period.

Courts Along The Border

AMRITSAR, Sept 15 (PTI): Inspectors-General of Police from the two Punjabs and police officers from the six border districts and commandants of border police met in conference here yesterday to concert measures for putting down border crime.

They decided to recommend to their respective Governments to establish courts along the border for trial of criminals on the spot.

SEPARATE BLOCK FOR DEFENCE MINISTRY

Rs. 3-Crore Building Plan

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15.

THE Government of India has decided to build a separate secretariat block for the Defence Ministry including its attached offices such as headquarters for the army, navy and the air force.

The building is estimated to cost rupees three and half crores spread over three or four years. Provision for about Rs. 50 lakhs is expected to be made for the purpose in the 1951/52 budget. War-created hutments which house many of the civil and military offices are steadily increasing. The addition of deputy ministers, for instance, requires additional office accommodation not only for the ministers but for their private secretaries and personal assistants.

PRESSURE

There are fifteen ministers, four ministers of State and six deputy ministers at present as against seven executive councillors in the pre-independence India. Two more deputy ministers for Finance and Industry are envisaged. All this has thrown additional pressure on office accommodation. It may be added that all efforts to disperse offices from New Delhi have so far failed.

A separate building for defence organisations will enable civil offices to move into the South Block. A separate block for the Foreign Office is also being planned.

MALARIA ON THE BORDER

Health Services Mobilised

LAHORE, Sept. 15. (PTI): As reports of cases of malaria have started coming in from the flood-affected areas, the Directorate of Health Services, Punjab (India), are mobilising all their resources to meet immiment danger of a general outbreak of epidemics.

The local permanent anti-malaria staff of the affected districts are being reinforced by the deployment of the anti-malaria units from the unaffected districts. All the medical relief units have been provided with anti-malaria drugs for free distribution

An inspectorate consisting of three senior officers of the Health Department has been set up to visit various areas to check up the work of the medical units.

ENOUGH DOCTORS, SAYS GILDER

More Pharmaceutists Wanted

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 15. (PTI): Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Bombay's Minister of Health, said yesterday that the number of doctors had reached a "saturation point" in Bombay State, but there was great dearth of pharmaceutists.

Presiding over the second annual day celebrations of the College of Pharmacy, founded by the Ahmedabad Education Society out of the donation of Rs. three lakhs given by the sons of late Seth Lallubhai Motilal, a mill agent, the Health Minister said: "Doctors who are crowding cities require to be distributed in rural areas where they are scarce, while the profession of pharmaceutists, which is new, should develop high ethical standards as the fate of doctors is in their hands. Ancient vaids prepared their own drugs, but in modern times doctors prescribe drugs and medicines manufactured by pharmaceutists."

BIHAR TO START FAIR PRICE SHOPS

Profiteering In Medicines Alleged

PATNA, Sept. 15 (PTI): The Government of Bihar are considering a proposal for starting "fair price" shops for certain essential medicines in all important towns of the province, it is learnt.

Imported drugs and medicines have mostly gone underground in Bihar and are selling at abnormal rates in the blackmarket since the beginning of the Korean War.

Khedkar Re-Elected Berar Congress President

AKOLA, Sept. 15 (PTI): Dr. Gopalrao Khedkar was re-elected President of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee today, defeating his rival, Mr. Pandhari Sitaram Patil, M.L.A., by 30 votes to nine.

Salt producers in Saurashtra have been permitted to send salt to ports of Bombay State except Bombay in small country craft.

SUGAR MILLS LOSE CASE

Award Of Bonus In U.P

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 15 ((PTI): A full bench of the Allahabad High Court, consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Sapru and Mr. Justice Bhargava rejected the application of the Indian Sugar Mills Association, Lucknow, against an order of the U.P. Government about payment of bonus and retainer allowance to workers in sugar mills.

The application was filed by Mr. Hari Raj Swarup, President of the Indian Sugar Mills Association. He challenged the order of the Uttar Pradesh Government, about payment of bonus and retainer allowance to workers as recommended by the Court of Enquiry with Justice Bind Basni Prasad as Chairman. He prayed for a writ to restrain the enforcement of the order.

A preliminary objection was raised that the Indian Sugar Mills Association had no right to represent the mills.

Their Lordships, after dealing with the arguments advanced on behalf of the applicant and the U.P. Government, held that the applicant had no such legal interest in the matters affected by the order of Government as it would entitle it to apply for the writ, order or direction that it claimed.

The application was dismissed.

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Tatas Crowned Senior Harwood League Champions

I.C.L. SUCCUMB BY 3 GOALS TO ONE

A. Braganza Covers Himself With Glory

(By Our Soccer Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Friday.

A colossal crowd of over 11,000 football fans—a record for this season at the Cooperage—swarmed to witness the final match that was to decide the Championship of the Senior Harwood League, and victory went to Tata Sports, who beat India Culture League by three goals to one this evening.

Tatas last won the League honours in 1948 and this is their third win since the tournament has started, or since they have played in the League. Their first win was in 1945.

Undisputably, Tatas deserved to win. Their side was better balanced and every man in defence marked his charge with dog-like watchfulness. Parab and Laloo were well bottled up. Peter Ferrao was finding Woodcock an unsurmountable obstacle, and it was only Braganza who managed to scheme around to provide his side with some good scoring chances.

As for I.C.L. they are living on their past reputation. Thomas a sharp shooter has slowed down considerably with age. Parab is playing below form and Laloo is completely out of sports without the necessary support from Thomas and Parab. The intermediate line is the main cause of I.C.L.'s downfall. They have little idea as to what is expected from halves.

TATAS SUPERIOR

Tatas proved their superiority in every department of the game by taking the initial advantage and opened their account in the second minute through Shetty, who headed a rebound from goalkeeper Bhoja's hands and the cross-bar Balan look the shot at goal.

Peter ran down the left flank in an attempt to draw level, but when nearing goal he was kept in check by Ananthram. I.C.L. were now gradually settling down, but they were finding it difficult to penetrate the Tata defence.

FERRAO WARNED

Play tamed down for quite a period of ten minutes, but just as things were looking well for Tatas and I.C.L. were turning the corner Peter Ferrao was brought down by Woodcock. He took things in his own hand and threatened Woodcock. Woodcock, in turn called upon Referee Utchil and Peter Ferrao was warned.

Three minutes before the breather Woodcock failed to clear a pass from Braganza and Perumal, the right outer rushed in to send in a sensational shot that had Bhoja beaten.

The sixth minute after resumption brought I.C.L. the reducer when Woodcock scored off a flag kick. I.C.L. now applied pressure and forced a second corner but Thomas fouled Thingalaya with a pull and was rightly hauled up.

Tatas were now running the gauntlet and the "Sword of Damocles" hung over their goal. Woodcock has risen out of his defensive position to play the part of schemer. He was all over Tatas and it was quite a furious encounter now. It could be that the equalizer was near at hand.

Woodcock sent in a dazzling long shot from about 45 yards from outside goal, but the ball just grazed over the cross bar. Transferring play Shetty failed to get Bhoja beaten with a solo effort.

Anthony Braganza tried his level best to pull Tatas out of their defensive position and he was rewarded when he scored his side's third goal from close in after a fine piece of dribbling.

The teams were:—
TATA SPORTS: Thingalaya: Papen (Jr.), Papen (Sr.); Ananthram, Krishnan, Damodar; Perumal, Shetty, Peter Ferrao, Anthony Braganza, Balan.

INDIA CULTURE LEAGUE: Bhoja; Mukherjee, Woodcock; Salvi, Peter Pereira, Paul; Albert, Parab, Laloo, Thomas, Peter.

Referee: N. K. Utchil.

League Table

SENIOR HARWOOD LEAGUE
FINAL POSITION

	P.	W.	D.	L.	1A	Pts.
Tatas	20	15	4	1	47	3	35
I. C. L.	20	14	4	2	50	17	32
Burmah-Shell	20	10	5	5	29	17	25
Indian Navy	20	11	2	7	40	39	24
B. E. S. T.	20	5	9	6	20	24	19
G. I. P.	20	5	8	7	25	24	18
B. Amateurs	20	7	4	9	19	31	18
St. Fr. Goans	20	5	6	9	18	23	16
Rashids	20	5	10	23	36	15
Goan Sports	20	4	4	12	20	50	12
Bombay Gym.	20	0	7	13	9	36	7

Rashid's Held To A Draw

NAVY SHARE FOUR GOALS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Rashid Sports Club and Indian Navy shared four goals in the Western India Football Championship for the Rahimtulla Cup which is now in its second round stage in one of the closest contested matches seen at the Cooperage for a long time. No extra time was played.

Rashid Sports were dictating terms. They combined well and their every move proved a danger in the Navy goal area. Goalkeeper Roy of the Navy had quite a difficult and anxious time. He, however, managed with his clever anticipation and keenness to save.

Indian Navy possess a combination that is hard to beat, but they are wont to play in patches. Today was another of the patch work performances. Mukundan was solely responsible for the attack while Mohamed, Lyngdoh, Raghwan Thappa and Singh played the defence well.

Mukundan splendidly placed the ball past Aricknathan to give the Navy the lead in the twenty-third minute of play. The Navy managed to prevail with this lead upto their breather.

The second period was fought with greater determination and Rashid's were definitely on top. Dass opened their account with an open sitter in the third minute of this period to give them the equalizer.

Seven minutes later, Kuppuswamy took hold of the ball lying a yard away from goal and a few inches out of goalkeeper Roy's reach after Roy had stopped the ball with his hand. This put Rashid's in the lead.

The Navy were given a fighting chance when Nicholson was brought down in goal area by Lobo and Referee Francis blew a long blast for a penalty. Mukundan converted to give the Navy the equalizer.

The Navy goal had quite a busy time and they were lucky to live to fight another day.

The teams were:
INDIAN NAVY: P. K. Roy; D. Singh, Thappa, Mohamed, Raghwan, Lingdoh, Stewart, Shanku, Mukundan, Nicholson, Raju Peter.

RASHID SPORTS CLUB: Aricknathan: R. Lobo, Murthi, Raphael, Shankar, Hussein, Janki, Dass, Verghese, Kuppuswamy, Sakharam.

Referee: A. J. Francis.

Yadavindra-Patiala Hockey Tournament

NEW DELHI Sept. 15.

The All-India Yadavindra-Patiala Hockey Tournament will be held this year from October 1, the Secretary of the Khalsa Sports Club announced today.—PTI.

Cycling Association's Constitution Prepared

BOMBAY, Friday.

It is learnt that the Ad-Hoc Committee of the Bombay State cycling Association has now prepared the Constitution of the body, and will put up for adoption in the General Meeting which is to be held on Thursday, 28th September at 6 p.m. at the Sport Secretariat offices at Barabourne Stadium.

Delhi Cloth Mills Football Tourney

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15.

In a dull and scrappy game, devaid of any interest, Youngmen reached the semi-final of the Delhi Cloth Mills Soccer Tournament by beating Pahar-Ganj United by two goals to nil this evening.—PTI.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage
4-15 p.m. I Navy vs Rashid's (Replay)
5-30 p.m. Asbestos vs Maharashtra (W.I. Championship).

St. Xavier's Groud, Parel
3-30 p.m. Dadar Harijan F.C. vs Bharat Bharhin "B" (Georgean Cup
4-30 p.m. Indian Gymkhana vs G.I.P. Rly. (Jr. Rovers)
5-30 p.m. Little Flowers H.S. vs St. Sebastian H.S.
(Cowasji Jehagir Cup)

TABLE TENNIS

C.C.I. Courts
3-15 p.m. Junior's Singles (first round)
4-15 p.m. Men's Singles upper half (third and fourth round)
5-45 p.m. Men's Singles lower half (third and fourth rounds).

IT'S BALLYHOO, SAYS MAILEY

SYDNEY, Sept. 14. (PTI-Reuter)

FORMER test player for Australia Arthur Mailey "feels like weeping" when he hears of international cricketers complaining that tours are too strenuous.

Writing in the "Sunday Telegraph", Mailey says tours are a series of days in the sun, of soft, comfortable flannels and green grass. "They are things I used to dream about as a kid", Mailey says.

Mailey attributes "all this ballyhoo to the result of self-boredom rather than an overloaded programme of matches".

"Many cricketers become too important while on tour and are inclined to ape the nonsense of a temperamental opera star.

"The average test player doesn't spend half the time on the field that he spends normally at work", he says.

Mailey claims that a tour through Australia is even less strenuous than an English trip because for the most part only one serious match a week is played here.

Mailey also claims that there are far too many cocktail parties and receptions where drinks are served.

COMMONWEALTH TEAM LEAVES

LONDON, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): In sharp contrast to the enthusiastic send-off accorded to the M.C.C. Cricketers for Australia yesterday the departure for India of the Commonwealth team today went along unnoticed.

Only a small group of relatives and friends were at St. Pancras station when the party left for Tilbury to embark in the S.S. "Chusan" which was sailing later in the day.

But the sixteen players were all in high spirits and keenly looking forward to the tour. Both silver-haired manager George Duckworth, former England and Lancashire player, and skipper Leslie Ames, England and Kent player, were optimistic.

Among the boat train passengers were Indian cricketers P. Umrigar and Vinoo Mankad, returning home after playing in Lancashire League Cricket.

Another Indian test player, Vijay Hazare, went by an earlier train but will travel by the same boat.

JOG TRIUMPHS OVER BAJAJ

C. C. I. Table Tennis Championships

BOMBAY, Friday.

Play in the C.C.I. Open Table Tennis Championships was confined to the first and second of the Men's singles of the second and third quarter and the only match that aroused some excitement was the match down for decision at the fag end of the programme.

S. L. Bajaj succumbed to V. B. Jog in three hot contested and gruelling fabes. Bajaj won the initial game, but gave way over the extra points in the final.

The following are the results:
MEN'S SINGLES—(First Round)

S.L. Bajaj beat B.S. Rao 21-14, 21-19 J.N. Galvankar beat S. P. Bagalker 21-10, 21-17; P.R. Vednarayan beat R. B. Wallawalker 21-11, 21-15; S. Rao beat D.A. Abraham 21-15, 21-15; P.A. Vaidyanathan beat F. J. Dubash 21-11, 16-21, 21-19; G. K. Kulkarni beat I.E. Sargon 21-19, 21-18; A. Dalal beat B.C. Mitter 21-14, 21-18; P.D. Hiloo beat K.M. Kavarana 21-16, 21-13 K.R. Laxman beat S. S. Wallawalker 21-16, 9-21, 21-19; KR. Panjri beat A. Bambawala 21-9, 21-11; S.C. Mudnani beat R. T. Jhaveri 21-17, 21-14; K. K. Karanja beat R.B. Tipnis 21-4, 21-11; JG. Parekh beat P. Kumar 21-12, 18-21 21-12; P. Kumar beat R. Pataprhod 21-9, 21-12; J. Ezekiel beat J.E. Dastur (time limit) 20-22, 8-15, 9-6; D. N. Manaktola beat C.C. Sheti 19-21, 21-10, 21-13; T.M. Rasal beat R. S. Contractor 21-10, 21-14; S.V. Gaokar beat A.D. Kantak 21-10, 21-12; C. P. Nayudu beat M.N. Ahuja 21-7, 21-11.

SECOND ROUND

D. D. Walawalkar beat J. Galvankar 21-14, 21-12; S. Rao beat P. S. Varde 21-14, 22-24, 21-17; G. K. Kalambe beat A. Dalal 21-16, 21-3; K. R. Panjri beat S. Bhatkal 21-16, 21-19; R.K. Kerkera beat E.K. Mistry 21-10, 21-9; B.N. Sen beat N. S. Parulekar 21-11, 15-21, 21-14; D Solomon beat A.B. Dhandpale 21-14, 21-14; K. K. Karanjia beat P.A. George 2-15, 12-21 21-14; M Srinivas beat P.A. Vaidyanath 21-16, 21-14; A. I. Jacob beat N. Supariwala 21-9, 21-15; T. M. Rasal beat Y.K. Nedarya 21-11, 22-20; K. R. Laxman beat S. Pandit 21-17, 21-14; J. Ezekiel beat P.N. Muzumdar 21-15, 21-18; L. L. Bajaj beat K. S. Khot 21-10, 21-10; V. Venkatraman beat P. Abraham 21-19, 21-15; N. L. Bajaj beat R.V. Jaganath 10-21, 21-15, 22-20; N. Krishnamurthy beat R. M. Rao, 21-11, 21-12; V.B. Jog beat S.L. Bajaj 13-21, 21-19, 25-23.

TODAY'S FIXTURES
(16th September 1950)

3-15 p.m. First Round—Junior Singles.
4-15 p.m. 3rd & 4th Rounds—Men's Singles Upper Half.
5-45 p.m. 3rd & 4th Round—Men's Singles Lower Half.

Punjab Hockey Association's Action Too Drastic

MR. NAVAL TATA CLARIFIES POSITION OF I. H. F.

BOMBAY, Sept. 15 (PTI):

Mr. Naval H. Tata, President of th Indian Hockey Federation, declared here today that the recent action of the Punjab Hockey Association in withdrawing its representation from the Council of the IHF was "too drastic to be warranted by the sequence of events."

"Under the circumstances", he said, the attitude of the PHA, apart from creating an atmosphere of distrust, seems calculated to undermine the authority and solidarity of the IHF."

The PHA has preceded this withdrawal with the cancellation of their nominations to the Indian hockey team to tour Kenya this winter. This action was taken in protest of "the method being adopted by the IHF "In picking a team. While a selection committee nominated by the President of IHF did not see the necessity of trial matches being played, the PHA felt this to be the only "democratic" way of choosing the team.

The IHF President told the Press Trust of India that there was shortly to be a meeting of the IHF Council in Bombay at which, among other things, the protests lodged by the PHA and the situation that has arisen as a results of subsequent developments will be discussed.

Mr. Tata said: "The Punjab will be out of all Inter-State Hockey as long as their Association stays out of the IHF and to that extent unnecessary hardship will be inflicted on hockey players in the Punjab through the action of their local authorities".

Referring to the stand taken by the Punjab body, Mr. Tata made the following points:

The PHA have objected to the selection of the side by a small committee nominated by the President of the IHF. This committee consists of two vice-presidents, the hon. secretary, the hon. Treasurer and the assistant secretary of the IHF." The representative nature of this committee can hardly be questioned", said Mr. Tata, "as it covers the five important hockey-playing states namely: vice president Mr. Gupta Bengal: vice president Dr. Chatterjee-Uttar Pradesh; hon. secretary, Mr. R. D. Bhalla-the Punjab; the treasurer, Mr. Meherji Vakil-Bombay; the assistant secretary-Madras.

He said it was costly to stage trial matches "particularly when IHF funds are limited". It would be sheer extravagance to deploy badly needed money on trial matches, especially when our quest for players is not merely on the basis of hockey talent. Our hosts in Kenya had laid emphasis on the fact that the selected team should have players who can convey a correct impression of our society, education, and cultural attainments".

The Government of India, through the Educational Department, Mr. Tata said, had underscored the fact that "this being an ambassadorial side visiting Kenya, skill should not be the sole criterion for the selection of players".

The Kenya Hockey Association had instructed the IHF not to send a first class team as such a team would produce a one-sided game and discourage spectators. "This would be detrimental to the IHF as this time we are sharing gate money with the Kenya Hockey body", he added.

First Consul Wins Ayr Cup

LONDON, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): The Maharaja of, Rajpipla's First Consul by Blue Peter out of Malarison today won the Ayr Gold Cup Handicap sprint at Ayr Racecourse, Scotland beating Fairgirl by three quarters of a length with Donogoi a length way in third place.

Charlie Smirke specially flew to ride First Consul and the public regarded this as a direct pointer to his chance so that he started a warm favourite at two to one against.

Meanwhile in the south at Kempton Park near London the Maharaja of Baroda's, Mereayrh, was finishing third in the two miles Florizel Handicap Stakkes to Colonist the second owned by Winston Churchill and speciality.

Colonist the Second was eleven to four favourite and won by a short head

REVIVAL OF DELHI SOCCER TOURNEY

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15. (PTI).

The Durand Football Tournament will be revived in Delhi shortly it is learnt.

The tournament was last played in 1940.

GANG BHUP FANCIED IN CUP EVENT

Greek Star And Liberator Outstanding In Maidens

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

POONA, Friday.

WINNER PICKING in to-morrow's star event, the Rajaram Chatrapati Memorial Gold Cup, presents quite a tough problem, with more than a couple of candidates having a chance for claiming the trophy.

Gang Bhup, who won handsomely in the two previous essays makes out a serious case, while Pelion, also a smart winner, competes with excellent chance. Old-Timer, Namdar, is still capable of a rousing gallop and Maduri Majestic Way, Rajput Warrior and Cocktop cannot be easily discounted. It is going to be a big betting race with Gang Bhup and Pelion in good demand. I pin my faith in Mahomedali's Philderer rig. His job will not altogether be easy for resistance is sure to come from Kashmir's Majestic Way, who usually warms up late.

Greek Star and Liberator are likely to bring a double for Trainer Buckley.

1st Race 2-30 p m

Thana Plate I 8F.

Greek Star (Duffy)	8 12
Paper Crown (Kheemsingh)	8 12
All-in-All (J. Bhosle)	8 12
Sunny Island (—)	8 12
Bessemer (Amir Ahmed)	8 12
Imroz (Khade)	8 12
Kaiyani (Antoq)	8 12
Robert Moori (Sk. Ahmed)	8 12

Brackets: Sunny Island Bessemer.

GREEK STAR — Win
IMROZE — Next best
if ab. PAPER CROWN

2nd Race 3-00 p.m.

Ootacamund Plate II 9F.

To be ridden by Indian, Half and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

V. Day (Amir Ahmed)	9 3
Ijjat (Medhe)	9 1
Battle Song (Gahesh)	9 1
Luminary (R. Bhosle)	9 0
Brilliant Sunshine (J. Bhosle)	8 13
Fox Trot (Kasbekar)	8 11
Chhoti Begum (Antoo)	8 9
Rohini (Devaney)	8 7
Ajinkya Tara II (Chavan)	8 5
Dry Day (Damodar)	8 2
Miss Rutty (Raut)	8 0
Pyare Saheb (Dinkar)	7 6

Bracket: Fox Trot and Pyare Saheb.

V. DAY — Win
FOX TROT — Next best

3rd Race 3-30 p.m.

Sangli Plate I 8F.

Rukhsana (Khade)	9 0
Prince of Mahad (Mullsingh)	8 12
The Cavalier (B. McQuade)	8 9
Saita (Kadam)	8 9
Riviera (Ghauskhan)	8 7
Find Out (Hanuman S.)	8 7
Put All (Chavan)	8 6
Bara Mulla (Medhe)	8 5
Bihari (J. Bhosle)	8 3
Lira Malt (Shiba)	8 2
Philsooph (Kheemsingh)	8 2
Nasrullah (Purtu S.)	7 13

THE CAVALIER — Win
RUKHSANA — Next best
if ab. RIVIERA

4th Race 4-00 p.m.

Ootacamund Plate I 9F.

To be ridden with allowances by Apprentice Jockeys who have not ridden 20 or more winners.

(NO WHIPS ALLOWED)

Thunderer (Sk. Ahmed)	9 2
Gipsy Bill (Aurobinda)	8 10
Hirohito (Kadam)	8 3
Army and Navy (—)	8 2
Whirlpool (Devaney)	8 2
Ram Rattan (Gangaram)	8 0
Boticelli (Janardhan)	7 12
Striding Edge (Fakir Ahmed)	7 12
Poldo (Pierce)	7 11
Morning (I. Khan)	7 8

GIPSY BILL — Win
THUNDERER — Next best
if ab. STRIDING EDGE

5th Race 4-30 p.m.

Thana Plate II 8F.

Liberator (Duffy)	8 12
Casanova (Kasbekar)	8 12
Silver Pylon (Damodar)	8 12
New Jack (—)	8 12
Rabalto (J. Bhosle)	8 12
Pop (Amir Ahmed)	8 12
Al Mohalab (Antoo)	8 12
Radio Star (Raut)	8 12
Ballynahinch (B. McQuade)	8 12
The Coward (Shiba)	8 12
Brindia (Khade)	8 12
Wedding Day (Purtu S.)	8 12

LIBERATOR — Win
CASANOVA — Next best

6th Race 5-00 p.m.

Rajaram Chhatrapati Memorial Gold Cup 12F.

Jane Jigar (Kheemsingh)	9 8
Rana Pratap (Duffy)	9 2
Maduri (Hanuman S.)	8 12
Namdar (Damodar)	8 11
Majestic Way (Purtu S.)	8 6
Rajput Warrior (Kadam)	8 6
Cocktop (R. Bhosle)	8 2
Courage (—)	8 2
Pelion (Khade)	7 13
Gang Bhup (Chavan)	7 12
Pay Master (Mullsingh)	7 10
Khundil (Antoo)	7 10
Who's That (Shiba)	7 8
Shubh Laxmi (—)	7 5
Chocolate Baby (Raut)	7 0

GANG BHUP — Win
MAJESTIC WAY — Next best

7th Race 5-30 p.m.

Shimoga Plate 8F.

To be ridden by Indian, Half and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

Courage (Kheemsingh)	9 2
Baaz Bahadur (Khade)	8 7
Bhopal Star (Purtu S.)	8 5
Shubh Laxmi (Mullsingh)	8 5
Tomcat (Chavan)	8 1
Adeline (Damodar)	8 0
Dil-Ki-Bat (Antoo)	7 11
Ghizala (Kasbekar)	7 10
Yearling (Raut)	7 6

TOMCAT — Win
SHUBH LUXMI — Next best
if ab. DIL-KI-BAT

8th Race 6-00 p.m.

Sangli Plate II 8F.

To be ridden by Indian, Half and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

Star of Mahad (Mullsingh)	9 3
Passing Bell (B. Khalil)	9 1
Truman (Jai Singh)	8 13
Lady Cleopatra (Kheemsingh)	8 12
Makarpura (Khade)	8 12
D. Day (—)	8 12
Perseus (Medhe)	8 9
Princessa (Antoo)	8 8
Navroze (Purtu S.)	8 4
Indra Mohini (Kasbekar)	8 2
Musafir (Shiba)	8 2
Caltex (Damodar)	8 1
Anant Lakshmi (J. Bhosle)	7 9
Mah-I-Nau (Raut)	7 9

CALTEX — Win
INDRA MOHINI — Next best

CHOICE TREBLE:

GREEK STAR
GIPSY BILLE
LIBERATOR

FLUKES:
LIRA MALT
TRUMAN.

Buckley's Horses Do Well

(By Our Track Reporter)

POONA, Thursday.

Pelion, Greek Star and Liberator from Buckley's yard have put up excellent spurts today at Poona.

The following are the pick of this morning's work:—

FIND OUT (Hanuman) moved in hand when clocking three furlongs in 38 seconds.

ROHINI (Devancy) pleased when sent over three furlongs. She returned 38 seconds.

GANG BHUP (Chavan) did a noteworthy spurt over four furlongs from 9 to 5 in 52. May complete the hattrick on Saturday.

INDRA MOHINI (Kasbekar) was in hand when covering four furlongs from 8 to 4 in 54 seconds. The Gwalior candidate may upset on Saturday.

KHUNDIL (Antoo) shaped better than COURAGE (Kheem) when negotiating four furlongs from 8 to 4 in 53 seconds.

COCKTOP (Purtu) impressively covered four furlongs from 8 to 4 in 51 1/2.

PELION (Duffy) did a smashing spurt when accompanied by SPRING CHICKEN (Devaney) First-named shaped better and recorded 50 seconds for four furlongs from 9 to 5.

GREEK STAR (Duffy) was better than LIBERATOR (Kan Singh) when moving over four furlongs from 9 to 5 in 51 seconds. Buckley's charges are likely winners in the maiden lots.

RUKHSANA (Sk. Ahmed) went better than THUNDERER (R.B.) when covering three furlongs from 8 to 5 in 38 seconds.

WEDDING DAY (Purtu) put an attractive performance when engaged with POLDO (Medhe) over four furlongs from 8 to 4. Timing 52 1/2 seconds.

BATTLE SONG (Guman) went down to CHOCOLATE BABY (Raut) The trip over three furlongs was made in 38 seconds.

DRY DAY (Sk. Ahmed) held SILVER PYLON (Damodar) when engaged over three furlongs. Timing 39 seconds.

FOXTROT (Kasbekar) was not unduly extended when covering three furlongs from 8 to 5 in 38 seconds.

BARAMULLA (Medhe) covered three furlongs in 37 seconds. A fine display.

CASANOVA (Kasbekar) covered four furlongs from 8 to 4 in 54 seconds. He was in hand.

SAITA (Kadam) and MAKARPURA (Khade) were placed in close order when covering three furlongs from 8 to 5 in 38 seconds.

IMROZ (Khade) beat HIROHITO (Sawant) when covering three furlongs from 8 to 5 in 38 seconds.

TRUMAN (Kasbekar) was on the bit when striding over 8 to 5 in 38 1/2 seconds. He is in fine fettle at the moment.

Woodcock To Fight Gardner

LONDON, Sept 14, (PTI-Reuter): Bruce Woodcock, British heavyweight champion, has signed contracts to defend his title against Jack Gardner, of Market Harborough, Leicestershire. The fight will take place at Carls Court Stadium, London, on November 14.

EDDIE THOMAS RETAINS TITLE

British Welterweight Championship

SWANSEA, Sept. 14, (PTI-Reuter): Eddie Thomas of Merthyr tonight retained his British welterweight title by outpointing his fellow Welshman Cliff Curvie of Swansea over 15 rounds a the Saint Helens football ground here.

This was Thomas's first defence of the title since he won it from Henry Hall last November. He had a weight advantage of a little over two pounds.

The weather which had been fine and sunny all day took a turn for the worse just before the fighters entered the ring, rain pouring down; but it fortunately eased as the contestants were announced.

Thomas appeared worried by the southpaw stance of Curvis in the early round and there was at times so little action that the referee called on both men for more action. In round six Curvis from an unpercut to the body went down claiming a foul but the referee continued to count and when Curvis rose he was warned not to jump. There was still very little action though both sustained cut eyes but the last three rounds were fought furiously with Thomas doing enough to get the decision which was not too popular with some of the onlookers.

DISPLAY OF ARCHERY

Prof. Ramamoorty Amazes Delhi Audience

NEW DELHI, Sept. 14 (PTI): Archery wizard, 65-year-old Professor Ramamoorty, today amazed a large gathering with his feats, which included shooting a row of hanging threads blindfolded with an arrow.

At the YMCA Massey Hall today, he aimed at the target hung about 20 feet from him. He fixed his aim by the sound of a knock on a pole suspending the score of threads. Chanting mantras, he shot the arrow which with a lightning speed cut through the hanging threads. The Professor, who was dressed in the style of a legendary Mahabharata warrior, has about 400 gold medals all over his uniform.

Professor Ramamoorty will display his feats towards the end of this month at a variety programme organised by the Caravan of India in aid of Assam earthquake sufferers.

He intends to go on a tour of Europe and the United States in the near future.

SEBASTIAN'S 'C' WIN HARD LINES CUP

Cowasjee Jehangir Football

BOMBAY, Friday.

To encourage junior sides in school soccer, the Parel Football authorities have floated a trophy for the losing semi-finalist of the qualifying round of the Cowasji Jehangir Cup at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel, and this evening St. Sebastian H. S. "C" scored 2-1 victory over St. Pauls H. S. to win the trophy.

St. Sebastian played forceful soccer and made good use of the opportunities that came their way.

St Pauls too had their chances of scoring but they failed to do so as they were dilly-dalling with the ball.

Immediately after the start Anthony Gonsalves failed to give St. Pauls the lead and few minutes later were unlucky not to score as Joaquim's hard drive hit the cross-bar. Midway through Diego Fernandes gave St. Sebastian the lead by heading the ball from the rebound of the cross-bar.

After the interval St. Sebastian held the upper hand but the rival defence seldom allowed them to come within striking distance.

Towards the close of play Leo Clement put St. Pauls on terms Soon after Gladstone Martin scored the winning goal.

GEORGIAN CUP

Earlier in the evening G.I.P. Harijans beat Balweer F.C. by a solitary goal scored through Ramlal in the second half in the Georgian Cup Tournament.

Bari Tells Aussies To Play Squash In Big Way

September 14. (PTI-Reuter): Abdul Bari, No. 2 world ranking squash rackets player, expressed amazement that people in Australia do not play squash rackets in a big way.

"With your love for tennis—you won the Davis Cup—you should be squash fanatics", Bari said.

"Take number one place where you should be in squash rackets", Bari added.

The Bombay Chronicle

FROM BRETON WOODS TO PARIS

The annual sessions of the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank that commenced in Paris on the 6th of this month under the chairmanship of Mr. C. D. Deshmukh do not appear to have received the same amount of public attention that was bestowed on their predecessors. It is interesting to analyse some of the causes of this apparently waning interest in the working of two of the major world organizations created at the end of the last world war for the purpose of ensuring common action on the part of member states in the sphere of economic life. Both the Fund and the Bank have shared in the basic mishap of having to do without the co-operation of Russia and its allies. This dimunition of membership has a qualitative significance which is even more important than the more obvious quantitative limitation of ability to influence action. Russian withdrawal really spells the transformation of a world organization into one composed of more or less loosely associated political allies. Much as the Fund and the Bank may try to make out that their operations are confined to the strictly economic sphere and that they are influenced by only economic considerations the overall impact of politics on its working can hardly be concealed.

In at least two respects this development has proved detrimental to the normal working of the two bodies as international organizations. While it is true that there is no veto provided in the constitution of these bodies it is natural that the influence exercised by members should be in proportion to their contribution to the strength of the organisation. With Russia and U.S.A. in the same international body some balance in claims and deliberations was possible so that even smaller and ill-developed states could hope to receive fair and just treatment. With the dominance of a single state like U.S.A. all the deliberations really hang on the reactions of the American delegates. It will not be far wide off the mark to say that the real utility of these bodies is now limited to the opportunities that they offer gradually to educate the American mind in a readier and fuller understanding of its role in a democratic and integrated world order. This process is unfortunately very slow and full six years after the Breton Woods Conference it has been necessary at Paris to urge upon the American delegates the supreme importance of surplus balance countries lowering their tariff walls and otherwise liberalising foreign commerce. For our part we have stated more than once that unless the U. S. A. unilaterally and completely adopts a policy of free trade it will not live up to its proper historical role.

Whatever the views of individual American statesmen, may be the vested interests in America, capital as well as labour, are exhibiting a suicidal resistance to this clear indication of their course. The Monetary Fund can only act to alleviate temporary unbalance and to prevent a major international debacle. It cannot create conditions of basic balance which only trade and investment policies can help to achieve. The Bank is supposed to look after the investment end, but no more than 800 million dollar have been loaned by it so far, mostly to European and South American Nations. The conditions of these loans are too heavy and the delay involved is something which in the desperate situation of most of the would-be borrowers must be considered as almost fatal. American politics, which in its barest outline is that of arming proved allies against the Soviet threat, has sunk American capital in Europe with an abandon which has shorn the Bank's operations of all importance. The authorities of the International Bank are now offering to join the South Asian Conference being held at London with a view to help in the economic reconstruction of the region. This is a welcome gesture but one must doubt whether either the resources or the procedure of the Bank can really be turned fruitfully into this channel. The Bank is even more obviously a study group than the Fund and one is not surprised to see that both for investment and exchange stability nations are seeking the solution of their urgent problems outside the working of these bodies.

The current session of both these bodies has been held under the shadow of the Korean War and the gloomy portents of a coming world disaster. Even if the actual outbreak of a third world war is either prevented or delayed the impact of war on economic relations is assured. The rearmament activities of most of the leading countries, and of the U.S.A. and Great Britain in particular, are creating conditions of a new inflationary pressure. The situation for supply as for demand is likely to prove more and more trying for almost all the necessaries of a peaceful life. Undeveloped and poor economies which have not yet succeeded in restoring the disturbed conditions which are a legacy from the last war to anything like a new balance will find it well nigh impossible to face the problems created by a fresh bout of inflation in the leading countries. Their helplessness on the economic front may well create a situation which military assistance will not suffice to correct and democratic action in these countries in support of freedom and peace may be rendered impossible. It is to be hoped that American action, which, no doubt, is influenced by political and strategic considerations, sees the wisdom of utilizing peaceful organizations like the Fund and the Bank in support of imparting real balance to world economy as a whole and of contributing constructively to an early development of the economies of undeveloped nations, especially in the crucial regions of Asia. 'Too little and too late' is the epitaph written on the century of British leadership of the world. Unless America shows by the speed and the sweep of its constructive action that it has learnt the lesson of Britain's chequered career, prospects before world organizations like the Fund and the Bank are none too bright.

Criminal Outburst

Mr. Sultan Ahmad of Patna, a former member of the Viceroy's Executive Council has condemned a recent speech by the West Punjab (Pakistan) Governor, Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar as "most mischievous". Mr. Sultan Ahmad's protest is justified. But if what Sardar Nishtar is reported to have said is correct the language of condemnation is mild rather than harsh. The West Punjab Governor is reported actually to have affirmed that "a militarily strong Pakistan is also necessary for the safety of millions of Muslims of India". This is not just a "mischievous" suggestion. It is incredibly irresponsible and criminal. This is a distinctly warlike statement for it means that Pakistan's army should be ready and militarily strong enough to invade India on behalf of Indian Muslims who also are evidently not Indian Nationals but Pakistan's subjects and property.

A great deal of hullabaloo was recently raised, and we hold that it was raised quite rightly, over wild cries of "police action" against East Pakistan by a certain section of people in India. These men are known to be irresponsible fanatics owing no compelling obligations to the safety and security of the country and its people. They can speak wildly and with freedom from sober realism because they are not charged with the duty of running the affairs of the country. But their outcry was mischievous and dangerous. And responsible leaders of India condemned it and fought it. This is on record and is admitted by Pakistan too. Nor were Pakistan politicians and publicists slow to condemn those irresponsible Indians in language conspicuously remarkable for its harshness. Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar has made an equally dangerous and mischievous suggestion. What is the language of comment which that suggestion calls for? But there is something more significant about his statement. Sardar Nishtar is not an irresponsible non-official citizen of Pakistan. He is the Governor of West Punjab and, therefore, is supposed to speak with the authority of a very responsible spokesman of the Government of Pakistan. A pronouncement by a man like him is entitled to be regarded as interpretation of Pakistan's official policy. That is where lies the criminal danger of his outburst. And that is why it is necessary for the Government of Pakistan to repudiate that outburst promptly and categorically.

Thought For The Day

There are two guarantees of a wise rule of conduct; the thought before the action, and self-command afterwards.

ST. IGNATIUS.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT!

LAHORE, Sept. 14 (PTI): Mirza Mohamad Ibrahim, President of the Pakistan Trade Union's Federation was arrested on Tuesday night by the Lahore police.

Three other trade union workers including two office-bearers of the NWR Workers' Union, Lahore were also arrested.

* * *

According to a pro-Tandon report from Lucknow, the President-elect is, vis-a-vis Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's statement, "definitely in a conciliatory mood," and although it is "a closely-guarded secret," "Mr. Tandon, in his presidential address is reported to have expressed his faith in the secular State, the need for communal amity, and a mixed economy and to have advocated steering clear of rival power blocs so far as India's foreign policy is concerned."

And thereafter?

* * *

In a free, frank and informal talk with local press representatives at Sholapur the other day, Raja Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay said: "I am a great believer in press conferences and like the pressmen most."

We fully reciprocate his sentiments.

* * *

The Afghan Bakhtar News Agency says Pakistani planes flew in formation of five over the village of one of the officers of the Pakhtoonistan Army, from morning till evening on September 7 last and bombed the area.

We have no hesitation in urging on the Security Council that the Pakhtoons and Afghanistan should be required immediately to submit to an unconditional settlement with Pakistan in order to release Pakistani planes for—service in Korea.

* * *

The South African Minister of Lands, Mr. Johannes Strydom, has warned that if South Africa's non-Europeans turned on the white man, they would turn on all whites and not just the Nationalists.

They would. They inevitably and certainly would. They are being goaded so sharply, especially by the Nationalists.

* * *

Dr. N. Azikiwe, Nigerian Nationalist leader, has called for the trial of Mr. F. S. Philip, British Police Superintendent when 21 Africans were killed in the shootings at Enugu colliery last November—News Item.

How dare he? How DARE he!

Eh? No, no. We don't mean Mr. F. S. Philip, British Police Superintendent; we mean Dr. N. Azikiwe, Nigerian Nationalist leader.

* * *

On Thursday, says a New York report of the U. S. U. K. French conference, "the three Foreign Ministers were closetted without any advisers other than the three Allied High Commissioners for West Germany."

And arrived by general agreement at three separate and different conclusions?

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

By "Citizen"

THE CIVIC deadlock continued unabated this week too. In the two meetings held this week hardly ten items were discussed and the Corporation adjourned for a full week to meet again on coming Friday, after the Congress session at Nasik is over.

The worst sufferer is the September agenda on which there are over 150 items but not even one sixth of them are disposed of so far although the House has met nearly half a odzen times in the first fortnight of the month.

THE DEADLOCK

The Corporation front registered the continuance of the deadlock that has developed there in recent days The only change evident this week in contrast to what used to happen till last week, was that the Congress Party has stopped applying the closure and leaves it to the Opposition to carry on the discussion. The Mayor is applying the new time limit fairly rigorously to all sections of the House but even with that limit any item can take at least ten to fifteen minutes even when a couple of members offer their observations and some one moves an amendment. Thus in the two hours before the House not more than eight or ten items at the most can be covered.

The only solution to this impasse is to resolve the deadlock and to follow the old practice of allowing a number of items of minor importance to be accepted without any discussion. Until that is done progress is bound to be tortuously slow, as it has been recently. The key to the solution lies in the restoration of the agreement regarding time limit arrived at in the Law Committee to which I referred to last week, but so far the Congress Party does not seem to be in a mood for compromise nor are the Opposition in a mood to relax.

FACILITIES TO PILGRIMS

Turning to the few items discussed this week, one finds quite a few interesting ones among them. One such was the question of facilities to the thousands of pilgrims who annually visit Pandharpur on the occasion of the Ashadhi. In the pre-war days there used to be special concession in fares to these devotees of the famous Vithoba. A suggestion came from Mr. K. K. Shah of the Congress Party for the restoration of those facilities. He did not feel a speech was necessary to convince the House of the usefulness of his proposition. Opposition members used it as a peg to hang on it the many grievances of Railway passengers compared to pre-war days, and appealed to Dr. J. A. Collaco, the Corporation representative on the G.I.P. Railway Advisory Committee, to raise the issue in that Committee. One of them Mr. M. V. Donde pointed out that the suggestion as it came originally was incomplete in so far as it left out of consideration the Barsi Light Railway and the M.S.M. Railway which also one had to use in case one wanted to reach Pandharpur. His amendment was seconded by Mr. G. G. Morarji of the Congress Party who is the Chairman of the B.E.S.T. Committee and knows the problems of travelling public having been connected for years with the Passenger Relief Association. But even that could not induce the majority party to accept the amendment and the original proposition in its incomplete form was carried out.

REPAIRS TO SCHOOL

More serious was the case of a school building in the Rowli Camp. The Ex-chairman of the Schools Committee Mrs. Sulochana Modi moved that the leaking roof of that school building should be repaired. The discussion that followed brought to light some really serious aspects. It became known that this building happens to be a structure constructed by a society of the poor people of that colony, that it is a structure of only 16x10 feet without any window in it, that the floor is so uneven that one cannot stand erect or squat comfortably even for a few minutes, that there are no latrines or urinals within 250 yards of this structure. And in these ugly and unhealthy conditions no less than 200 children of tender ages belonging to the poor people of the locality are made to sit and receive their primary education which this city boasts to provide free. Apart from the opinion one may hold about the fights the parties are engaged in and the tactics they have been adopting, if slow business means unearthing of such scandalous state of affairs and if it leads the civic authorities to look into them and do something to remove them, the citizens especially the poor among them will welcome the delay. It is no use our city fathers disposing of items in a hurry and creating records on the one hand nor may it be a praiseworthy thing to move at a snail's pace but if the citizen were given a choice in the matter probably he would prefer a few things being done thoroughly rather than all manner of things attempted and left undone or half done.

DISPOSAL OF LAND

The policy of the Corporation for disposal of land once again came in for severe criticism. The case in question was the usual plea for a change of user. Two years ago a prominent city doctor purchased a few plots of land promising that a trust would be created to build a clinic. Of course he was careful enough to add a provision that in case he was not able to do so he would have the option of taking the plots in his own name. And now he came forward to tell the Municipality that due to difficulties a trust could not be created and he be allowed to use the land for other purposes like building shops and flats. The usual extra premium of a few rupees per square yard was there. But that could not satisfy the Opposition who reiterated their fundamental objection to land being first given at a concession rates on the plea that some charitable institutions was going to make use of it and then pass it on to private parties for quite different purposes. Some of them accused the Congress Party of favouritism and partiality in this respect and referred

(Continued on Page 9)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Rejoinder To Mr. Harris

The defence sought by Mr. Harris in your columns is self-exposing. I feel it is now time that the various political parties as well as the Government considered the whole question of strike afresh. Unless this is done violence is bound to continue and the firing will inevitably follow. The Socialists have already been exposed by the Communists as well as the public as regard their claim that they have been peaceful while somebody else has been responsible for violence. Those who have personally seen the Socialist workers and volunteers indulging in stone-throwing and forcibly holding up trams and buses with all sorts of threats can never believe that the Socialist tactics are above violence. In fact the truth is, as you say, that the Socialists have raised the Frankenstine's monster" and they are now unable to control it. Mr. Harris's argument that before the ban on meetings and processions was put everything was going on peacefully can hardly stand the test of truth. It is now a known fact that a number of workers were intimidated, assaulted and threatened, apart from the moral pressure that was brought on them by propaganda. There cannot be a greater lie than Mr. Harris's statement that the charges of intimidation against the Socialist Party have remained unsubstantiated. I remember to have read the names of some more than two dozen INTUC workers who were intimidated or assaulted and some of whom were hospitalised. Has Mr. Harris or any of his associates proved that these persons were not assaulted and intimidated?

I also did not agree with you when you said in your editorial that the Mill Mazdoor Sabha had proved its hold on the textile workers. As you know, it is human instinct to idle away one's time if one can, also it is common psychology to do what the majority does. Added to this human instinct and common psychology, was an additional factor of intimidation and assault on workers. It is these three factors which are responsible for the large number of textile workers remaining idle for about a month and not the Socialist hold on the textile workers. If the Socialists want to prove that they have a hold on textile workers, why do they not adopt a simple procedure of enrolling them as members of the Sabha and then securing a representative character for the Sabha through constitutional ways? I am sure that no sane party leaders would take the alternative of getting heads of their followers broken, if they are sure that they could achieve their object by peaceful and constitutional means. Let the Socialists adopt the constitutional ways and everything will be all right. Till then the whole blame for loss of production owing to strike, hooliganism, burning of Gandhi caps and loss of life of poor innocent workers would lie on the Socialists who have invited all these in their obstinacy to ask the workers to go on an illegal strike. I may also suggest a simple solution of the strike problem in general. First of all, no unconstitutional methods should be adopted by any party and secondly whenever any such strike is called, up to the date of the strike all necessary propaganda may be made by the parties concerned but no propaganda and no police bandobast after that. The workers should be left to themselves to decide whether to go on strike or not. It is only then that the real will of the workers can be expressed and that alone would be the true democracy.

—S. SAKPAL.

Crossword Puzzles

The proposed ban on Crossword Competition is far from satisfactory. The Competition enlarges one's mastery of the very many appropriate words in the English language and, of course, it is an exercise for mastery of words. If a competitor is allowed to submit only one entry at a time remitting Re. 1 as fee it will never be classified as gambling. Of course, it is gambling when the cross word Editor allows the competitor to submit any number of entries. Here is the money-grabbing secret. This view will be supported by our Home Minister and I fervently hope that he will discontinue cross-word puzzles.

T. N. BHASKARAN

U.N. Assembly Will Have Tough Time

WEST MAY FIGHT U.S.S.R. ON ALL ISSUES

LAKE SUCCESS, September 14 (PTI).

THE session of the United Nations General Assembly commencing at Flushing Meadows in another five days time will be of extraordinary importance, writes PTI correspondent at U. N headquarters.

By all indications the "Western" nations delegates will be coming to it straight from high level conference at which history making decisions in the strategy against "aggression" would have been taken.

Studied attempts hitherto made to avoid open identification of "aggression" with "Soviet Russia" have latterly been given up, even in high United Nations diplomatic circles, until, at the last meeting of the Security Council, on September 12, Mr. Warren Austin Leader of the of the United States delegation permitted himself to go on record as saying.

"It is the evil desire of the Soviet ruling circles to divide the Security Council solidarity and enervate its power to resist Soviet aggression".

ISOLATING U.S.

That was the first time the "Soviet Unoin" and "Soviet Russia" were mentioned as such by a top diplomat warning the Security Council against plans of "aggression".

The United States progressively came to the point of naming Soviet Russia openly as the world "aggressor" after the Soviet delegate in the Security Council had made the United States the target of his attack, seeking to isolate it, as the "real aggressor", from the rest of the United Nations.

When the fight is carried from the Security Council to the General Assembly the impact of the European Foreign Ministers' decisions and the turn in the fortunes of the Korean war is expected to make the clash of opposing viewpoints more resounding than at any previous General Assembly.

From the moment the current President, General Carlos P. Romulo, bangs his gavel to announce the commencement of the Assembly, the element of doubt as to how things will shape exists.

Some say Soviet Foreign Minister Vishinsky may immediately rise to a point of order to challenge the right of the Nationalist Chinese Delegate. Dr. T. F. Tsiang to sit as a delegate.

That would be in keeping with the Soviet practice in other United Nations bodies.

CHINA'S QUESTION

Much will depend upon whether between now and the end of the current Ministerial conferences here a change takes place in the United States point of view regarding Communist China's admission.

With Mr. Dean Acheson's hands strengthened by the coming in a of General Marshall as the United States Defence Chief, an acceleration of such a change has been confidently predicted but the question remains: When?

Not more than a fourth of the total United Nations membership had recognised Communist China as a Government. From among those that have not recognised, a maximum of seven or eight is generally conceded as an additional vote for United Nations recognition. Such a combination would not exceed 24 votes, which means there will not be even a simple majority unless a large number of delegations abstain from voting.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

The element of uncertainty has extended even to the "slate" of elections, including that of the new President, which follow the appointment of the Credentials Committee.

In former years this slate or list of election nominees has been officially completed a week before the opening of the Assembly on the third Tuesday in September. This time the list is very much open. Thus, for presidentship of the Assembly, canvassing is still going on for the rival claims of Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, of Pakistan and Mr. Nosrullahr Khan Entezam of Iran.

Sir Mohammed's supporters include Britain and some of the Commonwealth countries. United States delegation circles said they had not promised support to either candidate.

The Iranian delegate expects the votes of the Benelux countries and some Latin American countries.

The Latin American group, commanding 21 votes, has yet to decide their vote.

VICE-PRESIDENTS

The contest for the Vice Presidents may provide some embarrassment for the Commonwealth delegations. Of the seven Vice Presidents, five are lected from the permanent members of the Security Council. Of the other two one goes to Latin American countries. Last year, Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan was elected Vice-President for the remaining seat. This year, both Mr. Percy Spender, Foreign Minister of Australia, and Mr. L. B. Pearson, Foreign Minister of Canada, are said to be standing for Vice President thus posing a voting problem to their other Commonwealth colleagues.

The first of India's delegates to arrive will be the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar who is expected today. He has established such a reputation in United States circles by his work in the Budgetary Committee and the United Nations Administrative Tribunal, that his election as Chairman of the Fifth Committee of the General Assembly which deals with administrative matters is said to be assured.

If this part of the slate turns out to be correct, Mr. B. Shiva Rao will not stand for the Chairmanship of the Fourth Committee (Trusteeship) for which he had been mentioned by many delegations.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Wooing Asia

While criticising America's vague and vacillating Far Eastern policy, the Democratic Senator Mr. Hubert Humphrey has urged President Truman to follow up promises of aid in the Asian countries including India with some definite actions; and towards their end he has suggested adoption of a 'Marshall Plan for the Far East'. In their respect, Mr. Humphrey's criticism is quite in order and introduces him, for the time being, as a champion of the Asian countries as America's promises to them are still awaiting fulfilment. He disapproves of the support given to Chiang Kai-shek's fast crumbling Nationalist China and pleads vehemently to extend instead aid to other countries in Asia. Mr. Humphrey's sympathy for the countries specifically mentioned by him is, of course, not disinterested. It arises out of the dread of Communism of which he makes no secret. Citing the example of Korea, he observes "why wait to spend billions for arms to defend India when millions now might prevent a Communist move which would make that necessary?" There can be no denying the fact that the backing given by America to Chiang Kai-Shek was motivated by political considerations. Now the causes of the fall of Nationalist China and Communist aggression in South Korea have diverted the attention of friends of Asia in America to other Asian countries including India.

Other Vital Issues

But isn't there another aspect to the problem of Asia which Europe and America both ignore? In fact, critics of anti-Communist Westerners might say that the latter did not seem to be prepared to concede to Asians the faculty of independent thinking and judgment. The alarm against Communism is loudly and universally raised, as if that is all the trouble and the difficulty and as if Asians are so many flocks of sheep that can be driven in any desired direction. But Communism is not the only issue. By exclusively insisting on it, Westerners, consciously or unconsciously, are trying to divert attention from other issues equally vital to Asians. There is the obvious issue of economic imperialism. There is also the important issue of racial and colour discrimination, indulged in varying forms and degrees by most White nations and peoples, a discrimination which is an insult to the self-respect of any human, and which now that the coloured peoples are awakened, is all the more an intolerable insult. It is quite right to adopt measures against Communism the menace of which America is out to fight with billions of dollars. But the White race's own colour superiority is ultimately, a greater menace to the world and to the White race itself. For, if this intolerable insult is persisted in, a time will surely come when not all the wealth of America and Europe will protect them against the consequences of a global colour war.

Student Squabbles

A concrete demonstration of how political rivalries can ruin a professedly cultural organisation was given on Thursday when the delegates' session of the First Convention of the National Union of Students of India was abandoned owing to vociferous differences among the delegates and non-students who had gathered there. It reveals deplorable lack of foresight in the organisers, who have failed to fix beforehand the venue for the session, arrange for passes to the delegates and decide on the agenda and procedure. As Dr. Mulk Raj Anand's letter published in the press points out even the cultural session of the convention had to be abandoned because the organisers could not decide who was to preside over it. Apparently Mr. Saumendranath Tagore who was to preside over the session decided to stay away on learning of these differences. Though the National Union of Students was specifically meant to be a non-political and socio-cultural organisation it is unfortunate that political bias has crept into it. It is reported that the Union is already split into three factors, one influenced by the Congress, the second by the Socialists and the third by extremists consisting of Trotskyists and Revolutionary Communists. The three groups are reported to be manoeuvering for the control of the Union. Though the Communist Federation has not participated in the convention their volunteers were seen busy distributing pamphlets. Interference by politicians has been the bane of student movement. The tussle for leadership of the All-India Students' Federation, which often ended in unruly meetings and even violence, is well known. It was to be hoped that with the starting of a non-political organisation that interference by busybodies would end. But it is not to be so. Unless it is made impossible for interested non-students to control the destinies of student organisations the mess in which these bodies find themselves would continue.

The Tide Turns

From reports of the latest claims made by American commanders of U.N. forces in Korea it appears that the tide of war has turned. This is not unlikely. Time was on the side of the United Nations. The Koreans had the advantage of surprise, well-prepared surprise in all but overwhelming strength. But if they could not drive the defenders out of Korea swiftly the delay was bound to favour the defenders who could build up their forces in ever-increasing strength for the final battle. Meanwhile their mastery of the sea and air was a very big factor. For it could, and it has done too, destroy North Korean resources, supplies and communications. Some commentators forecast that the North Koreans would one day "fold up" suddenly and collapse. It looks like happening now. But is it not also time now for those who are interested in securing a stable peace in the Far East to start their efforts in anticipation of an imminent end to the "shooting war"?

GREATER PRODUCTION OF WEALTH NEED OF THE HOUR

Nehru's Call To End Poverty

BOMBAY, Friday.

THE need of the hour in India is the production of greater wealth and a fairer distribution of the same instead of their concentration in a few selected pockets. If this is not done, neither the Communist way nor the Socialist and capitalist way can solve India's problems," observed Pandit Nehru while addressing the National Students Union convention at the Brabourne Stadium today.

Pandit Nehru said that an individual student could and should take part in politics but this was not the case with a student body, for then the objectives of such a body would be deflected from its true aims and ends, which were to serve the world of students in the manifold problems peculiar to an academic existence. Hence it was the first importance that student organisations should keep clear of controversial politics. It was the right of every student, in as much as it was right of all citizens, to take not only a theoretical interest in politics but sometimes practical interest also. But such a participation was conditioned by the factor that no student had any right to do anything which retarded his mental growth and impeded his maturity. It could not be denied that students in scools and colleges were as yet inexperienced in the ways of life and the complexities of a practical existence. This lack of experience did not however mean that a student had no right to express his views at all.

THE TENDENCY

He well realised that there was a tendency nowadays on the part of students and the younger generations to tender advise not only to seasoned politicians but to Governments and even to the United Nations and the world at large as to how to run the affairs of the world. But, he asked, whether this tendency was appropriate to students whose minds were yet in the process of formation and were being trained for the more onerous responsibilities which they would be called upon to face in the future.

In this context, he feared that the word democracy was connoted by students in a vague and ambiguous manner. Is it democracy, he asked, for students to feel that they should appoint their masters and even to teach them. Even students realised that theyy were in no position to advise an engineer how to construct a bridge, or a master craftsman how to go about his trade. This was untankable. Whether it was engineering, carpentry or surgery, or even in the legal career, experience counted and a sound background was essential.

Illustrating his statement, the Prime Minister said that even in Russia when the Dneiper Dam had to be constructed, Marshal Stalin had entrusted the huge project to American Engineers, inspite of shortage of dollars, just because the Americans had put through projects of that size at home, while German engineers, who were known for their thoroughness and efficiency and who were moreover famous in Russia for the quality of their work, were turned down, just because they had no previous experience of a Dam of that stupendous size. This he said, illustrated the importance attached to experience in all the countries of the world irrespective of their ideologies and beliefs.

NO EMOTIONAL WORDS

The Prime Minister said that to conduct the affairs of a nation emotional words were not enough; nor a sentimental approach to problems, nor a vague knowledge of what was to be done, nor the shouting of slogans. It was not possible to be a carpenter, or a master craftsman, or an engineer or a lawyer without proper training. But, the young men in India seemed to think that no training was needed to be politician, and that a smattering knowledge of politics was quite enough, to guide the world and they could do it.

He was prepared to accept the proposition that too many old men were in charge of the world's affairs and that many of them had fallen into a rut. He was even prepared to accept that it would have been better perhaps if some of these responsibilities had devolved on younger shoulders who were quicker to reactions and changes. Latterly great changes had taken place all over the world and it was not possible either for the present generation or any one generation to assess or to understand their full implications. But this also had to be admitted that because a person was young it did not mean either that he had the necessary experience or that he was not stupid.

"Take part in politics by all means but remember that your main job is is the training of body, mind and spirit", he said. If they did not keep perspective before them they would not go very far. Student days were the time to train the mind and the body. It was the time for cultural training of the young. If students neglected to do these fundamentals of their college days they would be throwing their chances in life. Students had to remember that there were certain recognised standards and values in the world. It was upto the student community to come up to these standards, for otherwise no amount of external pushing would help them for they would soon fall back. Just as in any other professions, students had to be trained in their scholastic days for the time they launched out into life. Otherwise there was nothing much which they could succeed in being or achieving.

ABILITY TO TRAIN ONESELF

After-Education Stand

He regretted, however to notice that in many cases in India mental growth stopped the moment a student left his college or university and got absorbed in any trade, industry or profession. This meant that one's whole growth stopped as soon as one finished with his education. This was extremely unfortunate. It was infinitely important that colleges should not only train their boys and girls but also equip them with the ability to train themselves further as they proceed through life in order that they may be trustworthy and reliable instruments for the discharge of whatever duties and obligations fall to their lot. The primary object of student training was to equip students with the ability to do big deeds

It grieved him to see students very often frittering away their energies by the pursuit of petty ambitions. "Ambition must be made of sterner stuff", he said. It did not matter what one was called upon to do, so long as he did it well. He feared that preoccupation with public affairs might deflect students from their primary duty which was to train themselves both bodily and mentally for their future life and responsibilities. He could understand the desire of a student to gamble with his life if there were a crisis in his country, but in normal times, when it was his first duty to aim high and to prepare to learn from life.

Appealing to the students to mix their acaremic training in schools and colleges with some practical experience, Pandit Nehru said, that it was not enough thata student learn all his economics from his text books within the portals of his college. The proper way to learn the subject was to go down into the countryside and even work on the fields. They could enter factories and workshops and study for themselves how people worked and lived. They could learn much about the socioeconomic life of the people by visiting slums and even residing there for periods. Unfortunately there was too much indignity attached to manual labour in India. This was fatal to the country's growth.

ESSENCE OF LIFE

Turning from the particular to the general the Prime Minister said that not only on the Indian scene but throughout the world could be seen conflicts, dangers and disastrous happenings, the clash of many ideologies. Personally he felt that conflicts were unavoidable for they constituted in a way the essence of life. The total absence of conflicts could well mean the total extinction of life itself, a sort of Nirvana. He was not afraid of conflicts. But the spectacle that one saw around was degrading. The background to all the clasnes and conflicts were such that they lowered the human mind and character. War, inspite of all the opportunities it provided for gallantry was degrading. But vitiated atmosphere could not be got rid of by slogan-shouting. Slogans were no answer to this. The very basis of human character was cracking up and various clashing forces were lowering the level of man generally. Standards of morality and decency were disappearing, here as elsewhere.

In this context it was necessary to realise that whatever be the policies standards had to be observed. If the standards were not there, it did not matter what ideologies came into the fore, for the community as a whole would godown to the same level as the standards.

The need of the hour in India was the production of greater wealth and a fairer distribution of the same instead of their concentration in a few seleted pockets. If this were not done, neither the communist way nor the socialist and capitalist way could solve India's problems.

HARD WORK NEEDED

Solution To Poverty

The poverty of India could be solved by hard work and honest production and distribution of wealth. Hard work was essential to rid the country of her many ills. It had to be remembered that in the history of the nations of the earth, every revolution had meant harder struggles for the people and sometimes for generations together. In India too such an effort was absolutely essential.

The Prime Minister was distressed to see a fatal weakness which tended to make India, unless this weakness was eradicated, a fourth rate nation. On account of her peculiar position India had no choice but two; she could either be a first rate nation or a tenth rate nation, there being no via media. He could not imagine India being just a third rate nation in the world—She had to be either first rate or sink down very low. He did not want India to be anything less than first rate.

But this was not easy. This called for a tremendous amount of energy, high moral standards, integrity and exemplary character and an abundance of first rate scientific and technical men. Whatever was the average of a country its greatness depended on the number and quality of its first rate scientific and technical men and specialists and experts. Laws did not matter, for legislations could never make up the lack of such men, men of character, first class ideals of citizenship, integrity and efficiency.

In other words, he said India had to produce first rate men in sufficient numbers, men not only of the highest probity, but maximum efficiency. In this connection he deplored the tendency noticed in certain specialists who knew all about their subject and knew little else besides and did not possess qualities of perfect citizenship even. Many of them had no understanding of wider social issues. He cited the instance of those who got so heated up in their theories and discussions, they got cut off from the realities of life. Specialisation, he feared, though good in itself, very often came in the way of that wider knowledge called wisdom. If one perused the classics of India or Greece of the ancient days, or if one even went through the religious and secular literature produced in these countries centuries ago, one saw a certain poise and a sense of balance, in other words wisdom. Modern education, inspite of its tremendous extension of the boundaries of human knowledge, had nothing of this ancient wisdom to show. With the gigantic increase in the sumtotal of human knowledge, one could see that signs of neurosis were also on the increase. The mental hospitals of the world were increasing in the same manner as knowledge was increasing. What was it that was lacking in modern methods of education, he asked. One missed something that was there in the ancient times, a sure foundation and a knowledge based on the existence of God and the moral law. Problems of life, civilization and culture did not seem to receive the emphasis which was their due. Instead of understanding and viewing life as an integrated whole, there was a tendency to allow the human personality to be lopsided and to view all life as a political issue.

DISCIPLINE

The Prime Minister expressed his deep distress at the utter lack of discipline in India today. There was a mania to shout hysterically and to write hysterically. No doubt, a large section of the Press was reputable and dignified. But there were others all over the country, including Bombay, who exhibited a complete lack of standards, decency and sense of responsibility.

They were noted for their crudities and functioned in an indecent and vulgar manner. Their writings were characterised by a total lack of responsibility and unjustifiable and sordid personal insinuations of their targets. They specialised in a "hysterical, shrieking", style.

"You cannot build a great nation on a hysterical population who can only shriek and shout", he added. There was too much of this type of journalism unfortunately and the effects of such writings on the minds of the younger generation could be nothing but disastrous.

BUILDING UP THE NATION

Character & Discipline

India was building her future. As such one might quarrel, or even break heads, for the job was tremendous. The question was whether the country was going to be built on solid lines or in a casual and half-hearted manner, in such a way that the structure would topple down in the future whenever a crisis arose. This building implied the building of many factories, workshops and other production units. But all such buildings was only superficial, for the real thing to build up was the human material of the country. It was absolutely essential that this human capital was so built, that character and discipline were inculcated in everyone and that the mind of the individual showed the sharp edge and keenness of a razor blade. The individual should be trained to develop poise, and a balance of mind so that he would be capable of facing any problem without being flurried or upset. All political activities were barren without the human element being built on the soundest lines. Without this, all victories in elections were barren and sterile fruit. It was essential that the people by and large understood what was goodness and tried to acquire it.

FUNDAMENTALS

Turning to the world scene, Pandit Nehru said that mankind was today witnessing a progressive disintegration of the fundamentals of life. This was not peculiar to India but was a worldwide feature. He could not say if he were true to his own sense of logic, as to whether the constructive forces of the world outweighed the destructive ones and whether the constructive forces would ultimately triumph. He, however, would put his weight on the side of what he regarded as right. He saw the challenge of these dark forces looming large in the future and it was implicit in the situation that these disintegrating and degrading forces had to be relentlessly fought.

He could not say whether he would succeed or fail in this, but the very fact that he had tried to be on the side of the constructive forces would give him satisfaction.

Concluding, he exhorted the students to train themselves not only for an individual life but a corporate and co-operative life also, so that when the time came they could throw all their weight on the side of what was right.

NEW MOVEMENT OF STUDENTS

Mr. Narayan's Call

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayam, veteran Socialist leader, who next addressed the Convention, associated himself whole-heartedly with, what he called, the new student movement. He exhorted the students to transcend all barriers of caste, creed and religion and to be true nationalists in their mental make-up and their general attitude to life.

The history of student movement in this country, continued Mr. Narayan, was a history of tremendous suffering and sacrifice culminating into many valuable achievements. At the same time it made a painful reading of party squabbles based on political affiliations. It was for this reason that he endorsed the fundamental principle of the new student organisation namely, that stuents should eschew party politics and devote themselves to socio-cultural activities.

Mr. Narayan, however, made it clear that it was not possible to shut out the "young minds" from party politics altogether. However, those who wanted to take part in politics should better serve the country by joining any of the political parties that existed in the country.

Mr. Narayan further warned the students against making their Organisation a citadel for fighting educational authorities. This mentality was to be discarded, for the student movement could be built up, not on quarrel but on co-operation—the co-operation between students and those who taught them.

PHOTO-STUDIO SET ON FIRE

Banaras Students' Work

BANARAS, Sept. 15 (PTI): Angered students set on fire a photo-studio near the Banaras Hindu University last night and put the fire Brigade to work.

All this took place because a studio man had attempted to molest a girl-student who had gone there to fetch some photographic prints. Shouts of the girl attracted the students passing along the road. The girl in the meantime freed herself and the alleged offender bolted away through the studio back door.

The students in their anger ferretted out the studio and set it afire.

LATE DR. CHAMPAK RAMAN PILLAI

Tributes At City Meeting

BOMBAY, Friday.

Tributes to the memory of the late Dr. Champak Raman Pillai, a great Indian revolutionary who died in exile in Germany, were paid at a public meeting to commemorate his birthday which falls today.

The meeting which was presided over by Mr. S. A. Iyer, Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay, was held at the Taj Banquetting Hall this evening.

Mr. Iyer paying a moving tribute to "the doyen of Indian revolutionaries" said that it would not be in the fitness of things if the people of a free India easily forgot their fellowmen who suffered untold hardships in the cause of the emancipation of their Motherland. The lives of such self-less patriots, he added, should serve as a beacon light to the present generation in the task of consolidating their freedom.

Mr. C. B. L. Bhatnagar, the organiser of the meeting, said that the late Dr. Pillai was the first person to enhance the prestige of India in the eyes of the Western nations.

Dr. K. V. Mulabagala praising the services of Mrs. Pillai in the cause of the freedom of the country said that she had ceaselessly carried on the mission of her husband single-handed and with great courage even in face of difficulties.

Mr. Ramnarayan Podar also spoke.

Indo-U.S. Contact Essential

CALCUTTA Sept. 15 (PTI) The West Bengal Governor Dr K.N. Katju said here today that the contact between independent India and the U.S.A. should be as close possible for the promotion of peace and goodwill of the world.

Dr. Katju was presenting "honour awards" to members of the American consulate staff in Calcutta, who had put in "faithful services" to the U.S. State Department.

Mongolian Delegation Leaves For Moscow

LONDON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): A government delegation from the Mongolian Peoples Republic has arrived in Moscow, headed by Deputy Prime Minister Lubsan, according to a despatch received here from the official Soviet News Agency Tass

DEFENCE SERVICES EMPLOYEES

POONA, Sept. 15 (PTI): The General Council of the All India Defence Services Civilian Employees' Federation, which will meet here tomorrow under the presidentship of Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, will consider the question of taking a strike ballot over the demands of the Federation.

These demands relate mainly to the issue of retrenchment, dearness allowance and removal of anomalies arising out of the implementation of the Pay Code.

President-Elect On His Way

LUCKNOW, Sept. 15 (PTI): Mr. Purushottam Das Tandon, President-elect of the Congress left Lucknow by the Jhansi Mail at 9-30 a.m. today.

Mr. Tandon is scheduled to reach Nasik tomorrow at 10-30 a.m.

The President-elect is travelling in a special third class bogey decorated with tricolour buntings and flags.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Chief Minister, Uttar Pradesh is travelling by the same train.

About 200 delegates from Uttar Pradesh are also travelling by the same train.

About 2,000 people including Congressmen, Legislators and Ministers of the U. P. Cabinet, Mr. A. G. Kher, Mr. C. B. Gupta, Mr. Girdharilal, R. Hukum Singh, and Deputy Speaker of the U. P. Assembly, Mr. Mafisul Hasan gave a warm send off to the President-elect.

Congressmen and representatives of various organisations garlanded the President-elect. Slogans of Mahatma Gandhi Ki Jai, Purushottam Das Tandon Ki Jai, rent the air.

BRIBERY SCANDAL IN JAPAN

Charge Against Diet Members

TOKYO, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Japanese newspapers yesterday headlined reports of a bribery scandal alleged to implicate members of Parliament and possible government leaders, and to involve sums of, between ten million and five hundred million yen (ten thousand and five hundred thousand pounds sterling) in American aid.

Senior officials of the Electric Generation and Transmission Company of Japan had diverted the money—part of American aid funds—to bribe liberal members of the Diet (Parliament) to block passake of the power industry reorganisation bill at the last Diet session, the reports said.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15 (PTI): Mr. C. C. Biswas, Minister of State fo Minority Affairs, filed his nomination papers today seeking election to the Parliament from West Bengal.

Altogether seven candidates are contesting the three vacant seats in Parliament to be filled up by bye-elections.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER
NEW YORK, Sept. 15.

Previous Closing	40.8/
Today's Opening	40.9?
Difference	+5
Today's Closing	41.12
Difference	+25

CONGRESS ACHIEVEMENTS DURING 1949-50 REVIEWED

GANDHINAGAR, (Nasik), Sept. 15.

"The most outstanding event during the year under review was the emergence of the Sovereign Democratic Republic of India on Jan. 26, 1950, state the General Secretaries of the Congress reviewing the activities of the Indian National Congress for the year 1949-50.

Dealing with the new Congress constitution, the report says that the constitution was revised so as to enable the Congress work in the wider field of social, moral and economic advancement in view of the changed circumstances.

To promote co-operation between the P.C.Cs, and the legislature it was decided that important bills should be introduced in the legislature after proper consideration of the P. C. C. viewpoint. It was further decided that that no member could bring allegations against another member of the Party in the Legislature. Such matters could be referred to the leader of the Party. The P.C.Cs, were directed not to pass vote of no-confidence against the Ministry but to refer such cases to Central Parliamentary Board. In spite of such directives many unfortunate incidents in various states did happen, the report adds.

COMMUNAL AMITY

The Working Committee members, P.C.C. members and Presidents and State Chief Ministers were directed to promote communal amity and sense of confidence among the minorities. The report deprecating happenings in East Bengal marks the improvement between India and Pakistan in their relations with regard to displaced persons.

In December 1947, the Congress President appointed Agrarian reforms Committee which, besides other recommendations, suggested abolition of zamindari. The report has been published for elucidating public opinion.

The exploit the country's resources in a planned way it was suggested to the Government to set up a Planning Commission which the Government accepted. A planning sub-committee was also appointed and on the basis of its memorandum a conference of Chief Ministers of States and P.C.C. presidents was held and a comprehensive programme of economic development was adopted, which the State Governments were asked to implement.

The issue of the formation of linguistic provinces was shelved for the time being. The formation of Andhra provinces was, however, agreed to but due to lack of agreement between the parties concerned this issue was also postponed.

Various measures to ameliorate the condition of the labour, including the agricultural labour, were undertaken.

The report also reviews the anti-Congress propaganda carried on by the various political parties with a view to capturing power.

FOREIGN POLICY

Dealing with the foreign policy the report mentions the Commonwealth Prime Ministers' meeting in London where India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, to India's continued association with the Commonwealth on the condition that it would not in any way affect her sovereign status. The A.I.C.C. meeting at Dehra Dun on May. 21, 1949, approved the London decision.

The Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru's initiative to resolve the deadlock in the U.N.O. by making direct approach to Marshall Stalin and the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, finds an appreciative reference in the Congress Secretaries' report for the year 1949-50.

India's attitude to the Korean dispute and the Prime Minister's initiative, the report states, was the natural outcome of India's determination to make her own contribution to the world peace and security through a "bold and realistic approach to international problems without aligning herself to any group of powers".

"Unfortunately her peace effort did not find ready response from the world powers and hostilities did not cease, but it had its moral influence felt and indirectly gave a healthy turn to the world opinion and may be it would work out the cause of humanity more effectively", adds the report.

Pointed attention to the unsatisfactory state of affairs in the French Indian setlements of Pondicherry(Karikal, Yanan and Mahe, has been drawn by report.

Stop Press

CUT OUT AND KEEP

RENEWAL OF RATION CARDS

The work of accepting the declaration forms and renewing the current foodgrains and supplementary ration cards in the Bombay Rationed area for the year 1951 will commence at the undermentioned shops from 17th September, to 23rd September, 1950.

Those whose foodgrains and supplementary ration cards are registered at any of the shops mentioned below should tender the declaration forms duly filled in along with all foodgrains ration cards underlying the declaration forms on the usual day during the week from 17th September to 23rd September, 1950 when they normally draw their rations and get them renewed. Declaration forms should be submitted and ration cards got renewed even if no rations are to be drawn during the week. Persons importing foodgrains against cancellation of coupons should also submit declaration forms and get their cards renewed.

The declaration has to be made by the person whose name is shown as the Head of Family on the ration cards or in his absence by the eldest member of the family. Each declaration form must include the names of only such cardholders who have a common person as the Head of Family on their cards and whose cards are registered in the same shop. The names and particulars of persons who may be temporarily absent should also be included in the declaration forms if permanent ration cards are held by such persons. In case their ration cards have been deposited in the Rationing Offices their deposit receipt should be produced with the form instead of their ration cards.

RATIONS WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO BE DRAWN ON UNRENEWED CARDS.

The hours for acceptance of declaration forms and the renewal of ration cards and also for the issue of rations at the ration shops concerned, during the week will be 8-30 A.M. to 11-30 A.M. and 3 P.M. to 7 P.M. and at Govt. Grain Shops from 8-30 A.M. to 12 Noon and 2 P.M. to 6 P.M.

N.B.: All the ration shops and Government Grain Shops mentioned below will remain open on Sunday, the 17th September and closed on Monday, the 18th September, 1950, except ration shops Nos. 212, 226, 233 and MD/10 and Communal Stores Nos. 51 and 59 which will remain closed on Saturday, the 23rd September and will remain open on Monday, the 18th September, 1950. Co-op. Society Shop No. 43 will remain entirely closed on Sunday, the 17th September, and on Monday, the 18th September from 3-00 P.M. to 7-00 P.M. only. Notices to this effect will be put up in the above mentioned shops.

A WARD—Ration Shops Nos. 1, 12, 13, 428 and 479.

B WARD—Ration Shops Nos. 22, 63, 510 and 532
Communal Store No.—2,
Government Grain Shop No.—65.

C WARD—Ration Shops Nos—46, 48 49, 79, 495 and 560.
Communal Stores Nos.—3 and 23.
Co-op. Society Nos.—46 and 148.
Government Grain Shop No.—76.

D WARD—Ration Shops Nos.—129, 141, 162, 450 and 544.
Co-op. Society Nos.—17, 43 and 105.
Communal Stores No.—41.
Government Grain Shop No. 194.

E (EAST)—Ration Shops Nos.—167, 226 and 399
Communal Store No.—51. Co-op. Society No.—1
Government Grain Shop No.—170.

E (WEST)—Ration Shops Nos. 164 175, 176, 178, 233, 368, 454 and 528.
Government Grain Shop No.—42.

F (NORTH)—Ration Shops Nos.—207 and 273.
Communal Stores No.—26.
Co-op. Society No.—6.
Government Grain Shop No.—17.

F (SOUTH)—Ration Shops Nos.—241, 243 and 441.
Co-op. Society No.—92.

G (NORTH)—Ration Shops Nos.—317, 318, 319, 337, 408 and 543.
Government Grain Shop No.—129.

G (SOUTH)—Ration Shops Nos.—302, 303, 304 and 504.

BANDRA—Ration Shops Nos.—B/7, B/8, B/9, B/10 and B/44.
Government Grain Shop No.—26.

PARLE—Ration Shops Nos.—A/1, A/2, A/8 and A/21.

ANDHERI Communal Stores No.—4.
Government Grain Shop No.—205.

MALAD—Ration Shop No.—MD/10.

BORVILI Co-op Society Nos.—38, 39 and 46.
Government Grain Shop No.—232.

KURLA—Ration Shops Nos.—K/8, K/9, and K/10.
Communal Stores No.—7.

GHATKOPAR—Ration Shops Nos.—G/9, G/10.
Communal Stores No.—1.

RENEWAL AT CENTRAL SHOPS.

Those cardholders, who were not able to renew their cards during the week commencing from September 10 to September 16, 1950, should now get their cards renewed at the following central shops during the week, commencing from September 17 to September 23, 1950:—

A WARD—Co-op. Society No.—70.
B WARD—Co-op. Society No.—116.
C WARD—Ration Shops Nos.—60, 403 and 590.
D WARD—Co-op. Society Nos.—89 and 131.
E (EAST)—Communal Store No.—59.
E (WEST)—Ration Shop No.—212. Co-op. Society No.—80.
F (NORTH)—Co-op. Society No.—60.
F (SOUTH)—Ration Shops Nos. 240 and 244.
G (NORTH)—Ration Shops Nos.—407 and 546.
G (SOUTH)—Ration Shop No.—308.
BANDRA—Ration Shop No.—B/17.
PARLE-ANDHERI—Ration Shop No.—A/4.
MALAD-BORIVLI—Ration Shop No.—MD/4.
KURLA—Co-op. Society No.—18.
GHATKOPAR—Ration Shop No.—G/7.

APPEAL AGAINST DETENTION ACT

U. P. High Court Rejects Reds' Plea

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 15 (PTI): A point of law whether an order of detention passed under Section three of the Preventive Detention Act, 1950 which did not specify the period of detention was valid or not was discussed before a bench of the High Court yesterday when the habeas corpus applications of nine Communists in U. P. came up for hearing.

Mr. Justice Sankar Saran and Mr. Justice Harish Chandra who heard the applications held that it did not seem necessary under Section three of the Preventive Detention Act, 1950 that the order of detention should specify the period during which the detenus would be kept under detention. An examination of the scheme of the Act would also indicate that this was so. According to the scheme of the Act the period of extention need not be fixed and after the advisory Board had reported that there was in its opinion sufficient cause for the detention of the person concerned, the Government was authorised to continue the detention of such person for such period as it thinks fit. Therefore, their Lordships, were of the view, that an order of detention which did not specify the period of detention was by no means illegal. Accordingly the applications were rejected.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE OF RELIEF PARTY

(From A Correspondent.)

DIBRUGARGH, Sept. 15.

On their return to Dibrugarh base after 10 days ceaseless work in the wors flood and quake affected areas of Dhamaji the first batch of Marwar relief Society had a miraculous escape without any loss of life when the motor boat capsized at Dihinmukh and was swept away by cross currents and an avalanche of waves of Brahamaputra. The Deputy commissioner of Lakhimpur complimented them on their safe arrival.

The society carried their work of relief with courage and indimitable will in many a parts of the 'quake affected areas.

On September I the party of relief winners crossed the zig zag course of the furious Brahmaputra and reached Bangidia village on the bank of Birisuli river and opened a medical unit. They rendered valuable work by distributing clothes and giving medical aid.

REGULAR PURGE IN "AZAD KASHMIR" FORCES

Sequel To Revolt By Sardar Ibrahim's Men

SRINAGAR, Sept. 15 (UPI).

LOYALTY and discipline of armed irregulars recruited by the Pakistan Army authorities in the Pakistan-held parts of Kashmir have been greatly undermined following the violent revolt of deposed Sardar Mohd Ibrahim, one time Head of the "Azad Kashmir" Government and the subsequent insurrections staged by his followers, a ccording to a message received in Srinagar today.

It may be recalled that these irregulars have figured prominently in the Security Council discussions on Kashmir and their disbandment has been called for both by the Government of India and Sheikh Abdullah's Administration as one of the preconditions to free impartial over all plebiscite in Jammu and Kashmir State.

What is described as "regular purge" of the suspected elements in the set up of these irregular forces, who are mostly adventurers and freebooters, is said to have been ordered by the Pakista nArmy authorities. The members of the Sudan community to which Sardar Ibrahim belonge and who have supplied a large number of recruits, have come in for particular attention. Hundreds have been interned while the cases of desertion according to these reports, have been numerous of late.

REFUSED TO OPEN FIRE

It is stated that one of these units or irregulars recently refused to open fire on groups of the defiant supporters of Sardar Ibrahim. Following this, the Pakistan Army authorities ordered the unit to lay down arms. A violent skirmish followed and the unit of irregulars was ultimately overwhelmed by the superior force of arms. Such instances have also been reported on a large scale from Muzaffarabad area.

Simultaneously, campaign of discrimination against the Kashmiris seems to have been intensified. Strict curfew which was clamped down on Palandri area has still not been lifted though three weeks have passed.

Quitting Kashmir Is Best Thing For Pakistan

SIMLA, Sept. 15 (PTI): Prof. Abdul Majid Khan, formerly India's Consul-General in Saudi Arabia, said here yesterday that the greatest service that Pakistan could render to its people and to the Muslims of India was to "quit forthwith the area of Kashmir which had been under the unlawful occupation of the Pakistani forces".

Prof Majid was commenting on West Punjab Governor Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar's recent statement that "a militarily strong Pakistan is also necessary for the safety of millions of Muslims of India."

No Resurrection Of British Titles

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI): The Government of India have rejected a proposal to "resurrect" some of the British-conferred titles which lapsed under the new Constitution.

A State Government recently suggested to the Centre that the constitutional provision "no citizen of India shall accept any title from any foreign state" need not apply to titles like Mahamahopadhyaya, Vaidyaratna, Chikitsak Ratna, Shams-ul-Ulema, Hazil-ul-Mulk and Shifa-ul-Mulk. It was argued that these titles were conferred by the British more for literary attainments than for political services and Government could, therefore, continue to recognise them. The Government of India, however, refused to make any such exception.

CENTRE'S SUBSIDY TO BHARAT AIRWAYS

Proposal To Extend Service To Far East

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI): The Government of India, it is understood, have decided to grant a subsidy of Rs. 6 lakhs to the Bharat Airways during the first year of the operation of their services from Calcutta to the Far East. The service is proposed to be extended from Bangkok to Singapore from the first week of October while the frequency will be maintaine das once a week for the present. Four-engined skymaster will be employed in the service.

The Air India International was granted a subsidy covering up the entire loss in the first year amounting to Rs. 19 lakhs but the company has paid back this year about Rs. 2 lakhs towards this advance. It is apart from the Government share of the profit in accordance with the percentage of shares held by them.

B. S. MORE DETAINED

Incitement Against Caste Hindus Alleged

AURANGABAD, Sept. 15 (UPI): Mr. B. S. More, President of the Hyderabad State Scheduled Caste Federation, Aurangabad Branch, has been detained under the Preventive Detention Act, on orders of the Civil Administrator of the District.

Mr. More, it is reported, defied the ban order by making a speech, issued objectionable leaflets and incited members of his community against the Caste Hindus.

NEHRU'S VISIT TO ASSAM

Pandit Nehru's visit to quake rocked flood swept Assam, pilgrimage to the famous Amarnath Temple in Kashmir State, and the carnival of boats in picturesque Kerala in celebration of the Onam festival are the chief itsms included in the latest issue of Indian News Review No. 102 scheduled for release on September 15, 1950.

Other stories of interest covered are Babu Purshottamdas Tandon's arrival in Delhi after his election as Congress President, Gokul Asthami celebrations in Bombay and the inauguration in Bombay of a new building for the Orthopaedic Hospital, conducted by the Society for the Rehabilitation of Crippled Children the only institution of its kind in India affording treatment of persons afflicted with poliomyelitis.

"Birhaki Raat" For Early Release

Nargis and Dev Anand are co-starred for the first time in Noble Art Productions' 'Birhakiraat", which is booked for early release at a leading theatre in Bombay by Select Films.

'Birhakiraat' is a star-studded social and its supporting cast include Snehprabha, Pradhan, Gajanan Jagirdar and others.

A top notch cast demands a powerful story, and 'Birhakiraat' is just the type. Every member of the cast has a role that fits him like a glove. The story deals with the working of a human heart pining in lonliness Director Jagirdar has enhanced the appeal by deft directorial touches.

RAJ KAPOOR'S 'BAWRE NAIN'

Eyes are the mirrors of the heart. They are the index of a person"s reactions to circumstances and situations. Eyes that laugh, eyes that cry, eyes that twinkle—every emotion can be portrayed through the eyes.

This is proved by Raj Kapoor and Geeta Bali who have given effective performances in "Bawre Nain" under Kidar Sharma's direction. Songs are said to be on asset to the film and the music is rich and alluring.

"Bawre Nain" will take the screen from Friday the 22nd September at th Central, Imperial, Capitol and City Light.

On The Indian Screen

Rehna and Ramesh Gupta in "Bijli".

Gala Premiere Of 'Madhubala'

Ranjit, who won accolades for their fine films "Jogan" and "Nili", are out to repeat this success with their latest release "Madhubala." The latter film, which is named after its star Madhubala, opens at the Capitol, New West End, Neptune and several other theatres in the city this week, and is being distributed by the India Film Exchange.

The plot is based on the adventures of a rich but lonely girl, who, in order to recover her health goes off to a village. There she meets the man of her dreams, but before the affair can end happily in wedding bells, the shadow of the past overtakes her newly-discovered bliss and almost wrecks it.

The author of the script, R. S. Chowdhary, has worked in several new twists to the plot, and Madhubala does well in the feminine lead. Dev Anand makes an acceptable hero, and these two seem to pair off very well. Jeevan, who has specialised in villains, is again the fly in the ointment, while Randhir and Manju are seen in supporting roles.

Jeevan is the villain in Madhubala"

Vijay Bhatt's New Musical

The muhurt ceremony of Director Vijay Bhatt's "Baiju Bawra" was performed on the 8th at Prakash Studios. Kardar, Mr. Tarachand of Screens, Mr. Rajendra Jain, Naushad, Pradeep Bharat Bhusan, and other leading personalities who were present wished Mr. Vijay Bhatt all success.

"Baiju Bawra" is said to be a fine musical and deals with one of the greatest musicians that India has produced. Vijay Bhatt is sparing no efforts to make this picture the greatest of his career. This story is by Ramchandra Thakur and dialogues are by Zia Sarhadi. That wizard of music Naushad has put in the best of his talents to bring the glorious music to the screen.

Bharat Bhushan plays the title role. Nargis has the female lead. Surendra, Kuldeep, Manmohan and Baby Tabassum have important supporting roles.

Urvashi has a leading role in "Chocolate"

'Chocolate' Has A Novel Theme

Indiana Pictures' timely offering "Chocolate" has been censored and is due to be released shortly in Bombay and other important centres in India.

"Chocolate" is a novel type of story based on the patriotic heroism of the Indian community in the fight for freedom of the people of Indo-China.

Directed by Steven from his own story and screen-play, with songs and dialogue specially written by Kashyap, "Chocolate" stars the noted comedian Agha, Urvashi and Shanti Madhok with Vimla, Raja Salim and Steven prominently featured.

The most important features of this film are the gorgeous dances beautifully executed by the charming Shanti Madhok, representing the colourful costumes of every province in India. The dances are enlivened and enriched by the music of Mohan Sharma.

"ANMOL RATTAN" PROVES TO BE SUCCESSFUL

If the continuous laughter that fills the Roxy during the screening of Jaimani Dewan's "Anmol Rattan" is any indication, then this picture which opened last week at this theatre can be called a successful comedy.

"Anmol Rattan" has sparkling comic situations and reveals Madhok at his best. The film is the story of a dramatist who wrote night and day and did nothing else with the result that his family thought him a crank. They get him married off, but marriage only made things complicated.

The first attempt of the dramatist to sell his play is hilarious, the second effort where his play is staged and he gets the reward of a fountain pen is equally delightful. The spirit of fun is maintained even after the dramatist becomes successful and finds himself involved in a tangle with a girl to whom he owes all his success.

Produced by Jaimani Dewan, the direction is by M. Sadiq, while Karan Dewan plays the dramatist. Gope and Gulab excel in the roles of his parents. Meena is the bewitching modern girl and Nirmala takes the part of the orthodox wife.

"Nili" Draws Large Crowds

Ranjit's "Nili" is hailed as a progressive social by all who crowd to see it at the Liberty, Jai Hind, City Light, Bandra, Vyankatesh and Bharat Chitra Mandir.

In the get up of modern society, conventions and traditions play an important part. Blood is still held in high esteem and people take it for granted that the better qualities of human nature are a monopoly of the blue-blooded. This theory is exposed in all its falsity in Ranjit's 'Nili', where it is shown that any human being can be moulded to climb the top-most heights of the social ladder.

A sculptor takes a girl from the streets and transforms her into an ultra-modern beauty. This theme provides scope both for thrills and entertainment, and Director Ratibhai Punatar has taken full advantage of it. His handling has made "Nili" a most entertaining film.

Suraiya, Dev Anand and Aga have given breezy performances making the picture a real entertainer. The supporting cast includes Shyma Dulari and Cuckoo.

'Nili's" songs are by Surjit Sethi and the music is by S. Mahindar.

Karan Diwan and Nirmala in "Anmol Rattan"

Tale Of Domestic Life

Saurashtra Chitramandir's vibrant "Akhand Saubhagya" (Gujarati) is released at the Swastik and Radheshyam (Vile Parle) this week.

"Akhand Saubhagya" is a finely woven tale of domestic life. Here we have personalities that we come across in daily life. The ideal woman, the rich girl, the modern girl; all these find adequate representation at the hands of director Chaturbhuj Doshi. Songs and music are by Avinash Vyas. Sharda, Manhar Desai and Vijaya play leading roles.

Old Hits To Be Revived

New Theatres, famous for their quality films plan to re-issue some of their outstanding successes of the past. "Chandidas" "Devdas", "Dhoop-Chhaon", "Lagan" and others will all be shown. The first film to be released under this plan is "Lagan", the emotional drama of a poet and his craving after the goon things of life.

Featured in the main roles are the late Saigal and Kanan Bala, along with character actor Nawab. Directed by Nitin Bose, "Lagan" was declared the best picture of 1941. The film has lovely lyrics and a powerful story full of human appeal. It will be released at several theatres in town.

Sahu's "Bijli" Next Week Release

While every Indian film must have its scheduled quota of songs and dances, very seldom is it that music forms the backbone of a picture. In the forthcoming 'Bijli', the music and songs are an integral part of the plot itself. Kishore Sahu, who has many thought-provoking films to his credit has gone all out to make 'Bijli' a tremendous success. It will open next Friday at the Excelsior, Kamal and five other theatres.

The songs and dances of the film are the main attraction, and accomplished artists like Sitara and Rehana vie with each other for dancing honours. Songs are by Bharat Vyas, who wrote for "Man Ki Jeet", and the music is by the late Khemchand Prakash.

Sushil Sahu, who has already shown a flair for comedy in "Rim Jhim", has directed the present film, and plays an important role in it as well. Ramesh Gupta is seen in the male lead, while support is given by Vilas Mohbe, Badri Prasad and Amirbai Karnataki.

'HUL-CHUL' READY AT LAST

More than two years in the making, one of the most eagerly awaited pictures is K. Asif's 'Hul Chul', which is now complete is booked for early release at the Imperial and other theatres.

From all accounts "Hul Chul" is bound to create a great stir in the film world, for it offers something very new and exciting in screen-fare. One of the biggest star-casts has been assembled to portray the diverse roles.

The star-cast is headed by Nargis, Dilip Kumar, Sitara, Yakub, Jeewan and others. The sets are spectacular and form an attraction by themselves.

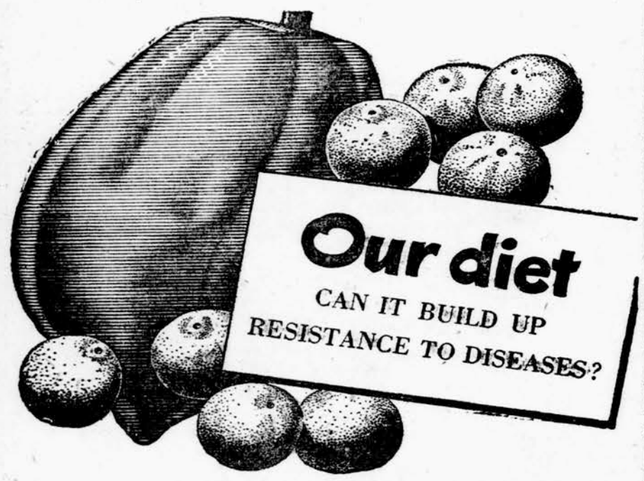
The dance assembles by Sitara, acknowledged by critics as the screen's most accomplished dancer, form another highlight of the picture. The music is by the brilliant newcomer Mohammed Shafi, who is likely to hit the headlines with the fine score he has composed for this film.

'Babul' To Be Out Shortly

Sunny Art Productions' musical romance "Babul" is scheduled to have a multi-theatre release in the city through Messrs. Tarachand Pictures. The makers of the jubilee hit "Mela" have once again created a thing of beauty. "Babul" is in every way clean and wholesome entertainment.

Sunny the director, Naushad the music director and Shakil Badayuni the lyricist have once again combined to work on this film. The film is a tale of love and yearning, and features the popular combination of Dilip Kumar and Nargis, while Munawar Sultana has the leading support role.

OPENING FRIDAY 22nd
HINDUSTAN CHITRA'S MUSICAL HIT
with REHANA, SITARA, PARO.
BIJLI
Produced by KISHORE SAHU Direction SUSHIL SAHU
EXCELSIOR, KAMAL, PARADISE
BANDRA TALKIES, USHA (Andheri), PRABHAT (Thana)
ALLWYN (Kalyan)
A KARDAR FILMS LTD. RELEASE



OUR DIET very often consists too much of carbohydrates (cereals) which, although useful in supplying "fuel" to the body, are not enough to promote full health and strength. In fact, an over-dependence on carbo-hydrates can be positively harmful to the human system. To build up the body's resistance to diseases, we must have a balanced diet consisting of *all* the five food factors and in their correct proportions. These factors are carbo-hydrates (millets, rice, sweet potatoes, wheat), proteins (dal, milk, nuts, eggs, fish, meat), vitamins (amlas, carrots, tomatoes, lemons, papayas), minerals (brinjals, drumsticks, lettuce, spinach) and fat like *Dalda* which is pure and nourishing.

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At 10 a.m.
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AURORA
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for ADULTS only!
Warner's Roaring Story of the Gun that became the Law of the Land in the most Fabulous Era of Excitement!
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"RIVER LADY"
In Technicolor, Starring
YVONNE DECARLO, DAN DURYEA

IT'S ENTERTAINING
IT'S ENLIGHTENING
RANJIT'S
Progressive Social Hit
NILI
Suraiya, Dev Anand, Aga, Cuckoo
Director
RATIBHAI PUNATAR
LIBERTY
Daily 3, 6-15 & 9-30
Booking: 10 to 8
CITY LIGHT
VYANKATESH
BHARAT (Kurla)
PRABHAT (Thana)

PROGRAMME FOR
TODAY & TOMORROW
SOVIET FILMS
in HINDUSTANI
1. News.
2. Wonderful Laboratory
3. Science & Technique.
4. Coloured Cartoon in Hindi 'DAHASHAT' & 5. "NAI TALEEM" alias "Country Teacher" (in HINDI).
"Powerful Dramatic Appeal and Provide Absorbing Filmfare" Says "TIMES OF INDIA" about this Picture
AT IMPERIAL CINEMA
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HIND-MATA
PAREL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
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ALL IN COLOUR
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HAR-HAR-MAHADEO
NIRUPA ROY, TRILOK KAPUR, etc.
Also at STAR TALKIES (Mazagaon)
SUN MORN. 10 A.M
SPIDER'S WEB

India Never Accepted Pakistani Rupee

GHULAM MOHAMMED'S CHARGE REFUTED

By Oscar Rebeiro, Press Trust of India Special Correspondent.
PARIS, Sept 15, (PTI).

A SPOKESMAN of the Indian delegation to the International Monetary Fund yesterday described as "incorrect" a statement made by the Pakistan Finance Minister Mr. Ghulam Mohammed that India had first agreed to the value of the Pakistan rupee and then gone back on it.

The Pakistan Finance Minister said in a statement earlier that "towards the end of September 1949 the Government of India actually agreed to recognise the value of the Pakistan rupee and in accordance with the suggestion of the Reserve Bank of India, an announcement of new buying and selling rates was to have been made on October 13, 1949, but the Government of India suddenly went back on this on October 2, 1949."

The spokesman said: "No such decision was ever made by the Indian Government. The banks may have made precautionary arrangements to announce new exchange rates in case the new ratio of Pakistan rupee was accepted, but this does not mean that the Government of India ever agreed to it."

ANOTHER LIE

On the Pakistan Finance Minister's charge that India had bought certain articles from countries other than Pakistan, even though the prices in Pakistan were more reasonable, the spokesman said, Pakistan had made such about Indian purchases of wheat in Australia, whereas, in fact, the landed cost of Australian wheat in India had been rupees fourteen as against rupees fifteen and eight annas quoted by Pakistan.

On Mr. Ghulam Mohammed's argument that Pakistan's trade with countries other than India had increased since devaluation, the spokesman said the bulk of Pakistan's export trade was with India and there was no reason to assume that this trade could have been maintained under the new ratio for the simple reason that it became cheaper for India to buy from countries other than Pakistan.

PAKISTAN'S EXCHANGE VALUE

I.M.F. Managing Director To Study Papers

(From Our Special Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Sept. 15.

Enquiries made in official circles show that the Managing Director, his Deputy and staff of the International Monetary Fund wanted time to study papers on Pakistan's exchange value before announcing their views. The Managing Director had been away and the staff had been busy with the annual meeting at Paris. No date has yet been fixed for the meeting to consider the issue.

Procedures Committees Of IMF And World Bank

PARIS, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter):—Twelve countries were adopted as members of the Procedures Committee of the International Bank and Monetary Fund at the joint session of the Boards of Governors of the Bank and Fund here yesterday.

On each of the Fund and Bank Procedures Committees, countries represented are: Austria, Belgium, Canada, Chile, China, Cuba, France, India, Italy, Pakistan, Britain and the United States.

The Chairman, Vice-Chairman and reporting member on both committees are Canada, Italy and Cuba respectively.

Minority Boards For 3 Assam Districts

SHILLONG, Sept. 15 (UPI): Under the Indo-Pakistan agreement, it has been decided to set up three District Minority Boards, one for each of three districts of Cachar, Kamrup, and Goalpara and it is necessary to elect three members of the minority community for each of these boards by members of the State Legislative Assembly of Assam belonging to the minority community, says a notification published in the Assam Gazette Extraordinary.

Sir J.H. Kemp Passes Away

LONDON September 15 (PTI-Reuter): Sir Joseph Horsford Kemp, Chief Justice of Hong Kong Supreme Court from 1930 to 1933 died at his home at Sutton Surrey on Wednesday, it was announced today.

Sir Joseph who was 75 was Attorney-General for Hong Kong for 15 years before being appointed Chief Justice.

S. African Resistance Leader Dead

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 14 (PTI-Reuter): Pandu Gangad, President of the Springs branch of the Transvaal Indian Congress died at Springs near here today, aged 76.

He was one of the founders of Dharma Sabha at Springs. He went to gaol with his wife and sister during the passive resistance struggle of 1907-1914.

BRITAIN'S NEW WAR PLANS

Commons Gives Approval

LONDON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The House of Commons last night gave general approval without a division to the Government's rearmament plans estimated to cost £ 3.680 millions.

The Conservative Opposition had been critical during the three-day debate which ended last night, but did not press its discontent to a vote and a Government motion approving among other things the extension of the period of conscription from the present 18 months to 2 years was approved.

In the closing speech for the Government, Defence Minister Emanuel Shinwell, revealed that the target of the Western Union Defence Organisation was close to 60 divisions, but this force would not be assembled, he added, until 1953 and 1954.

This was the figure mentioned earlier by Mr. Churchill.

Britain intended to send an extra army division to Germany by March next year, Mr. Shinwell continued.

About Korea, Mr. Shinwell said: In addition to the two battalions already in Korea, a brigade group would be despatched before many weeks had passed. That was what was expected by General MacArthur

SITUATION IN INDIA

Earlier in the day, an attack on General MacArthur by Labour member Woodrow Wyatt had the House of Commons in something of an uproar. Mr. Wyatt said General MacArthur's message of August 28 on Formosa was tantamount to saying, "Kick the Orientals in the teeth and they like it."

Mr. Wyatt, Personal Assistant to Sir Stafford Cripps in a Cabinet mission to India in 1946, declared that the situation in India was so grave that "we cannot possibly afford to allow people like General MacArthur to ruin the whole Western case there."

Several Conservatives protested strongly against this attack on General MacArthur

European And Asian Defences

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Britain, France and the United States last night agreed that "immediate effective steps" must be taken to strengthen the defences of Europe and Asia against possible aggression.

An interim communique issued by the Foreign Ministers of the three Western powers after the third day of their talks here said the strengthening of its defences was the most urgent of the important problems which confronted the free world today.

SABOTAGE IN SHIP SUSPECTED

Sand In Lubricating Machinery

LONDON, Sept 15 (PTI-Reuter): The British Admiralty were last night investigating possible attempted sabotage in the 14,000 ton Light Fleet Carrier Vengenace.

A small quantity of sand was found in the ship's lubricating machinery, an Admiralty spokesman said.

The spokesman said there was no indication that the sand had been placed there deliberately: but inquiries were being made.

The ship was undamaged and was due to sail from Devonport to join the home fleet for the autumn cruise. She had been refitting at Devonport where several suspected sabotage incidents have been reported.

Among ships in which sabotage attempts were suspected were the Feel Carrier Illustrious, where flares were found in the boiler room, the Fleet Carrier Terrible, the submarine Trenchant and the Destroyer Urania.

Taft Opposes Marshall's Appointment

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14 (PTI-Reuter): Senator Robert Taft, of Ohio, the Republican party policy leader, today announced his opposition to the legislation which would enable General George Marshall to succeed Mr. Louis Johnson as United States Secretary of Defence.

Senator Taft told reporters he was "dubious" about the nomination of General George Marshall because it would strengthen the hand of the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, in what Taft termed his "friendly" attitude towards the Chinese Communists.

NOT A SINGLE TYRE YET!

PARIS, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): At the meeting of the IMF Directors yesterday, Ceylon's representative Mr. Jayawardene declared, "Subjection of one country by another and its consequential exploitation is as disastrous as war". Ceylon though very rich in natural resources still imported two-thirds of its food.

When the Japanese controlled Indonesia and Malaya, Ceylon produced most of the natural rubber required by the United Nations for their war effort. "We do not, however, yet produce a single rubber tyre in our country.

"This is true of all human endeavour throughout the underdeveloped world. Political subjection of one country by another retards economic development."

Bail Appeal Of Seagraves Rejected

RANGOON, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): A special tribunal here today rejected an application for bail by Dr. Gordon Seagrave 53-year old American missionary accused of helping the Karen rebels in Burma.

His counsel applied for bail when the trial opened last Wednesday, on the grounds that Dr Seagrave had dysentery. The prosecution opposed.

Dr. Seagrave faces three charges under the high treason act including one which carries death penalty.

Born in Burma of American missionary parents, he founded a hospital at Namkhan, 500 miles north of Rangoon in Karen territory, and trained Burmese girls as nurses. During the Burma campaign he was a Lieutenant Colonel in the American army medical camps and in the retreat to India was attached to the Chinese armies.

Afterwards he returned to rebuild the hospital

Burma's Deputy Speaker Resigns

RANGOON, Sept. 14. (PTI-Reuter): Deputy Speaker of the Burmese Parliament Mon Tun-Yin resigned today because of a recent motion of no confidence in him tabled by a Member of Parliament. His successor will be elected on September 29.

Karens Attack A Village And Kill 100 People

RANGOON, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): Karen rebels killed over 100 villagers who attempted to escape from Karen-held areas, a report from Toungoo said today.

Karen morale was said to be fast cracking up.

A clash between Communists and Karens was reported from villages along the Sittan river, 60 miles north of Pegu. The Karens were forced to flee and Communists occupied their strongholds.

New Zealand Waterside Workers To Go On Strike

WELLINGTON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The New Zealand Waterside Workers' Union today ordered its members to strike in all the Dominion's ports. Mr. H. Barnes, the Union's National President, announced that its National Executive had acted to extend the strike which brought the port of Wellington to a standstill last Tuesday, later spreading to New Plymouth, Napier Westport and Dunedin. The strike began over Wellington dockers' dissatisfaction with rates of pay for handling lampblack.

Mao's Support To S. African Indians

HONGKONG, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter) Mao Tse-Tung, head of the Chinese Communist Government, has sent a message to a Johannesburg conference sponsored by the South African Indian Congress, Peking radio reported today. The message read "I fully support your movement against the racial discrimination and oppression directed against non-white people by the Malan Government."

The Nwangming Daily News Chinese Communist party newspaper today condemned the Malan Government's "denial of fundamental civil rights to four-fifths of the Unions population."

BEGINNINGS OF TOTAL WAR

Every Type Of U. S. Pressure

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15. (PTI-Reuter): The American Senate voted yesterday to cut off American financial and economic help to any country that sells arms or goods useful for military purposes to countries behind the Iron Curtain.

It acted by voice vote after hearing Republican Senator Kennedy Wherry say that such exports were being used to make Russian tanks now killing Americans in Korea.

The ban, proposed by Senator Wherry, was written into an emergency bill to appropriate 17,192 million dollars to expand the military power of America and her allies. It would not apply to military aid—only to financial and economic.

The bill would be in effect at any time, as at present, when United States forces are fighting for the United Nations.

Birthday Celebrations Of Sardar In Gujarat

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Sept. 15:

Gujarat has decided to celeberate Sardar Patel's birthday in a grand manner in every village on October 31.

Shri Kanyalal Desai, President of G.P.C.C. has appealed to the people of Gujarat to celeberate the day in a fitting manner and to contribute to the fund which is to be given to Sardar on that day. Shri Desai reialled the services of Sardar Patel, rendered to the codntry and urged the people to contribute liberally.

Elaborate arrangements are being made to welcome Sardar and a reception committee has been formtd in the connection with Shri Seth Chinubhai as the Chairman.

Sino-Swiss Diplomatic Relations

HONGKONG, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Peking radio in a broadcast here today announced the establishment of diplomatic relations between Switzerland and Communist China.

Mr. Fang Shiun has been appointed Communist Chinese Minister in Switzerland, the broadcast added.

Prime Minister Clement Attlee refused to say in Parliament yesterday what instruction British delegates to the United Nations had been given for the General Assembly's forthcoming meeting on South Africa's incorporation of South-West Africa.

REDS ARE CREATING TROUBLE IN U.K.

Action Will Be Taken Soon, Says Isaacs

LONDON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).

LABOUR MINISTER George Isaacs today confirmed reports that Communists are planning to cause serious industrial unrest in Britain. He told Parliament: "Meetings are being held htis weekend with only one object—to disorganise our essential services".

The Labour Minister added: "I am speaking at a time when our men are facing serious risks in Korea and when it is essential that there should be no danger of interference with their supplies and their support."

He stated that among leaders of the plot were meant who had just returened from a Cominform meeting in Warsaw.

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

"The Government are keeping a close watch on all these activities and will not hesitate to take all necessary action."

Mr. Anthony Eden, Deputy Conservative leader, described the Minister's statement as "one of the gravest which has been made to us in Parliament in recent years in time of peace". He asked if the Government contemplated legislative action.

Mr. Isaacs replied—"Yes, if such should be necessary".

Mr. Isaacs said there was evidence unrest was being created chiefly by men prominent in previous unofficial strikes. They included some expelled from their trade unions for anti-union activities." The attempts to create trouble cannot succeed if the workers refuse to be catspaws", he said.

LONDON BUS WORKERS GO ON STRIKE

Labour Union Order Defied

LONDON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Over half of Central London's bus routes were crippled today as 14,000 of the city's 40,500 bus drivers and conductors defied a union order to return to work. The unofficial strike kept nearly half of London's 5,000 motor buses idle. The stoppage spread quickly during the night and 1,600 electric trolley bus operators today joined nearly 13,000 motor bus drivers and conductors. One hundred and fourteen of Central London's 200 routes were completely or partly suspended. Several hundred "clippies" (women conductors) also stopped—though the strike started on Wednesday as a protest against the recruitment of more women. Women conductors would weaken their claims for a one pound sterling a week pay increase and improved conditions strikers claimed. Today, they sought a "top rank" inquiry into their working conditions.

FOOD TO COMBAT COMMUNISM

300 M. Dollar Aid To Asia

WASHINGTON, Sept 15 (PTI-Reuter):

A food production aid plan costing 300 million dollars a year for Asia and the Middle East is fast being shaped in the State Department, an official stated here today.

The proposal envisages aid continuing for four to five years.

If it receives administrative support Congress might be asked for funds early in the next session.

The primary purpose is to stimulate food production in about 12 key countries where want created conditions favourable to the spread of instability and communism among hungry millions.

Countries included are India, Pakistan, Ceylon, Afghanistan, Israel and Arab states of the Middle East.

Storm Kills Sixteen

TOKYO, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Sixteen people died and 22 were reported missing in a tropical storm which swept through the three main islands of Japan on Wednesday.

The storm had earlier been classed by weather experts as a typhoon, and given the code-name "Kesia."

But though the winds had dropped to 'tropical storm' velocity, it flooded 25,000 houses, washed away 127 bridges, damaged 160 ships and cut railways or communications at 125 places.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Rumours Of General Election

LONDON, Sept. 15, (PTI-Reuter): The possibility of an early general election in United Kingdom checked interest and encouraged advance end account and weekend levelling in the London Stock Exchange today. Slightly lower trend was fairly widespread.

British Government stocks showed healthy reaction from recent rise and were quarter to three-eighths lower. First-class industrials, however, were generally maintained despite slackening in the demand. Small adjustments in steel shares were mainly to higher levels and followed Government nationalisation plans. Profit-taking in oils resulted in fractional declines, other commodity shares were quietly steady.

German and Japanese bonds fluctuated within narrow limits and closed with small losses.

Among diamonds debeers' deferred were easier at fourSix and nine on disappointment with maintained interim dividend of 20 per cent. Kaffirs were idle and mainly lower.

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

(Continued from page 6)

to cases in which land was being given to industrialists like Mr. Manu Subedar on the mere promise that a trust would be created while it was being denied to institutions like the Mobile Hospital which were in existence for quite some time and were doing very useful work. Although the reiteration does not serve any immediate purpose the Opposition appears to be determined to keep on hammering against the present policy of the Corporation in this respect till it is changed.

PRIVILEGE ABUSED

A complaint that the privileges of the House were abused by a city newspaper was brought to the notice of the Mayor at one of the meetings this week. It appears that a Marathi Daily anticipated the decision of the Corporation on the issue of congratulating the employees of the BEST on their behaviour on August 31, on the occasion of the General Strike, and offered editorial comment saying that the Corporation had accepted the resolution and heartily congratulated the workers. As the city knows the issue has been postponed. It was suggested that this type of comment based on a wrong premises amounted to a calculated affront to the House and appeal was made to the Mayor as the custodian of the privileges of the House to look into the matter and to bring the erring paper to book. The Mayor promptly promised to do the needful and in the meantime administered a serious warning to the press that whatever views papers may hold about the decisions of the Corporation no factual misrepresentation regarding its decisions of a type complained of would be tolerated.

TEACHERS' GRIEVANCES

Trouble is brewing on the educational front of the Municipal Corporation. The Municipal teachers who form the lower strata of the middle classes and are hit very hard by the soaring prices have asked for increase in their emoluments. Their request is to bring them on a par with the clerical staff of the Corporation. The School Committee considered the matter at a special meeting held this week. The official opposition to the demand is that if granted it would cost 35 lakhs of rupees, the usual reply from the other side was teachers must manage to live if they are to discharge their function of educating the children properly. Today they found it difficult to exist. The matter is under consideration and would come up before the House in due course. Many Municipal employees are very much worried over the recent rise in prices. In the meantime the House unanimously accepted Mr. Asoka Mehta's resolution expressing concern over the soaring prices and demanding measures that would put a stop to it and bring the price level down.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

NEW YORK, Sept. 14: Sharp opening gains were extended on resumption of active mill buying attracted by the recent declines together with some commission house and replacement demand readily absorbing scattered hedging against new crop and CCC cotton. The renewed buying interest was undoubtedly touched off by the tight supply prospects and generally unfavourable crop reports. Prices eventually reacted partly however under profit-taking. CCC loan entries upto September 7th totalled 3,190,000 and repossessions 3,012,000 leaving a net stock of only 178,000. In the afternoon following declines under the weight of additional hedging mostly against CCC cotton, prices rallied sharply. The reversal of the trend reflected renewed progressive trade demand believed to be partly against export business together with urgent short-covering which found offerings extremely scarce. Otherwise no fresh developments occurred. The market closed strong with sales put at 300,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS		
NEW YORK		NEW ORLEANS
October	40.89	40.74
December	40.87	40.69
March	40.93	40.73
May	40.50	40.46
Middling Spot	41.79	40.65

New York cotton December highest 40.90 at 3 p m. lowest 40.45 at 1-11 p.m.

Wall Street Market

Buyers resumed efforts at the opening and pushed the stock markets to further new recovery highs. Initially prices developed rather well distributed gains of fractions to one dollar or so in active trade but subsequent spurts of profit-taking pared this to a predominance of mostly fractional advances. This week's advance was generally credited to good corporate reports, inflation prospects and the better tenor of war news with fears of controls and taxes temporarily relegated to the background. The market settled down in the afternoon in a narrow trading groove with most prices fluctuating quietly around earlier levels. The relative lightness of corrective profit-taking was encouraging to constructionists who felt the market should resume advance in due course. A new buying surge developed near the close featuring leading chemicals, containers, steels, rubbers, buildings and oils. The market quickly threw off restraint and moved back to or around the day's best at gains of fractions to one dollar or so. The session closed firm.

At noon the averages were: Industrials 223.61 and Rails 66.71.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS	
American Telephone and Telegraph	152 1/4
Amerex Holding Co.	32 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	36 1/2
Chase National Bank	37 5/8
Firestone Tyre	73 3/4
General Electric	46 7/8
General Motors	93 1/2
Ingersol Rand	73 1/2
International Nickel	34 1/2
National City Bank	44 1/2
New York Central Rail Road	15 1/2
Sinclair Oil	31 3/4
Socony Vacuum	23 1/4
Texas Co.	74 1/2
Union Carbide	47
U S Smelting	43 3/4
U S Steel Common	39 1/2
Western Union	38 1/8

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 2,350,000.

Highest and lowest U.S. Steel trading prices were 39 1/2 and 38 7/8 resp.

Chicago Grains Market

CHICAGO, Sept. 14:

CHICAGO GRAINS early declined on additional profittaking and hedging particularly wheat reflecting expanding new crop spring wheat movement. Soybeans also came under pressure in response to a further decline in the cash markets of edible oils and meals. Subsequently the tone reversed on increased flour mill buying of wheat and short covering based on reports of mild weather over the United States and Canadian spring wheat belts together with the strength of Minneapolis. Exporters reported small sales of Canadian feed barley to Norway but stated that business in other grains was quiet.

September	2.22-3/4
December	2.28-3/8
March	2.32-1/8
May	2.30-5/8

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Sept. 14.

2-1/2 % Br. Consols	£72-1/8
3-1/2% Conversion Loan 1961	£96-1/8
4% Funding Loan 1960-90	£108-7/8
3-1/2% War Loan on or after December 1952	£95-1/2
Chartered Bank of India	£9-3/16
Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank	£73-1/2
National Bank of India	£32-5/8

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at —— (not received).

London: Silver spot and forward 63-1/2d.
Gold bars fine per oz. £12/8/0
Exchanges unchanged
Australian wheat
Feb. bulk 118/4 Sept./Oct.

Continental Share Markets

PARIS, Sept. 14.

BOURSE: The good performance was maintained and upward movements were more or less general. Advances were centred on internationals where oils were prominent under the leadership of Royal Dutch and Canadian Pacific. Gold shares and Duponts were other good features. Business was also brisk in domestics with buyers showing preference for minings. There were small gains in the majority of the sections.

BRUSSELS: The Bourse displayed a generally steady undertone in quiet dealings, although some early firmness was lost as the session progressed. Geomines had some support and gained moderate ground.

AMSTERDAM: The stock market report was not received.

Calcutta Market

BUSINESS LIMITED

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15 (PTI): An all round quiet market ruled in the stock exchange today and business was put through on a limited scale.

Following are today's final transactions upto 1-45 p.m.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986-96/10, three per cent loan 1970/75-99/3.

BANKS: Bharat 3/4.

COTTONS: Elgin mills 15/12, New Victoria ordy. 2/1, ditto pref. 4/-.

COALS: Bengal 533/-, Burrakur 14/6, East Indian 41/-, SL New Beerbhoom 19/1, New Churulia 2/8, Seebpur 42/-, Talcher 2/10, Western Bengal 5/10.

JUTES: Anglo India 310/-, Barnagore 255/-, Fort Gloster 400/- India 177/-, SL Kamarhatty 325/-, S lot Kankinarrah 227/-, Howrah 35/13, Megna 159/-, National 27/4, Presidency 7/7.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 9/5, Indian Iron 33/1, Indian ST wagon 88/-, Kumardhubi Erg. 7/2, Jessop and Co. 17/14, Marshalls 8/8, Saran Eng. 8-12, Steel Corp. 2s/3.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp. 2/8, Consolidated Tin annas 15/-, Indian Copper 2/11, Karanpura Dev 19/1, Tavoy Tin annas 11/-, Alkali and Chemical 14/8, Bharat Airways 3/-, BIC 8/15, Eastern investment 159/-, Jardine Henderson 167/-, National insulated cable 11/9, British Burma Petrol 1/7 Titaghur paper 26/8, Assam Saws 8/6, India Steamship 7/7.

SUGARS: Ganesh 9/-, Shree Anand 4/15, U P Sugar 11/12.

TEAS: Baghmari 22/-, New Dooars 410/-.

SCHEDULED BANKS

The following is the statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 8th September 1950:—

Demand Liabilities in India	Rs.
(i) Borrowings from banks	15,69,10,000
(ii) Other demand liabilities	575,91,99,000
Time Liabilities in India	
(i) Borrowings from banks	1,54,65,000
(ii) Other time liabilities	274,98,40,000
Cash in India	Rs
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India & Banks Notes	29,68,51,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,05,62,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	69,73,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	74,74,08,000
Advances in India	411,62,79,000
Bills discounted in India	10,53,41,000

Pepper Markets

NEW YORK, Sept. 14: The market was easier and inactive with spots offered at 1.95 cents, per pound. The market is still depressed by the weight of impending arrivals and continued very small grinder and dealer demand. Following are today's closing prices: Spot 1.95 asked. Old contracts: September 1.90 nominal October 1.75 nominal November 1.70 nominal December 1.65 nominal January 1.55 nominal February 1.50 nominal. New Contract: September 1.90 asked October 1.75 asked November 1.70 nominal December 1.65 nominal January 1.55 nominal February 1.50 asked. White spot 3.10 nominal.

LONDON: Trading was very quiet with traders hesitant in view of forward offers of new crop at lower prices. Black Lampong, September shipment was indicated at 11sh 4-1/2d white Muntok at 18sh. 1-1/2d shipping weight, white Sarawak 18sh. 3d delivered weight per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar afloat nominally 1,450sh. and September shipment 1,360sh. per hundredweight c.i.f. United Kingdom.

SINGAPORE: The market was quiet with sellers ex-godown price of black Lampong 10 dollars lower at 640 and white Muntok unchanged at 1,000 dollars per picul.

Copra Market

LONDON: The copra market was steady but there was only small interest on the part of buyers, Straits Dutch East Indies fair merchantable delivered weight at £109 against £109 1/2 asked. Philippines bulk was sold at 275 dollars and Ceylon fair merchantable sundried at £112 1/2 per ton C.I.F.

Coconut Oil

The coconut oil market was firm, Straits in drums at £157 1/2 buyer and in bulk at £153 1/2 buyers, Ceylon in drums at £160 seller and in bulk at £156 1/2 seller all per ton C.I.F. September shipment.

American Silver

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.

The open market continued to be strong with at least 250,000 ounces changing hands at the usual price of 73 cents per ounce. Leading consumers additionally daily absorbing an estimated overall 50,000 ounces of buban silver.

Punjab Peasants Convicted

AMBALA, Sept. 15 (PTI) Five peasants who offered satyagraha at the site of the capital of the Punjab on May 6 last, were convicted today by a magistrate on charges of rioting and deterring public servants in the discharge of their duty. They were sentenced to 18 months rigorous imprisonment each.

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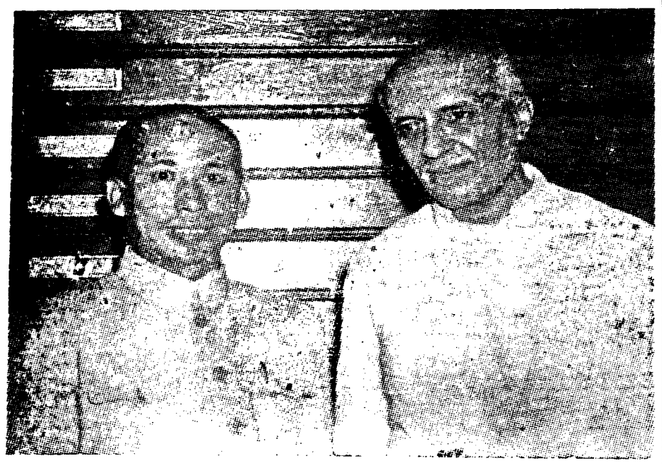
The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Chinese Envoy Meets Nehru



Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Ne hru photographed with H. E. General Yuan Chung-hsien, Ambassador-design ate of the People's Republic of China in India, when the latter called on him in New Delhi, recently.

WOLVES FIGURE IN U. P. ASSEMBLY

LUCKNOW, Sept. 15 (PTI).

DEPREDATIONS by wolves in and around the city of Lucknow figured in the question hour in the U. P. Legislative Assembly today.

Later, an adjournment motion was sought to be moved on the same subject by Mr. Gopal Narain Saksena (People's Congress).

The chair disallowed the motion on the ground that the matter had been exhaustively covered during question hour.

The Chief Minister, Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, in a written reply to a Congress Member stated that a pack of wolves was prowling in villages adjoining three highways connecting Lucknow with Kanpur, Barabanki and Sitapur. They had so far claimed 16 human lives,, mostly children.

Mr. Charan Singh, Parliamentary Secretary, replying on behalf of the Chief Minister, said the depredations of those wild animals had increased since the Dhak forest at Rahimabad, 25 miles from Lucknow, was cleared.

Mr. Singh said that in the past four months five wolves had been killed. Ten companies of armed police were patrolling the affected area. Licences for spears had been granted to villagers and adequate arms and ammunition had been kept at the disposal of police authorities to arm the shikaris in nocturnal vigil.

MINISTER'S FOOD FIGURES WRONG

Ex-Premier's Complaint In Madras

MADRAS, Sept. 15 (PTI).

Mr. O. P. Ramaswami Reddiar, former Premier of Madras, today complained to the Madras Food Minister, Mr. J. L. P. Roche-Victoria, that his (Food Minister's) statements and answers in the Assembly on the food position in the State "have absolutely no relation to facts".

In a letter addressed to the Food Minister, Mr. Reddiar said: "I want you to realise the real situation in the rural parts and arrange to send sufficient supplies forthwith or admit that it is not possible for the Government to supply to the rural people".

Several retail shops in Tindivanam Taluk in South Arcot District, he said, were not supplied with rice for the week ended 9-9-1950, or were supplied very small quantities.

"Today is the fourth day of the current week and four days have passed without rations. Three ounces of rice is supplied for one day for the current week and that too not for all", he stated.

"What justification is there to deny rice to the local people and insist on export of almost the entire quantity locally procured? I know you will be supplied with figures to contradict me. Please do not act on those figures, but go there, find out for yourself the real situation and do the needful".

200 DIED IN BIHAR OF HUNGER

J. P. Reiterates Claim

PATNA, Sept. 15. (PTI): Socialist leader, Jayaprakash Narayan, today reiterated his earlier claim that "at least 200 persons have died of starvation in famine and flood-affected areas of Bihar."

On the eve of his departure for Bombay, Mr. Narayan told the Press Trust of India that his report was based on a 15-day tour of affected areas. "The Government has persistently refused to recognise that there are famine conditions because, being in power, the Congress wants to avoid responsibility of such a declaration," he said.

Mr. Narayan gave figures of "hunger casualties", which totalled 46 in two villages of Purnea district alone. Farmers had been driven to mortgage or sell their lands in the areas, he said.

He urged cash relief to tenants, besides opening fair price shops in the famine-affected areas.

The Socialist leader attributed the shortages to successive failure of crops and Kosi floods. "Unless large-scale relief and health measures are adopted, the famine will claim a heavy toll of life", he said.

Mr. Narayan said tribes and scheduled classes were worst affected by the famine and were living on roots, snails and crabs. Government should form non-partisan committees to help relief officials in a fair distribution of relief, he said.

Mr. Narayan will shortly prepare a "fuller and detailed" report on the situation which, according to him, demanded a "military speed and efficiency".

WITHDRAW KASHMIR ISSUE FROM U. N.

Resolution For Nasik Congress

(From A Correspondent)

BANDA, Sept. 15: Mr. Mahabir-singh, Member of the All-India Congress Committee has sought the permission of the Congress President to move in the Subjects Committee a resolution to the effect that the Congress advises the Indian Union to withdraw the Kashmir case from the U.N., as that body has deliberately side-tracked the main issue of declaring Pakistan as the aggressor in the face of clear confession by Pakistan of having sent its forces in the Kashmir valley while it has acted so promptly in declaring North Korea as the aggressor".

Tritium Found In U.S. Waters

KEY EXPLOSIVE FOR H-BOMBS

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The discovery in ordinary water of tritium, the form of heavy hydrogen which is the key explosive for h-bombs was announced yesterday at the Research Institute of Temple University.

The tritium, now planned for American h-bombs, is to be made in atomic reactors yet to be built. A little has already been made in existing American reactors. Tritium, like the other forms of Hydrogen, is a colourless gas.

The reactor tritium is said to cost nearly 500 million dollars per pound today.

But water extraction at present appears to be both less productive and far more costly.

PRACTICAL USES

But there are two immediate practical uses for the water tritium. One is to discover the secret manufacture of h-bombs.

The other practical use is in oceanography to trace ocean currents right to the bottom of the sea. Surface waters contain more tritium than very deep water.

Tritium atoms are radio-active. A radio activity counter can pick up the presence of a dozen atoms, an incredibly small amount.

It shows that there are one to two thousand atoms of tritium in every drop of water, even from the kitchen tap.

Tritium is the triple weight form of hydrogen. There is a double weight forms, deuterium. H-bombs are to be made by a combination of these two. Ordinary hydrogen apparently will not be used for bombs.

Rival Congressmen For Nasik Session

PECULIAR SITUATION IN W. BENGAL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15 (PTI): Two rival groups of Congressmen—ten on each side—will go to Nasik to attend the open session of the Congress as delegates from West Bengal, it is learnt.

This situation is likely to develop as Mr. A. K. Ghosh, till lately Treasurer of the West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, in a statement today asked those delegates whose elections have been nullified by the representatives of the Congress Working Committee, to attend the Nasik Congress "and take such part in the work of the Congress organisation as is due to their position as delegates."

PRESIDENT'S NOTE

Quoting a telegram purported to have been sent by the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Mr. Ghosh says: "Those friends who have been unconstitutionally deprived of their rightful place by Prof. Asrani and Dr. H. C. Mookerji (representatives of the Congress Working Committee) have been reinstated by the Congress President."

The Executive Council of the newly-constituted West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, at its first meeting today, rescinded all resolutions passed by the out-going Executive Council on September 11.

One of the resolutions adopted by the previous Executive Council had alleged that the Congress elections in West Bengal had not been conducted "freely, fairly and according to the Rules." It had also accused the representatives of the Congress Working Committee as partisans in conductling the delegates' elections in West Bengal.

COMPLAINT AGAINST TARA SINGH

Presented In Court

KARNAL, Sept. 15 (PTI): The special public prosecutor, Mr. Har Pershad, today presented in the court of Mr. Manohar Lal Gupa, Special Magistrate the complaint and the challan against Akali leader Master Tara Singh, for a speech delivered by him in July last.

Master Tara Singh was not present in the court as it was not necessary under the rules nor was he represented by any counsel.

The accused will be produced on September 18 after the expiry of the remand. The Special Magistrate will hold his court in the local sub-jail.

LABOUR, MINUS POLITICS

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 15.

George Bernard Shaw is progressing well after his recent operation.

He has condemned capital levy and says that capital levy and general strike are delusions. "We must root out of Labour, politics," he says.

Shaw favours taxation of stock exchange profits. According to him, these 'are most unjustly exempt.'.

WESTERN EUROPEAN REARMAMENT

Plan For Co-ordinated Policy Discussed

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): The Foreign Ministers' Council of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation met today to discuss urgent plans to build up the defences of Western Europe against the threat of aggression.

The Foreign Ministers' Council met in the Waldorf Astoria Hotel, in the same suite where the Foreign Ministers of Britain, France and the United States spent three days co-ordinating the policies on Western defence and debating the possible German contribution in manpower and resources.

The overall objective of the Council session was to get more money, more men and more material for Western European rearmament.

The United States Secretary, Mr. Dean Acheson, presided at the formal opening of the session. He was officially terminating a year of office as the Chairman of the North Atlantic Council.

After opening the meeting he handed over the Chair to the Belgian Foreign Minister, M. Van Zeeland.

C-In-C In Shillong

SHILLONG Sept. 15 (PTI) General K.M. Cariappa C-in-C of the Indian Army arrived here this evening from Gauhati.

FOR NASIK

After 10 days' stay in Bombay Sardar Patel left for Nasik on Friday by the Punjab Mail.

TOUGH FIGHT ON STEEL LIKELY

Threat Of Political Crisis In Britain

(From Our Correspondent

LONDON, Sept. 15.

There is a possibility of the Labour Government's defeat on the steel nationalisation issue on Tuesday next. If this happens, Britain would be overtaken by a major political crisis. Mr. Attlee would, in that event, advise the King to dissolve Parliament, though the general election may be delayed until October.

SOCIALISTS' CHARGE

Socialists accuse the Tories of acting unwisely in precipitating a crisis during the present anxious international situation and at the same time they are unperturbed on the prospects of an early election. They are confiden tthat Labour would be returned to power as many electors would be disinclined to pay much attention to the Steel issue.

Whatever happens, Tuesday will give out an pre-election atmosphere.

INTERVENE IN THE STRIKE

Memorandum To Pandit Nehru

BOMBAY, Friday.

A 3,000-word memorandum, listing 23 "facts" regarding the month-old textile strike in the city was presented to the Prime Minister by Raja Kulkarni, General Secretary of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha, immediately after Pandit Nehru's arrival at the Santa Cruz airport today.

Pandit Nehru gave no reply to the memorandum.

The memorandum outlines the "facts" regarding the conditions of life and work of the 2,20,000 textile men in the city. Surveying the aspects, which finally "compelled the Sabha to issue a strike call", the memorandum urges the Prime Minister to take five measures to alleviate their grievances.

The five "requests" of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha are: the appointment of a Court of Enquiry with adequate labour representatives to assess the true state of the finances of the Bombay textile industry; to compell the millowners to open immediate negotiations with the trade union organisations of the Bombay textile workers, the Sabha; to set up a Committee of Enquiry, consisting of the Chief Justice of Bombay and two retired High Court judges, to go into the excesses of the executive; to promulgate an ordinance empowering trade union representatives to examine the books of accounts of the mills; and to release all those detained and convicted in connection with the strike.

All mills were closed in the city today, it being a public holiday for "Ganesh Chaturthi".

TWO DIE

Two persons who sustained bullet injuries on August 31 died yesterday in the K.E.M. Hospital thus bringing the death roll in the police firing to ten.

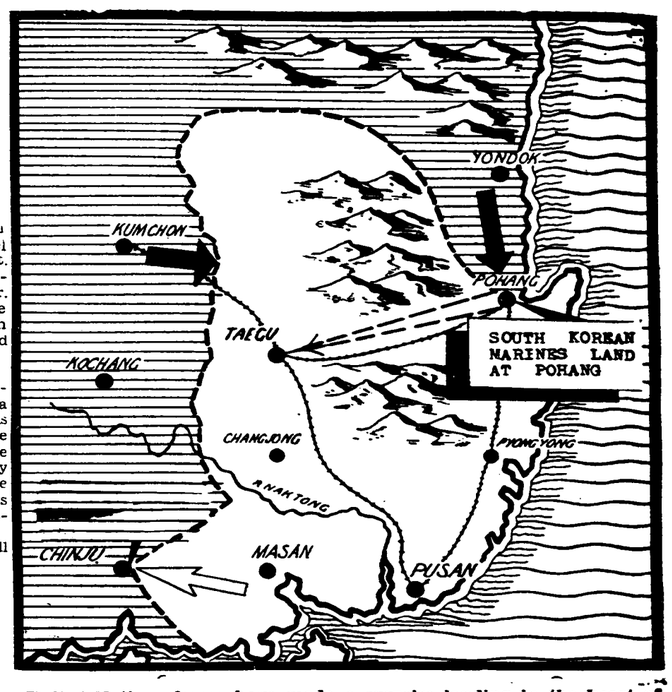
Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, the Socialist leader, who arrived by air this afternoon in Bombay, was received by the leaders of the Socialist Party at Santa Cruz airport. Mr. Narayan will tour the textile labour area from 9 a.m. to 12 noon on September 17. On the same day he will address a public meeting at Santa Cruz at 6 p.m. on the Municipal Maidan under the auspices of the Socialist Party.

The Mill Mazdooor Sabha announced late tonight that it will defy the Police Commissioner's ban on public meetings again tomorrow at 4-30 p.m. at the junction of Kalachowki and Ghorupdeo Road, near the India United Mills No. 4. This will be the fifteenth attempt to defy the ban.

Wholesale Prices Rise

NEW DELHI Sept. 15 (PTI) Wholesale prices, as measured by the official index with the year ended August 1939, as 100, witnessed a rise of 1.0 per cent to 409.2 in August 1950, compared with 405.2 July, 1950.

All the five groups constituting the general index viz., "food articles" industrial raw materials" "semi-manufactures" "manufactures" and "miscellaneous" moved up by 0.9 1.2, 0.5 and 2.6 per cent respectively to 426.5 513.1, 343.8 349.9 and 727.3, respectively.



United Nations forces have made a surprise landing in the heart of Communist-held South Korea, an d are, according to the latest reports, within ten miles of Seoul.

U.S. DISCOUNTED S. KOREAN WARNING OF INVASION FROM NORTH

U.N. Commission Annual Report

LAKE SUCCESS, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter).

THE United Nations Korean Commission said today that United States military advisers discounted advice from the South Koreans that an invasion from the North was imminent before June 25.

In its annual report to the General Assembly, the Commissoin disclosed that General Roberts, Chief of the United States Korean Military Advisory Group had disagreed with warnings given by Captain Sihn Sung Mo, Korean Republic Defence Minister, on May 10 that there was "imminent danger of invasion from the North".

In February, the Chief of Staff of the Republic informed the Commission that the North Korean possessed "more powerful and more numerous artillery weapons" than the Republican (Southern) Army. These increases, according to the Korean Republic official, were due to a "growing volume of aid from the Soviet Union'

DISAGREED

General Roberts, however, disagreed with the South Korean estimates, and considered the approximate strength of the Republic's army as 100.000—"at least equal to if not superior to "the North Korea Army, the report said. On May 10 Captain Sihn reported that the North Korean Army had grown to 183,000 men, supported by large numbers of tanks and naval vessels.

According to the Commission's report, after a meeting with South Korean military officials, two officers from General Roberts staff were heard.

The Americans, according to the United Nations report, "did not, however, agree on the imminence of any danger, and again expressed confidence in the ability of the army of the Republic to handle the forces of the Northern regime in case of attack."

Red Aggression In China

CHIANG CALLS HIS MEN IN U.S. TO FIGHT

TAIPEH (Formosa), Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek, Chinese Nationalist President, today asked Chinese in North and South America to help defeat the Communist "puppet Government at Peking.

In shrtwave broadcast beamed to the Americas from radio Taiwan here, Chiang accused Russia of "whosale aggression in China".

He said the Peking Government was "a puppet created by the Soviet imperialism solely by brute force and not by the free will of the people.

"We are now engaged in a hard fight against the Soviet Russia and the traitorous Chinese Communists, to win freedom and independence", the Nationalist President said.

"During the past year all the provinces on the mainland fell behind the Iron curtain, and hundreds of our people have been living under totalitarian aggression and Soviet servitude.

"Our overseas compatriots have once again found themselves in an unenviable position, subject to unequal treatment and discrimination in foreign countries. This is very painful to me. For our country it is the greatst humiliation".

Chiang Kai Shek concluded "Formosa today is not only our base for recovery but also vanguard for democracy in Asia and a strategic point for security Pacific regions".

ORISSA'S CAPITAL: Bhubaneshwar, Orissa's new capital is fast taking shape. The building of the new city has already cost Rs. 140 lakhs and the work that remains is expected to take another Rs. 85 lakhs

News BRIEFS

ENQUIRY CONCLUDED: The Estimates Committee of Parliament, after a ten-day session, concluded, Friday, its enquiry into the working of the Commerce Ministry.

MORE SUGAR: The Central Industrial Rehabilitation Board will allocate certain quantities of sugar to the confectionery trade in West Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Assam and Tripura to increase production and thus create opportunities of employment for East Bengal refugees.

U N. FELLOWSHIP: India is sending 16 persons, including eight women, under the United Nations Social Welfare Fellowship for 1950, for a three-to-six months' training in social services in the United Kingdom.

BINDU RETURNS: Mr. Digambarrao Bindu, President of the Hyderabad State Congress, returned to Hyderabad, Friday, after meeting Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, in Bombay.

MIGRANTS' MOVEMENTS: During the past 24 hours 5,449 Hindus and 2,799 Muslims arrived into West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 4,250 Hindus and 2,344 Muslims left. By air, 45 Hindus and 69 Muslims arrived and 33 Hindus and 61 Muslims left.

FINGERPRINTS IN THE SANDS OF MOSCOW

LONDON, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Mock fingerprints and photographs of Mr. Winston Churchill, Secretary of State Dean Acheson, Mr. John Foster Dulles, and General Douglas MacArthur as "war criminals" were printed today by the Soviet atirical weekly "Crocodile".

The paper published a mock "aide memoire" for a future world tribunal described as having been drawn up upon the evidence of millions of 'peace partisans'.

2 British Soldiers Killed

SINGAPORE, Sept. 15 (PTI-Reuter): Guerillas killed two British soldiers when the jeep in which they were travelling was ambushed in Perak State yesterday. A Chinese was killed near Kuala Lumpur when a European planter's bungalow was machine-gunned last night. The planter was uninjured.

Another gang in Selangor last night killed a passenger when they fired upon two buses within nine miles of Kuala Lumpur.

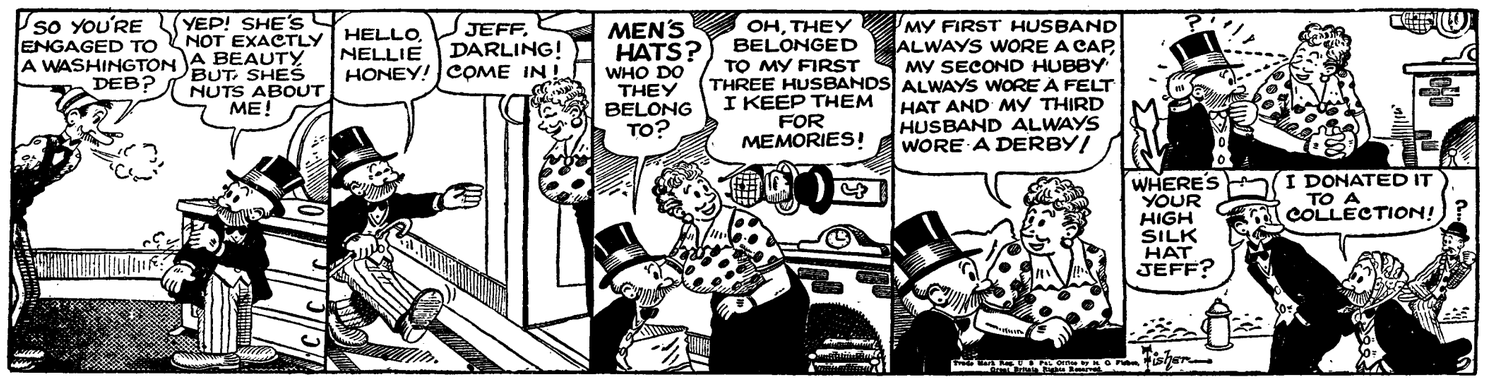
It was announced here yesterday that 30,000 shotguns had been ordered to arm a Malayan home guard.

Boiler Regulations

NEW DELHI, Sept. 15 (PTI): The Indian Boiler Regulations (1950) coming into force with immediate effect, provide for the independent registration of economisegs and their satisfactory inspection and safe operation.

Other changes include the addition of a new chapter relating to fusion welded and seamless forged drums for water tube boilers and superheaters.

MUTT AND JEFF— Maybe Jeff's Bump Of Knowledge Is A Dent — By BUD FISHER


SO YOU'RE ENGAGED TO A WASHINGTON DEB?
YEP! SHE'S NOT EXACTLY A BEAUTY BUT SHE'S NUTS ABOUT ME!
HELLO, NELLIE HONEY!
JEFF, DARLING! COME IN!
MEN'S HATS? WHO DO THEY BELONG TO?
OH, THEY BELONGED TO MY FIRST THREE HUSBANDS I KEEP THEM FOR MEMORIES!
MY FIRST HUSBAND ALWAYS WORE A CAP, MY SECOND HUBBY ALWAYS WORE A FELT HAT AND MY THIRD HUSBAND ALWAYS WORE A DERBY!
WHERE'S YOUR HIGH SILK HAT JEFF?
I DONATED IT TO A COLLECTION!
Fisher

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